جوردان تايمر يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الْأَرْدَنية ،الراي،

Clinton briefs Rabin on Haiti

TEL AVIV (R) — U.S. President Bill Clinton briefed Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin by telephone on Thursday night on U.S. plans to invade Haiti. Israeli newspapers reported Friday. The reports in the Haaretz and Yedioth Ahronoth dailies on The reports in the Haaretz and Yedioth Ahronoth dailies on Friday could not be immediately confirmed with Mr. Rabin's spokesman. "According to preliminary information that reached Jerusalem last night, the U.S. intention was to take action in Haiti today (Friday), "Yedioth said. Haaretz quoted unidentified Israeli sources as saying Mr. Clinton called Mr. Rabin as part of a series of telephone conversations with U.S. allies before a Haiti operation. Yedioth said Mr. Rabin expressed support for the U.S. plans along with his hope there would be no American casualties. The White House said on Thursday its patience was "wearing thin" on Haiti and that only by stepping down would Haitian military leaders head off a U.S.-led invasion.

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

CPJ

urges

Arafat

to release

journalist

By Cathy King

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The arrest of

a Palestinian journalist in

Gaza Tuesday has aroused

greater fears of the restric-

peding the freedom of the

press in Gaza and the West

The Committee to Pro-

tect Journalists (CPJ) has

written to Yasser Arafat.

the chairman of the Pales-

tine National Authority

(PNA), expressing its

alarm requesting reasons

for the arrest of Moham-

mad Al Ejla, a part-time

correspondent for the A7a-

bic daily newspaper An

The CPJ has urged Mr.

Arafat to secure Mr. Al

Ejla's immediate release

unless he is charged with

an offence deemed criminal by international stan-

Mr. Al Ejla, a resident of

Gaza City and a student at

the Faculty of Journalism

of the Islamic University in

Gaza, is currently being

held at Gaza central prison.

the CPJ quoted Gazan journalists as saying.

The arrest came as part

of a crackdown on Islamic

Jihad sympathisers who are

opposed to the agreement

between the Palestine Li-

beration Organisation (PLO) and Israel, CPJ

tions that seems to be im-

Volume 18 Number 5710

lan in per

AMMAN SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, RABI' ALAKHER 4, 1415

Syria rejects Israeli plan:

Rabin's proposal for phased withdrawal splits Israeli Labour

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's offer to Syria of a "marginal" withdrawal from the Golan Heights over three years divided his ruling

Labour Party on Friday. Eight Labour Party 'hawks" led by MP Avigdor Kahalani launched a counterattack against any concessions on the strategic plateau captured in the 1967 Middle

"This is a question of life or death for the security of the country and it can only be decided by a large majority (of the people)," Mr. Kaha-

The eight MPs were drawing up a parliamentary bill requiring a 70 per cent majority in the house and a 65 per cent majority in a national referendum before Israel hands back the Golan.

Mr. Rabin has pledged to hold a referendum if agreement is reached with Syria to return a sizeable area of the plateau in exchange for

The Israeli offer was rejected Thursday by Syria's Foreign Minister Farouk Al

ternational donors' meeting

on aid to the Palestinians was

abandoned on Friday after

differences over aid projects

in Arab East Jerusalem could

not be resolved, delegates

"The meeting has been

postponed, no new date has

been set," a European dele-

gate said after waiting hours

while World Bank, Israeli

and Palestinian officials

argued behind closed doors.

inclusion of Palestinian con-

struction projects in Jeru-

salem in a development plan

to be backed by international

Palestinian officials also

said there were disagree-

ments with the donors over

the funding of the Palestinian

police in the Gaza Strip and

Jericho, and the running

costs of the new Palestinian

The meeting had been due

to review a Palestinian budget adopted last Saturday

and pledge more aid to help Palestinian self-rule.

The setback came exactly a

year after Israeli and PLO

authority.

The Israelis objected to the

10000

•v:c* 35

a 5

Sharaa, the Dutch news

agency ANP reported. Reacting to Mr. Rabin's suggestion, Mr. Sharaa said: "It took two years for Israel to pull out of the Sinai desert (in Egypt), which is a lot more spread out.

When it comes to Syria, Israel should leave the Golan within a month," Mr. Sharaa said after a meeting with Dutch Premier Win Kok. "Syria is ready for compre-

hensive peace in return for a total withdrawal," Mr. Shar-

Mr. Sharaa reiterated that Syria's second pre-condition for a settlement was an Israeli withdrawal from southern Lebanon, where it maintains a buffer zone to protect settlements in northern Israel from attack by Islamic fundamentalist guerrillas from

The Israeli prime minister has a slim majority in parliament of 61 of the 120 seats. Eli Dayan, chairman of the parliamentary Labour Party,

rejected the bill. This proposal is unacceptable in a democratic country where the government has

PARIS (Agencies) - An in- negotiators, meeting secretly After several hours of

in Paris, completed a water-

shed agreement on mutual

recognition between the Jew-

Savir, director-general of the, Israeli foreign ministry, was

to hold a news conference at

the World Bank offices in

Paris Friday afternoon, an

had said that a preparatory

technical meeting of dele-

gates of the consultative

group which should have

taken place Thursday did not

and bilateral talks were held

instead. The consultative

group consists of more than

30 delegations of donors to

The postponed meeting

the West Bank and Gaza.

had been organised at the

request of the Palestinian

Authority, which was to be

represented at the meeting by

Nabil Shaath, minister of

planning and international

economic cooperation, and Farouk Kaddoumi, head of

the PLO's foreign affairs de-

partment and responsible for

the Palestinian Economic

Construction and Develop-

ment Agency.

Earlier, the World Bank

Israeli spokesman said.

Israel delegation head Uri

ish state and the PLO.

Donor meeting abandoned

after Israel-PLO dispute

date to negotiate.'

Mr. Dayan said he would impose a whip if it came to a vote in parliament to defeat

The right-wing opposition backed by the Labour "hawks" called an extraordinary Knesset session for Tuesday to debate the Golan pullout.

Police Minister Moshe Shahal also opposed Mr.

"The people will decide by referendum, but not before we have a detailed peace proposal," Mr. Shahal said. Mr. Rabin told his cabinet

on Thursday he had accepted the principle of what he called a "marginal" withdrawal on the Golan over three He made the statement af-

ter settlers charged that he had already agreed to a total withdrawal and to evacuate the Jewish town and villages

Mr. Rabin said none of the 31 Jewish settlements on the plateau would be removed

(Continued on page 7)

negotiations between Mr.

Shaath, Mr. Savir and World

Bank Vice-President Caio

Koch-Weser, a compromise

was proposed under which

Jerusalem would effectively

be excluded, diplomats said,

arrival at the bank office on

accord, would hand a letter

to all delegations stating that

the activities of the consulta-

tive group for the West Bank

from a five-year interim

the final status of the territor-

in the forum," the Israeli

soever.

But Mr. Shaath said on



CROWDED GRAVEYARDS: A Thai woman of Chinese origin sets skulls in the sun to dry on Friday in a Bangkok cemetery in an annual ritual prior to the Chinese lunar

Because the cemetery has limited space, the remains of people buried in temporary graves are dug up, dried and burned in a mass cremation each year to make

Abortion, sexual rights dog talks at Cairo conference

CAIRO (R) — Abortion and sexual rights left a U.N. Population Conference spinning its wheels to disagreement for the fifth straight day of Friday.

As a translation hitch held up a showdown between liberals and some Catholic countries over a text on abortion, controversy raged over the correct interpretation of sexual and reproductive

Haggling between liberals and Vatican-led religious conservatives over whether abortion could ever be considered safe or legal has cast a shadow over the conference. called to limit growth in the world's population over the

next 20 years. Friday morning: "I don't see While discussion on the any agreement coming... I main paragraph of the text see so far no progress whatreferring to abortion went on hold, controversy over the An Israeli official said Norpractice also dogged discusway, which brokered last sion on another part of the year's landmark peace

113-page document. That controversy revolves around whether the term 'sexual and reproductive rights" could include a right

and Gaza would be conto abortion. ducted according to the "There is a possibility that Israeli-Palestinian declara-(such language) could be tion of principles and the used to suggest the existence May Cairo agreement on the of a possible right to abortion terms for Palestinian selfof misunderstood in that sense," Monsignor Diarmuid This excluded Jerusalem Martin, a senior Vatican delegate, told the conference. Father Martin suggested a small drafting committee re-viewing the language "remove the ambiguity as much as possible" or "affirm that there is nothing in this programme of action that can be construed as establishing a

right to abortion." The Vatican feels that if the document even indirectly established an international right to abortion, countries where it is still banned might feel under pressure to permit

Another unresolved point is whether the final document should say "couples and individuals" have a right to re-productive health or whether should just mention cou-

A number of Islamic countries, including Egypt, Libya and several African Muslim nations, said they wanted only "couples".
"This (incuding indi-

viduals) would cause problems in our societies, which are Islamic societies," the Libyan delegate told the conference.

"Muslim critics of the conference think the word "individuals" implicitly condones homosexuality and other forms of sex they consider immoral. The Vatican has said it has

ISLAMABAD (Agencies) — Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati said Friday

that Muslims had had "enough" of the deadlocked

did not say whether Iran in-

tended to supply arms to the

Muslims had to tell the

world that "enough is

enough. We cannot tolerate

more of the deadlock in the

peace process in Bosnia," he

told journalists at the Orga-

nisation of the Islamic Con-

ference foreign ministers'

He described as "very im-

portant" the OIC resolution urging its 51 members to

supply "individually or col-

lectively" the means for Bos-

nian Muslims to defend themselves if the internation-

al arms embargo on the coun-

He was then asked whether

Iran would send arms to Bos-

nia. Mr. Velayati said Iran

would respect UN Security

Council resolutions and

would not violate interna-

On the dispute between

India and Pakistan over

try were not lifted.

tional law.

Bosnians.

meeting here.

on individual rights but wants it made clear that another part of the document which refers to "other unions" should not be seen as a reference to homosexuals.

"Ideally, parents should be a man and a woman brought together by love in marriage and committed to support one another and their children," Vatican spokesman Joaquin Navarro-Valls said.

Zimbabwe and India said the document must guarantee sexual and reproductive rights to individuals and not only couples in order to protect women from having little or no say in traditional mar-

The right of individuals is just as much about saying no as it is about saying yes." the Zimbabwean delegate

In a barb directed at the Vatican delegate, the Zim-babwean added: "If (reproduction) rights were excluded it would remove the right of people to remain celibate and don't think the Holy See would be very happy about

Monsignor Martin later responded. "As a celibate... I feel a

Velayati: Muslims have had

enough of Bosnian deadlock

little bit discriminated against (Continued on page 2)

Abortion compromise reached

CAIRO (AFP) — A compromise has been widely accepted in the abortion controversy which has held up the U.N. population conference, delegates said.

A new compromise to be inserted in the draft action plan — aimed at curbing world birth rates -- was widely accepted although the Vatican and other states like Malta and Ecuador still have reservations, delegates said.

"I think 8.25 is over at this point," according to Timothy Wirth, U.S. undersecretary of state for global affairs at the U.S. State Department, referring to the controversial

abortion paragraph.

He added he thought the conference would end with a respectful agreement."

The Vatican said it welcomed much of the proposal on the disputed paragraph on abortion and that this "position constitutes a substantial but not complete identification with the text of the para-

(Continued on page 2)

elections," said Mr. Velayati,

who is in Pakistan for a meet-

ing of the foreign ministers of the 50-nation Organisation of

An Nahar newspaper, which was founded in 1986 by Issam Anani and is based in East Jerusalem, reappeared last week after 36-day ban enforced by the PNA, but without Mr. Mr. Anani and news reports from Jerusalem said An Nahar's reappearance was conditional on the newspaper's adoption of

the PLO's official political stance and the attainment of a PNA publishing li-The CPJ, in a letter addressed to Mr. Arafat. said it has alarmed by the

suspension of An Nahar and the subsequent closure of the weekly Akhbar Al Balad, also based in East Jerusalem, which has yet to The CPJ said in its letter.

a copy of which was faxed to the Jordan Times, that prior to the arrest of Mr. Al Eila it had felt some relief at the resurrection of An Nahar and the granting of PNA licences to two new newspapers to be established in Gaza. The New York-based CPJ said it feared that this latest event and PNA insistence that newspapers toe the official line were corroding freedom of the press.

Police Police free 44 of Gaza detainees

GAZA CITY, Gaza Strip (AFP) — Palestinian police freed Friday 44 opponents of PLO self-rule who were arrested in a crackdown after the murder of an Israeli soldier, the authorities said.

Police released 34 supporters of the Islamic Jihad and 10 men from the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine.

ten pledge to obey the law before being released.

That left a dozen suspects in jail following Sunday's mur-der of an Israeli soldier by Islamic Jihad. The Jihad, which has

vowed to pursue the armed struggle against Israel, said more than 50 of its men had been detained during the

France proposes probation period for Baghdad

PARIS (R) — France wants the United Nations to place Baghdad on probation and decide after six months whether to lift the embargo on oil exports imposed after Iraq's 1990 invasion of Kuwait, an official said on

Friday. Foreign Minister Alain Suppe proposed the plan to U.N. Iraq expert Rolph Ekens during a meeting in the French capital on Thurs-day evening, ministry spokesman Richard Duque told re-

We want a date to be fixed for the start of a prob-ationary period which should not exceed six months, at the end of which the Security Council should decide what should be done based on any progress that has been recorded," Mr. Duque quoted

Mr. Juppe as telling Mr.

Mr. Ekeus heads the special U.N. commission charged with establishing a long-term system of controls on Iraqi arms.

Iraq has been lobbying hard to gain support from the international community for the removal of crippling U.N. sanctions which prevent Baghdad from resuming vital all exports and normal trade.

Mr. Duque, speaking to reporters during a regular ministry briefing, said the proposal would not affect lraq's obligations to adhere to all applicable U.N. resolutions, including the one requiring it to recognise the sovereignty of Kuwait.

Ministry officials said the proposal stems from U.N. resolutions themselves.

period of self-rule, leaving U.S.,Cuba the issue for negotiations on ies. "Anything involving agree on Jerusalem will not be handled refugees

NEW ORLEANS (Agencies) — The United States and Cuba Friday reached agreement aimed at resolving the flight of Cuban boat people, the White House said.

Earlier reports quoted State Department spokesman Mike McCurry as saying the United States was satisfied that many of its aims had been met.

His remarks came after a three hour meeting between U.S. and Cuban negotiators over the question of Cuban refugees fleeing their country for the United States.

"The United States is satisfied that many of our goals have been met at this discussion today," said Mr. McCur-

He added that there would be a news conference at 3 p.m. (2000 GMT) but did not confirm a final agreement had been reached.

Cuban negotiator Ricardo Alarcon said before leaving Havana Thursday he was confident the two sides would reach an agreement soon but cited ongoing differences when he arrived at the U.S. mission Friday.

mained cautious, saying Iran would not interfere in any country's internal affairs. "If both parties are not

ready to talk together nobody Bosnian peace process but from outside can solve the problem," he added.
On Afghanistan, where rival Mujahedeen factions

had been fighting since the communist regime was over-thrown in 1992, Velayati suggested that "proximity talks" might be organised in view of the UN 's admitted failure to get a peace process established.

"More diluted talks" be-tween faction leaders could be coordinated through the OIC's secretary-general Hamid Halgabid, and could take place either in Iran or Pakistan. The talks would not undermine continuing UN efforts, he said.

Mr. Velayati told reporters that in Tajikistan, Iran is asking the Muslim opposition there to participate in elections, negotiate with the pro-Moscow government in Dushambe and eventually agree to a ceasefire. "The opposition should be

Private can company finalises largest syndicated loan facility

Middle East Can Com-pany, a joint venture beteen the Shaheen Business and Investment Group, Amman, Crown Cork & Seal Co. Inc. Philadelphia. USA, Ahmad Hamad Algosaibi & Bros. Co., Dammam, Saudi Arabia, and other Jordanian shareholders, finalised a credit facility for its beverage can making plant at Sahab In-dustrial Estate. The loan syndicated among four Jordanian banks, led by Arab Bank & Citibank, was signed in Amman on the 8th of September at a ceremony held at the Arab

Bank headquarters. The facility for a total of JD 15 million is believed to be one of the largest syndicated loans ever granted to the Jordanian sector. The plant site for MECMCo is 45,000 square metres and construction started on the 12,000 square metre plant in April of this year. The plant will produce 600 million beverage cans per year and will service the needs of the Jordanian soft drinks companies as well as those in neighbouring countries. Commercial production will commence in April

PLO prepares for elections

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - The Palestinian authority, frustrated by what it views as Israeli efforts to delay elections, has begun unilateral preparations for a poll in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, a senior official has said.

Saeb Erekat, an authority member in charge of local government, said PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat had ordered the opening of election offices in the Palestinian areas, including Arab East

"We have orders to open the offices immediately. We have started looking for offices to register voters, issue voting cards and supervise ballot boxes throughout the West Bank and Gaza

Strip," Dr. Erekat said. The step appeared to be an attempt to pressure Israeli leaders to speed up talks over elections and was likely to ang. 'erael, which still re-tains full control over the West Bank except for the

town of Jericho.

A spoke man for Major-General Dan oth-schild, Israel's chief negotiator on the issue, said nego-tiations with the PLO on

extremist Jewish settlers, in-

cluding a rabbi and an army

officer, have been arrested

on suspicion of murdering at least five Palestinians, police

The arrests began a week ago with Lieutenant Oren Edry, 23, who allegedly sup-

plied arms to the clandestine

network, followed by five

other men from the hardline

settlement of Kiryat Arba or

the nearby town of Hebron.

Eliashiv Keller, 23, appeared

in court at Haifa on Friday

and were remanded in cus-

tody for 10 days. Mr. Edry's laywer Tzion

By Diana Elias

The Associated Press

KUWAIT - Two news-

papers broke a longstand-

ing taboo in this male-

dominated society by pub-

hicly declaring Thursday that women who have sex

out of wedlock should be

treated no more harshly

than men who do the same.

Arab Times and its Arabic

sister publication, Al Siyas-

sah, described in detail the

sufferings of women who

break the strict code of con-

been blazing a trail recently

in Muslim Kuwait, pub-

lishing articles on social

issues rarely discussed

Thursday's front-page re-ports were the first in the

emirate to bluntly tackle

the thorny moral issues of

adultery and sex before

marriage among Muslim

time of growing pressure from Islamic fundamental-

ists who are trying to intro-

duce religious law here as in

They concide with the

U.N. Conference on

Population and Develop-

ment in Cairo, Egypt,

which has angered the Isla-

mic World with appeals to

expand birth control and

many Muslim nations.

The reports come at a

openly in Gulf societies.

The newspapers have

The English-language

Rabbi Ido Elba, 30 and

said Friday.

before offices can open.

"We will not allow the opening of the offices and we will not pass them population registry lists because everything must be in its own time... first both sides have to sit and we have to do things gradually," she said.

In their broad peace agreement signed in Washington last September, Israel and the PLO agreed to organise elections for Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, including Arab East Jerusalem, to choose a council that would run the Palesti-

nian territories. Under the accord, the two sides must negotiate a deal on the system of elections, rules and regulations regarding the election campaign and the mode of the agreed supervision and international observation of the balloting.

Dr. Erekat said the Palestinian authority wanted elections to be held "as soon as possible."

The peace accord original-ly set July as the date for general elections. But delays in implementing the first phase of the deal - launching self-rule in Gaza and

security service suspected the group of the cold-blooded

murders of three Palestinians in a village outside Hebron last December, of a Palestinian near Kiryat Arba six months ago and of an Arab taxi driver in July.

Mr. Amir, who met his

client on Thursday for the first time, accused the Shin

Beth of "mistreating" Mr.

Kiryat Arba was home to Baruch Goldstein, the settler

who massacred more than 29

Muslims in the Hebron mos-

Kuwait dailies break taboo,

report mistreatment of women

Al Siyassah managing

editor Shawkat Hakim said

the newspaper wanted "to

show that there are points

that are dominating other

The reports were based

on an interview with

Western-trained sociologist

Haya Al Mughni, who cal-

led it "horrendous" how

"the system here is hurting

Women in Kuwait have

more rights than many in

surrounding Arab Muslim

countries: They can work,

drive a car and travel with-

out permission from a hus-

is taboo and most marriages

are arranged by family or matchmakers. Those who

don't obey face as much as

three years in jail and a future as a social outcast.

Married women face five

brought in for questioning.

two weeks, forced to ex-

pose every detail of their

private lives... while men

get away with it," Ms. Al Mughni said.

they go to court, where a

judge may let a first-time offender off — if her lover

promises to marry her or

male family members

A prosecutor decides if

First offenders are

"They're incarcerated for

But sex before marriage

publications."

these women.'

band or father.

vears in iail.

que on Feb. 25.

6 suspected settlers arrested

TEL AVIV (AFP) — Six Amir said the Shin Beth

election must be concluded Jericho - postponed the

Dr. Erekat said Israel was refusing to hand over population registries for Palestinians in the West Bank still under Israeli occupation and had prevented Palestinians from

conducting a census.

Dr. Erekat said he submitted five papers in August to Israeli negotiators on elections but had not received a

reply.
"In my opinion they are not only stalling, but also obstructing our efforts to hold elections," Dr. Erekat

He said Israel may be trying to delay elections be-cause it does not want to honour the agreement to allow East Jerusalem Palestinians to participate or out of unwillingness to redeploy troops outside population centres in the West Bank.

The Palestinian authority has signed agreement with the European Union to help finance and train Palestinian staff to conduct the elections.

On Wednesday, Dr. Ere-kat met Mr. Arafat in Gaza and discussed with him the draft law and regulations for

years in the anti-Arab Kach movement which was out-lawed on Mar. 13 after its

leaders praised the mosque

Only Baruch Marzel, the

Kach chief, as the only one of a dozen extremists arrested in

a crackdown who remains in

A Jewish underground

group carried out a series of

attacks on Palestinians in the

early 80's before being unco-

vered in 1984. The group

bombed Palestinian town

halls, killed three Palestinian

students in Hebron and plot-

ted to destroy the Al Aqsa

mosque in East Jerusalem.

pledge not to let it happen

again.

If the woman is pregnant

she first goes to a govern-

ment hospital ward where

mothers until she gives

birth. She usually is not

allowed to keep the baby,

which goes to an orphan-

age. Ms. Al Mughni described

the ward as a prison where

women are kept under lock

and key and denied visitors.

The sociologist, who was educated in Europe, said

the women she interviewed.

most ages 18 to 30, were

shown no compassion.

They refuse to eat, cry fre-

quentiy and uncontrollably

and are unable to sleep, she

induce fear both to punish

and prevent recurrence, she

Fundamentalists enjoy

wide support among

Kuwaitis and hold 19 of the

50 seats in the parliament elected in October 1992.

They have gained popular-ity in the aftermath of the

Gulf war with people taking

more refuge than usual in

religion.
Some of these lawmakers

col, 'der women , waitresses

in restaurants and even

doormen at girl's schools

threats to Islamic tenets and

the morals of the young.

The job of the staff is to



OLD HANDS: American actor Kirk Douglas visits Jerusalem to inspect playgrounds for and his wife Anna in the Old City of Jerusalem Jewish and Palestinian children that have been Friday. Douglas, who is Jewish American, built from his donations (AFP photo)

Cairo conference

(Continued from page 1) because I have the right to decide on the number of my children — zero — and the timing — never."

Attention at the conference has been focused on the one paragraph whose discussion was delayed by French translation difficulties.

A small working group, trying to appease Vatican objections without threatening the fragile consensus among the great majority of delegates, submitted the new abortion text on Thursday and the organisers asked de-legates to sleep on it.

The working group tried to answer the Vatican by inserting a footnote defining unsafe abortion as "a procedure for abortion as "a procedure for terminating an unwanted pre-gnancy either by persons lacking the necessary skills or in an environment lacking the minimal medical standards or

The Vatican argues that abortion can never be safe, especially for the unborn

The new text changes "circumstances in which abortion is legal" to "circumstances in which abortion is not against the law" — apparently to avoid giving the impression that abortion should be legal.

The paragraph as a whole be a method of family planning, that unsafe abortion is a major public health concern and that women who have complications from abortion should receive quality health

Compromise reached

(Continued from page 1) It said in a statement it witholds its assent" until other areas of the action plan where abortion is also mentioned are dealt with.

The Vatican has led a campaign against the 116-page action plan, charging that parts of it condone abortion. extra-marital sex and

nomosexuality. Islamic states, which had supported the Vatican in the abortion debate when the conference began Monday, agreed to an earlier compromise which was rejected by the Vatican and its allies in Central America and Malta.

Vatican spokesman Joaquin Navarro told AFP "This text is more positive. It has become clearer. The legal formulation is clearer. There is less ambiguity than before, but that doesn't mean we are going to approve."

NEWS IN BRIEF

U.S. helicopter crashes into Gulf

DUBAI (AFP) - A U.S. navy helicopter crashed into the Gulf on Friday but its five crew members were rescued, the U.S. navy Central Command for the Gulf said in a statement received here. The SH-3H Sea King helicopter plunged into the sea after taking off from the George Washington aircraft carrier which was operating in the region, the statement said. The five crew members were plucked out of the sea by another U.S. helicopter and taken back to the George Washington. An enquiry has been launched into the cause of the accident, the statement

Iran holds war games in Gulf

TEHRAN (AFP) - Iran's Revolutionary Guards and the regular army will begin manoeuvres in the northern Gulf on Sunday, the offficial news agency IRNA said Friday. The five-day exercise, code-named "Kheibar-73", will be held near the oil-rich Khark Island and aims to "provide training and create coordination" between the two forces. It involves naval and air exercises by both forces, including the use of speed boats, F-14 bombers, ships and attack helicopters, IRNA said. Khark, in the northern Gulf, is Iran's main oil terminal which was extensively damaged during the 1980-1988 Iran-Iraq war. Iranian forces have held nearly 40 manoeuvres in the Gulf and the Oman Sea this year, according to military officials.

Thai princess tours Israel

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AFP) — Thai princess Chulabhorn Mahidol began an official five-day visit to Israel on Friday accompanied by a 20-strong entourage. She will have dinner with Foreign Minister Shimon Peres on Sunday and lunch with President Ezer Weizman the following day. The princess, a professor of organic chemistry, heads a research institute and will sign an academic cooperation accord with Vulcani institute for Agriculture near Tel Aviv. Her programme includes tours of Jerusalem and throughout Israel. She was due to meet Thair trainees on agricultural cooperation courses at a collective called Kfar Haim in the north on Friday.

Peres, Arafat to attend concert in Oslo

OSLO (AFP) - Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat will attend a peace concert in Oslo Tuesday, the Norwegian Foreign Ministry confirmed Friday. The two leaders will attend the "Shalom-Salaam" concert, hosted by the city of Oslo and the UNESCO, on the first anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Principles on Sept. 13. Mr. Peres and Mr. Arafat are expected to hold bilateral talks, in addition to talks with Norwegian Foreign Minister Bjoern Tore Godal, according to Foreign Ministry spokesman Ingvar Havnen. The concert, which will include performances by Finnish singer Arja Saijomaa, conductor Zubin Mehta, French singer Juliette Greco, the French group Gypsy Kings and American entertainer Harry Belafonte, will be in memory of the late Norwegian Foreign Minister Johan Joergen Holst, one of the main architects behind the Oslo accords.

Algerians find policeman's pistol

ALGIERS (AFP) — The Algerian security services said Friday that police have killed nine armed Islamic fundamentalists in clashes in Algiers and recovered a weapon stolen when five Frenchmen were killed in the city in August. The security sources said the fundamentalists, who were killed Wednesday, belonged to the GIA (Armed Islamic Group), the most hardline of Algeria's fundamentalist groups. The sources gave no details on the circumstances in which the men were killed in Saouayah, near Saoula in the southern suburbs of Algiers. An automatic pistol stolen from one of the three French military policemen and two consular officials used in Aug. 3 in an attack at the Ain Allah housing complex in Algiers was among the weapons found by police, the security forces

Memorable quotes

CAIRO (R) -- Here are some of the more memorable remarks by people attending the U.N. International Conference on Population and Develop-

"One minute we enjoy sucking from the breast of a woman, the next minute we push them into the kitchen" - Zambian Vice President Brigadier-General G. Miyanda.

☆ ☆ ☆

"We feel very sad for some people who don't have a chance to be happy in life" — Sat Nam Khalsa, a spiritual healer.

* * * *

"Nothing could be more interesting than being with my husband full-time" --American actress Jane Fon-

"I'm poped out" — stick-ers from Catholics for a Free Choice.

* * * .

***** * * "Between the devil and the Holy See" — title of a seminar on reproductive rights in Ireland.

4 4 4

"Our people, our chil-dren are innocent. They have the innocence of children, they don't know what sex is so they don't indulge in something they don't know about" — Pakistani Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto.

* * *

"Men have sex with men and women with women... definitely there will be re-

duction in births after these traditions are enforced" - Muslim cleric Sheikh Mohammad Ali Ghazali.

"Nothing to do with what goes on red-light districts.
We don't accept that" —
Egyptian Population Minister Maher Mahran, asked what Egypt meant by "nor-

 $\star \star \star$

"Men and women are like two wings on one bird. with two wings they can fly" - Baha'i activist Elizabeth Bowen.

* * *

"I wouldn't blame the men of this country and the world if they became homosexual because what we are hearing is not femininity" — pro-life activist Marie Kirrane.

* * *

"It's like swimming through treacle... even to reach agreement on simple points can take hours and hours" - Nicolas Biegman, vice chairman of the main drafting committee.

 $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow$

"They are doing good business. It's like privatising the pyramids" — a Mexican news agency cor-respondent on high prices at the Cairo conference centre.

"This document is not for the Swiss guards but for all humanity" — Vatican spokesman Joaquin

Hizbollah denies link to Argentina bombing

BEIRUT, Lebanon (AP) — The Iranian-backed Hizbollah on Friday denied U.S. charges that the group may have been responsible for bombings that killed 116 people in Argentina, Panama and Britain in July.

Hizbollah's denial, which was published in Beirut newspapers, was in response to-remarks by Philip Wilcox Jr., the U.S. State Department's coordinator for counter-terrorism.

"There is a growing body of evidence that these criminal acts were carried out by Hizbollah terrorists," Mr. Wilcox told a news conference in Buenos Aires on

He was referring to the July 18 bombing of a Jew J community centre in the Argentine ... capital that killer. 95 people, an explosion of a Panamanian jetliner the nex-day that killed 21 people mostly Jewish businessmen and anti-Israeli bombings a London a week later in which

"Despite our frequent de nials, the United States is systematically trying to frame Hizbollah with these bomb ings in order to stop on resistance against Israel' occupation of South Leba non." Hizbollah's statemen

Palestinian demonstrators demand prisoners released

JERICHO, West Bank (AFP) — Several hundred Palestinians demonstrated in the self-rule enclave of Jericho on Friday demanding that Israel release all Palestinian prisoners, witnesses

said. Ex-prisoners confined to this West Bank town and relatives of the estimated 7,000 still in Israeli jails joined the peaceful protest.

Over the last four months,

more than 500 Palestinians among about 5,000 set free by Israel have been released on condition they spend the rest of their prison terms in Israel agreed to allow 40 to

leave Jericho this week and has promised to consider more cases.

The release orders were issued Monday two days after some 200 freed prisoners confined here burned tyres, blocked a highway and clashed with Palestinian police.

Israel radio reported Friday that another 150, who are close to the end of their sentences, would be allowed to quit Jericho soon.

Under the autonomy agreement signed in Cairo on May 4, Israel can hand over prisoners to the Palestinian authority to serve out their sentences in the self-rule

Meanwhile, a firebomb. was thrown against an Israeli patrol in Jericho on Thursday night for the first time since autonomy began in May.

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

Hijaz railway train

Dep. Answer ... 8:00 s.m. every Monday ... Arr. Democus 5:00 p.m. every Monday ... 7:30 a.m. every Sunday ...

14:10

21:15

..... Beirut (ME) Vienna (OS) Abu Dhabi (GF)

Sanaa (IY) Cairo (MS)

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 ian Orthodox Church Tel. PROGRAMME TWO

Coup De Bleu Dans L'Étoiles 17:30 ... News in French 18:45 19:00 19:30 News in Hebrew Dimen News in Arabic Movies, Games, and Videos . The Camobells News In English 22:20 Feature film: "Threesome

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PRAYER TIMES

06:10	(Sunrise) Du
[12:33	Dhu
16:06	
18:56	Maghi
j 20:35	
	CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifich, Tel. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Americation Tel.

De la Suffe Charch Tel. 661757 Terrespecta Caurch Tel: 622366 Church of the Annu-Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. m International Church Tcl.

8243.28. German-speaking Evangelical Con-gregation Tcl. 684195 The Latter-Day Saints Tcl. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tcl.675691. The Evangelical Local Church in Tel. 811295

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-ment of Meteorology. Relative hot weather conditions will prevail with winds northwesterly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas

caim.	
Min./Max. temp. Amman Aqaba Deserts Jordan Valley	26 / 39 17/ 36

Yesterday's high temperatures Amman 33, Aqaba 38 Humidity readings: Amman 24 per cent. Aqaba 26 per cent.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Ratch Zaitoun	888685
De Samein NOUE	78668U
Or Hanna Matisotti	120121
Dr. Khaldoun Kloub	816715
Fires phermacy	661912
Ferdows pharmacy	778336
Al Asema pharmacy	637055
Nairoukh pharmacy	623672
National plantings	636730
Al Salam pharmacy Yacoub pharmacy	614949
Shincisani pharmacy	637660
Najib pharmacy	847637
Majio busumacy	011001
IRBID:	249704
Dr. Akram Al Momani Alquds pharmacy	4-012
Alquos poarmacy	(
ZARQA: Dr. Ratib Atallah	00447
Dr. Ratib Atalian	DOEAT

EMERGENCIES

Food Control Centre Civil Defence Department 66111 Civil Defence Immediate

Civil Defence Emergency 199 Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777 . 617101 . 775121 Fire Brigade. Highway Police Traffic Police ... 896390 Public Security Department Hotel Complaints 605800 Price Complaints Water and Sewerage Complaints Amman Municipality 787111 Telephone Information (directory assistance) 121 623101 Repairs623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101

Radio Jordan 774111 Water Authority Jordan Electricity Authority 815615 Electric Power HOSPITALS AMMAN:

Jabal Amman Maternity 642362

cin Medical Centre 813813/32 Hussein Medical Comm.
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn
644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn.

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323

. 84584

667227/

. 666127/37

(09)900560 (09)986732

. (02)275555

. (03)314111

University Hospital Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamie, Abdali

Zarga National Hospital

Ibn Sina Hospital Al Hikma Modern Hospital

Princess Basma Hospital Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Nafées Hospital

AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital

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5, where it should always be veri-fied

FOR THE TRAVELLER

INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT** This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information

department at the Queen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be veri-ABBIVALS

Royal Jordanian (RJ)

.. Frankfurt, Vienna (RJ) London, Berlin (RJ)

Flights (Terminel 1) Aqaba () . Abu Dhabi, Doba () 11:00 New York, Ame 16:00 17:50

Other Flights (Terminal 2) Muscat, Doba (GF

Rome, Larnaca (AZ) Sensa (TY) Paris, Dam Other Flights (Terminal 2)

. Muscat. Doba (GF Rome, Larraca (AZ 29:29 .. Paris, Damascus (AF) **DEPARTURES**

Flights	
(Terminal 1)	
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08-99	
12-40 Istanbui 12-55 Geneva, Brussch	1
. 13:45 Cairc	3
14:39 London Madrid	i

Art. America 5:00 p.m. every Sunday MARKET PRICES Uppet/lower price in fils per kg. 680 620 120 / 602 40/240 Sanana (Mukammar)

Cauliflower	7401 100
Cucumbers (large) Cucumbers (small)	200 (80)
Cucumbeer (email)	180 \100
Ecolori (anaji)	- 340 / 220
Carit	000000
VIAVC	460
CHICKLE (TINNSIN)	OEA 1 /AA
LCONOT	700 (700
Marrow (large)	· 200 / 200
Macross (compli)	120/120 - عالك
Marrow (smail)	- 4720 / 300)
Pepper (sweet)	300 / 200
minuscrate and a second	

ولذا منه الأصل





CEREMONY IN ABU NUSEIR: Her Royal course in dress-making and tricot work at

Highness Princess Basma distributes diplomas ceremony organised by the Abu Nuseir to a group of women who completed a training Women's Society Thursday (Petra photo)

Tribal feud claims 5 lives, injures 2 during wedding procession — police

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

NAOUR — Five people were killed and two others were seriously injured here Thursday when a wedding procession was attacked by gunfire in what appears to be an act of vengeance, police and family sources said Friday.

The dead include two members of the Hajar family (who were in the wedding party) and two Al Hussni family members. Both families are from the large Ajarmeh tribe of Naour and live in the village of Al All.

The fifth victim, a woman in her mid-20s who was sitting on her farm at the time of the incident, was accidentally shot in the

A Hajar family member

who was riding in the wedding procession along the Um Al Ammad-Khadra Road Thursday evening, said members of the Hussni family were parked in two pickup trucks on the side of the road and as the procession drew near, the Hussni started firing at a minibus at the end of the small

motorcade. The 40-year-old mother of the bride, who was riding in the bus packed with children and two men, told the Jordan Times that the two pickup trucks obstructed the minibus' way and men in the vehicles started firing towards the

The women said that when the passengers heard gun shots and the bus windows shattered, they all kneeled to the floor.

She said meanwhile the

three Hajar men in the bus descended and started shooting back at the assailants.

"It was a scary moment in my life, and when they stopped shooting in our direction, I looked up and saw one of the men who was with us shooting two of the assailants after he himself was shot and had seen his father gunned down in front of his eyes," the

woman said. She said that she believes that the Hussni family wanted to spoil the wedding event because of a 13-year-old vendetta.

According to another family member, the feud, "a simple misunderstanding" grew out of a clash that took the lives of three people from the Hajar family and one from the Hussni. He added that

"back then" the families used machine-guns. Police and military units were posted throughout the Naour area.

Police officials at the scene confirmed the incident but refused to comment further, saying both parties involved are in police custody.

"We are still investigating the incident, and hopefully in the next few days we will be able to determine what happened," the official told the Jordan

The Civil Defence Department (CDD) identified the dead as, Mohammad Abdullah Ghaith, 45, Ibra-him Abdullah Ghaith, 47, (both brothers from the Hussni family), and Hamed Fadel, 60 and his son Ali Hamed, 28, of the Hajar

family. All were married and had children. The bystander killed in the incident was identified

as Layla S.S. When my daughter reached the house to celebrate the wedding, she took of her white dress and wore a black one," said the

mother of the bride. "The car that was carrying my daughter, and the other cars kept going and did not realise what was happening because they (the assailants) only attacked the vehicles at the end of the procession," she added.

Last week Minister of Social Development Mohammad Sqour called for a conference to discuss ways of abolishing the practice of tribal acts of vengeance.

Workshop to start on family, environment

AMMAN (J.T.) — A workshop entitled "Family and Environment" will begin today in celebration of the centennial of the World Young Women's Christian Association (YWCA) and on the occasion of the year of the family, according to the YWCA.

The event, to be held at the Inter. Continental _ Hotel, is organised by the Centennial Committee at the YWCA of Jordan in cooperation with the General Union of Volun-

tary Societies (GUVS). The workshop will be held under the patronage of Her Royal Highness Princess Basma and will consist of lectures that will tackle related environmental subjects, according to Leila Diab, general secretary of the YWCA.

Ms. Diab told the Jo

discussed during the twoday meeting include, environmental legislation and its role in protecting the environmental; health and environment, natural resources and the environment; and the role of the governmental and nongovernmental women's organisations in the en-

vironment. The event will conclude with a workshop on special environmental projects.

the workshop will come up with recommendations that will be implemented in future projects for the

She added that the recommendations will be part of the YWCA participation in the 1995 celebration of the YWCA in Seoul, where 84 countries will meet from Times that subjects to be all over the world.

painting and colouring, these

pictures have well-balanced

forms which resemble those

the Yangliuqing new year

pictures have been influenced

by the culture of Imperial

China of metropolises like

Beijing and Tianjin, as well

introduced into China in the

Its unique style not only

woodblock-printed pictures,

but also derives nourishment

In the course of its growth.

of decorative art.

Liao Dynasty.

U.S. grants additional \$10.5m for water quality improvement project

of Planning Hisham Khatib, U.S. Ambassador in Jordan Wesley W. Egan and Director of the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) William T. Oliver Thursday signed amendments to two agreements providing Jordan with an additional grant of 12 million dollars, according to an embassy statement.

Under the first amendment, the statement said. USAID will provide an addi-According to Ms. Diab. tional grant of \$10.5 million for the Water Quality Im-provement and Conservation Project in order to upgrade the management of Jordan's scarce water resources. USAID provided \$23.3 million in grant funds for the original project in March

> The Water Ouality Improvement and Conservation

public through more efficient water management practices and improved wastewater treatment.

The amendment will fund feasibility studies and design projects in the water sector and will also fund the final design, construction and supervision of the water distribution and wastewater collection system for the Wadi Musa area, the statement

Under the second amendment, USAID will provide an additional grant of \$1.5 million to the Technical Services and Feasibility Studies V Project (TSFS-V), raising the total grant of \$21.00 million, said the statement. The TSFS-V Project has

thus far assisted the Kingdom in various ways and in a wide range of sectors that affect public life: In the fields of water, environment and Project focuses on making health, the TSFS-V Project more water available to the upgraded the Khirbet Samra

wastewater stabilisation ponds, provided technical assistance to Al Amal National Cancer Centre and established the National Blood Bank West Amman branch.

In the tourism sector, the TSFS-V partially financed the restoration of the Amman Citadel and the renovation of the resthouses in Pella and Um Qais in the north.

In the field of housing and urban development, the TSFS-V financed the procurement of a geographical information system for the Housing and Urban Development Corporation and an automated information system for Parliament.

The TSFS-V project has also financed educational and laboratory equipment for Noor Al Hussein Foundation/Jubilee School and feasibility studies for the



Minister of Planning Hisham Khatib, flanked by U.S. Ambassador to Jordan Wesley W. Egan (left) and U.S. Agency for International Development Director

AMMAN (J.T.) — A group of Canadian business people

is due her today to discuss

William T. Oliver Thursday sign two grant agreeement amendments (Petra

By Angham Tamimi Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Chinese hand paintings and coloured pictures are characterised by their neat and smooth lines, detailed and graceful drawings, and musical colours, which are bright but not vulgar and pure but not over-

Collaborating with the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC), the embassy of the Republic of China in Amman will hold a Chinese cultural week starting this evening.

To deepen the friendship and understanding between Jordan and China, along with marking the 45th anniversary of the establishment of the Republic of China, Minister of Culture Jumaa Hammad and Chinese Ambassador to Jordan Wang Shi will open several related festivities at the RCC.

Hand-made artefacts and hand paintings will be exhi-bited at the Exhibition Hall. while movies will be shown at

the main theatre. The Yangliuqing woodb-locks, the traditional Chinese New Year pictures, are the most famous of their kind in China. They date from the reign of Emperor Wanli (1573-1620 A.D.) of the Ming Dynasty.

The earliest new year pic-ture workshops in Yangliuqing, a town southwest of Beijing and the home of new year pictures, was once known as place where every resident family made pictures.

Traditional subjects for these woodblock works include graceful women, children, goods, tales, theatrical characters, customs and traditions, scenery, flowers and birds. Yangliuqing new year pictures highlight the themes of jubilation, good luck, longevity and plenty. which have contributed to its





from various art schools in its long course of development. The cinema entered China in 1896, but film-making did not get started there until just prior to World War I. In 1931, China produced several movies in Shanghai and other cities dealing with the Chinese people's struggle for a better life and their battle against tyranny. During the Japanese col-onisation of China, many Chinese film-makers focused on freedom, democracy, in addition to documentaries.

The first film studio was established in 1946 in northwest China. The number of general film studios quickly grew to 36 in 1949, in addi-tion to other studios dedicated to scientific, educational, children's and

documentary films.

Annually, China produces about 150 movies, involving 160,000 acting groups, and shown at 2,000 cinemas.

The six Chinese movies selected for showing at the RCC are "Lucky Star", "Red Seed", "Police in the Dragon Year", "Anthem of the Yel-low River", "The Flying Magic Mouse", and "Love By Chance". All the movies are in Chinese with Arabic



Shoman Foundation in Jabal Amman at 6:30 p.m.

★ Exhibition of paintings by Yousef Al Baddawi at the Royal Cultural

★ Exhibition of Chinese paintings and handicrafts at the Royal

★ Exhibition of oil paintings by Iraqi artists Sa'd Al Ta'i, Talal Issa and Mahdi Al Assadi at Al 'Ain Art Gallery (Tel. 644451).

 ★ Exhibition of photographs on nature and environment at the Royal Society for the Protection of Nature.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Traditional Chinese woodblock art

Cultural Centre.

CHILDREN'S SONG FESTIVAL AND PLAY

- ☆ Children's song festival at the Royal Cultural Centre at 5:00 p.m. * Children's play in Arabic entitled "The Festival" at the Royal Cultural Centre at 10:00 a.m.
- Chinese film entitled "Lucky Stars" (with subtitles in English) at the Royal Cultural Centre at 7:30 p.m.
- Lecture in Arabic entitled "Can Economy Be Liberated in the Liv by Dr. Issam Al Za'im of Syria at Abdul Hameed

popularity. Produced through a process of combining coloured woodblock print and hand

promoting trade with Jordan through the Canada-Jordan Business Council (CJBC) and Jordanian businesspersons, according to the Jordanian Businessmen's Association (JBA) Wednesday. A JBA statement said that the visitors, led by Salim Hirsh, represent Canadian manufacturers of auto spare parts, agricultural equipment, vehicles, medical and laboratory instruments. heavy machiney, food products, carpets, photography machines, hospital equipment, computers and road

to arrive for trade talks

Canadian business delegation

machinery among other. The JBA is organising a seminar Saturday to enable businesspersons from the two countries to exchange views and ideas and discuss training of personnel and matters related to the transfer of modern technology to Jordan.

The JBA statement said that the visiting group will discuss prospects of organis-ing a Canadian trade fair in the spring of 1995 in Amman, and cooperation with JBA to organise a conference on the Middle East to be held in Canada one month before the projected Canadian fair

A 25-member JBA delega-

tion visited Canada last June and discussed the prospects of promoting trade exchanges.

Canada's annual exports to Jordan ranged between \$15 million and \$55 million between 1987 and 1992, while Jordan's exports to that country are not worth mentioning,

according to the JBA. Canada's Ambassador to Jordan Andrew Robinson last June said Canada-Jordan trade has increased since the founding of the CJBC and could double in volume by the end of 1994.

The council was formed last year to help promote

Industrialists to head for Spain to explore possible joint ventures

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Businesspersons and company owners will participate in an international industrial company meeting in Bilbao, Spain in late November to discuss ioint ventures between Jordan and Spain.

The meeting, organised by the Europartenariat Programme (EP) and the Jordan Investment Corporation (JIC), is part of a programme launched by the European Union (EU) which will enable businesspersons from more than 300 countries to meet to exchange experi-

ences.
"This meeting will give Jordanian business owners an opportunity to exchange knowledge and technology and agree on mutual projects and set business deals between Jordan and Spain," said Jan Pierz Pierard, representing the EU during a lec-ture conducted at IIC headquarters.

According to Mr. Pierard, this was an EU initiative which is designed to monitor the community policies in-cluding private sector pro-

He added that this interna-

the less favoured regions. by encouraging small business and medium-sized companies throughout the community to establish business relationships of all kinds, especially technological, commercial and financial relationships with their counterparts in the region.

Yousef Rawabdeh, the administrative financial manager at JIC, who also addressed more than 50 attendees, said that this meeting is a good opportunity for an individual involved in the industrial sector to meet with Spanish companies.

The aim is not to organise many meetings with com-panies as much as it is a way of building some kind of cooperation between the two countries," Mr. Rawabdeh

He added that this step by the EU comes as a part of its efforts to help Jordanian products so that they meet international standards and can compete in international

"The GATT (General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade) agreement is going to be implemented, and if we don't improve our products' tional event is designed to standards, we can't compete

stimulate the development of on the international market and we will stay behind," Mr Rawabdeh added.

He said that there will be more than 480 Spanish companies ready to discuss business with Jordanian industrialists, including those in agriculture, and textile and leather manufacturers.

The Spanish Commercial attache in Jordan, E.G. Santiago, who also participated in the lecture by answering attendees' questions regarding the event said: "We have a common history between Spain and the Arab World. and economy is a reality between us.'

The JIC, which works according to the general investment policy of the govemment, aims at expanding its market and exposing it to Europe while trying to find new markets, according to Mr. Rawabdeh.

Moreover, the JIC manages the corporations' funds and investments as well as supervises the channels of their expenditure, sharing the capital of the companies and the investment ventures in cooperations and coordination with localand foreign in-

vestment corporations. The Bilbao meeting will be held from Nov. 21-22.

Jacksons steal

NEW YORK (R) - He

wasn't even nominated, but

embattled pop star Michael

Jackson, joined by bride Lisa

Marie Presley, was a clear winner at the MTV video

music awards. The pair re-

ceived a standing ovation from the crowd of 5,700 at

Radio City Music Hall, an art

deco palace. Jackson, look-

ing a bit nervous, welcomed

the crowd. As his bride of

three months looked on, he

said; "And nobody thought

this could last." Never one to

be upstaged, however, was

host Roseanne, who has

dropped her last name,

Arnold. The comic kept her

controversial image alive by

saying she was not uspset

over her impending divorce

from actor Tom Arnold. "I'm

only upset that I'm not a widow," she said. She also

ioked that she was the oldest

woman to appear on the

awards show - after Cher -

and said she she was certainly

the fattest. The awards, in

their 11th year, have come to

rival the Grammys in import-

ance in the music industry.

reflecting the importance of

the video network on the

world of music. Among early

winners were Janet Jackson

in the category of Best Female Video for If. Shar

thanked her fans and made

no reference to her brother.

The duo Salt-N-Pepa joined

by En Vogue won for the Dance Video Whatta Man.

Bruce Springsteen won best

video from a film for his song

Streets Of Philadelphia from

the film Philadelphia, which

won Tom Hanks an Oscar as

a man battling AIDS.

show at MTV video awards

Cuba bears down on dissidents

- Some 30 prominent Cuban dissidents have been arrested since President Fidel Castro allowed unrestricted emigration last month, the Washington Post said Friday.

Quoting the Cuban Commission of Human Rights and National Reconciliation in Havana, the daily said the crackdown was in apparent retaliation for an Aug. 5 riot in Havana and other confrontations between civilians and policies.

Those arrested or put under house arrest include three lawyers, two physicians and two human rights activists the commission said.

Commission President Elizardo Sanchez Santa Cruz said Mr. Castro is planning to use Washington's demand for an end to the maritime exodus of Cuban refugees as "pretext for massive repression" against those who criticise the government.

"You can be sure that as soon as he closes the door, the arrests and repression will begin," Mr. Sanchez said. Talks between the United

States and Cuba were expected to resume Friday in New York after a one-day break, State Department spokesman Mike McCurry said Thursday.

"We expect them (talks on Cuban immigration) to resume tomorrow," Mr. McCurry said at a briefing. "We don't have a confirmation of that, but we're hoping that (Cuba's chief negotiator Ricardo) Alarcon negotiator Ricardo) Alarcon will be returning to New York sometime later today

(Thursday) and we'll be in cy," Sen. Pell and Mr. is unlikely to yield: U.S. policontact with the Cuban representatives tonight to confirm... a resumption of the talks sometime tomorrow morning."

Mr. McCurry said the two sides were down to "a handful of issues" but said it would be improper for him to detail the substance of these

After a 45-minute meeting Wednesday, Mr. Alarocn returned to Havana for consultations following a week of discussions with U.S. officials in New York that centred on stemming the exodus of Cuban rafters.

The United States has sought to limit the discussions to immigration issues, but Cuba wants to expand them to include the 32-year-old U.S. economic embargo.
The chairmen of the House

of Senate Foreign Affairs Committees called Thursday for an end to the 33-year U.S. embargo against Cuba, saying the country poses no security threat to the United

Sen. Claiborne Pell and Rep. Lee Hamilton, both Democrats, said in a joint commentary published Thursday in the Washington Post that the Clinton administration's tightening of res-trictions on Caba in the wake of a new exodus of Cubans will not cause change in

Cuba.
"No matter how hard the United States squeezes the Cuban economy, we doubt it will force the Cuban government to embrace democra-

Hamilton said. As thousands of Cubans

flee and are transferred to refugee camps at U.S. military bases in Cuba and Panama, President Bill Clinton has blocked Cuban Americans from sending cash to relatives in Cuba and restricted travel to and from the nation which is 90 miles (144 kilometres) from the Florida

Sen. Pell of Rhode Island is chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and Mr. Hamilton of Nebraska heads the House Foreign Affairs Committee.

They noted that many of America's closest allies in Europe and Latin America are establishing closer political and economic ties with Cuba. Only Israel, Albania and Paraguay still uphold the U.S. position at the United

"We don't think lifting the embargo immediately is politically possible," the two law-makers said. "We may need to move gradually. But we need to move. Lifting the embargo in stages can give the United States leverage over the Cuban government. which fears openness more than isolation

Sen. Pell and Mr. Hamilton said they support Mr. Clinton's goal of fostering democratic change in Cuba but believe he is taking a misguided approach that will have little impact on Cuban President Fidel Castro's reg-

Castro has made a career of defying U.S. pressure and

cy provides a convenient scapegoat for Cuba's economic woes and a rallying point for Cuban nationalism" they said.

"Unfortunately, current policy seems based on the longstanding hope that isolating Cuba will bring about change," Sen. Pell and Mr. Hamilton said. "We believe the criticial challenges is to construct a policy that doesn't put the pace of change in Mr. Castro's hands but that... promotes a peaceful transition to democracy in Cuba."

The days are gone, they said, when Cuba was a Soviet surrogate, fomenting revolution in Africa and Central America.

"Cuba poses no threat to the security of United States," they said. "Yet Washington's hardline stance continues — more a product of shortsighted domestic politics than prudent foreign policy considerations."

The article did not elaborate, but Mr. Clinton has been accused by others of basing his Cuba policy on the concerns of Florida Democrats who fear the loss of Cuban American votes in the November election if the pressure on Mr. Castro is

Meanwhile, documents leased Thursday showed released Henry Kissinger secretly sought a rapprochement with Cuba 20 years ago as U.S. secretary of state, shortly after helping to bring off the U.S. opening with China.

4.5

Spanish Foreign Minister Javier Solona (right) ses with members of the Cuban oppos (left to right) Alfredo Duran, Eloy Gutierrez oyo, and Ramon Cernuda as he receives them for a meeting Thursday. The members of

the Cuban opposition met with Mr. Solon the Foreign Ministry in an effort to begin a dialogue which could lead to talks with the Cahan government aided by the Spanish (AFP)

Countdown for Haiti invasion begins

Army Special Forces based

WASHINGTON (AFP) -The countdown for a United States invasion of Haiti has begun as the White House warned that the end was near for the military junta.

But the administration stopped short of setting a deadline for the Haitian generals to step down. "The coup leaders' days are numbered. We are mov-

ing toward the end game," stressed White House spokeswoman Dee Dee Myers.

"Those coup leaders will leave one way or another, she said, charging there had been a dramatic increase in human rights abuses in the

country.
The Pentagon activated seven warships Thursday to support the estimated 10,000 force that will be used to take the country.

All seven ships are "roll on-roll off" transporters used to carry tanks and troops. A spokesman said they had been ordered to leave port and would be ready for action

SRINAGAR, India (AFP)

Anti-Indian protests

erupted in towns and villages

in northern Kashmir Friday

after Indian Border Guards

opened fire on a bus, killing

10 people, witnesses and hos-

The Indian authorities

ordered an immediate in-

quiry into the shooting which

occurred late Thursday near

Bandipur, 62 kilometres (37

Witnesses and hospital

cluding two women, died

when members of the para-

military Border Security

miles) north of Srinagar.

pital sources said.

in four days.

in Fort Knox, Kentucky are to be shipped to Puerto Rico early next week for training said a spokesman for Atlantic Command.

As the military preparedness was stepped up most of President Bill Clinton's aides reportedly favour an ultimatum as well as sending an emissary back to Haiti.

Ms. Myers confirmed that the administration's special envoy for Haiti, William Gray, and Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff John Shalikashvili met Wednesday with exiled Haitian President Jean-Bertrand Aristide.

ing with Mr. Gray and Mr. Shalikashvili, the exiled Haitian cabinet met with U.S. generals on potential technical problems that an invasion could present, a source close

After Mr. Aristide's meet

to Mr. Aristide said. Mr. Clinton, returning from a 12-day holiday, and his top foreign policy and national security advisers reviewed political and diploma-

tic steps that would have to

several of the injured have

been transferred to hospitals

in Srinagar, the summer

capital of strife-torn Kash-

the troops opened fire in

retaliation after coming

under attack from Kashmir

Muslim separatist militants in

and in an exchange of fire 10 persons were killed," he said,

adding that five AK-47 rifles

The deaths triggered a

"Fire came from the bus

the bus.

vehicle.

A senior BSF officer said

10 die as troops open fire in Kashmir

be taken to launch an invasion as approved by the United Nations to restore Haiti's democracy. The major issue discussed

in the talks was whether the administration should set a public deadline for military ruler General Raoul Cedras to step down.

But the advisers unable to agree on a date for the deadline with the State Department lobbying for a letter date to allow for a U.N. peacekeeping force to be formed.

Six thousands U.N. troops are supposed to be dispatched to the Caribbean country once the invasion force, comprised of 10,000 mostly U.S. troops, has completed its mis-

Only 10 countries have so far offered to provide some 2,000 troops and 300 police in the U.N. operation, raising concerns that the United States might have to leave behind some of the forces that participated in the invasion to serve in the second phase of the operation.

the Indian security forces.

Senior Indian police and

government officials have

rushed to the scene of the

shooting to conduct an inves-

The incident ocurred while

tigation, officials here said.

a senior Indian government

official was touring the trou-

bled state. Minister of State

for Home Affairs Rajesh

Pilot, who is in charge of

internal security, was in near-

by Gurez just hours before the shooting.

Human rights groups have

frequently accused Indian

troops of using excessive

neighbours India and Pakis-

Noisy neighbour gets 3-month iail sentence

BRISTOL, England (AFP) An English court sent a man to jail for three months for playing music at full volume, sometimes till the early hours of the morning, without the consent of his neighbours. Michael Higgins was sent to prison after he ignored a previous court case decision expressly forbidding him from playing music. Mr. Higgins' musical taste was mainstream — Sting, Diana Ross and Lisa Stansfield but he insisted on using a microphone to link the records he played as if he was a disc jockey. The Bristol City Council had previously confiscated his hi-fi and taken him to court twice but with

South director seeks U.S.

TORONTO (AP) - His last

film released in the United

out success.

distributor

States, Mediterraneo, won the Academy Award for Best Foreign Film. His latest work, the comedy South. seems a sure bet to be another art-house favourite. That is, if Gabriele Salvatores can find a U.S. distributor. South could find a taker at the Toronto Film Festival, which began Thursday. Representatives from Miramax Films, Sony Pictures Classics and other art-house distribut tors are here and the festival has a long tradition of helping foreign films break through in the United States, including Diva and Europa, Europa. This year's 10-year festival offers 296 films from 45 countries. Many foreign films like South don't sell immediately in the United States, said Victor Loewy, president of Alliance Releas ing, the film's Canadian distributor. "It's sort of standard. The company that sells the film doesn't do its job properly." Lowey said Thursday. "We bought My Life As A Dog a year and a half before the U.S. picked it up. It went on to be very successful in America." A cross between Dog Day Afternoon and the Patty Hearst kidnapping, South begins on election day in a small town in the south of Italy. The powerful Senator Cannavacciuolo has arrived to make sure he retains his office in the usual way: Stuffing the ballot box. His main opposition comes from an unemployed, unstable ex-union leader, Ciro Ascarone, who leads a small armed gang's takeover of the local polling station. They unfur a large red banner reading "basta" (Enough), and take a young couple hostage. One of them, Ciro soon discovers, is Gen. Cannavacciuolo's daughter, Lucia. The film then tells the funny story of how Ciro and his bumbling fellow rebels fight over every-

thing from food to racism.

Islamic nations want end to Bosnian embargo

ISLAMABAD (R) - Islamic Foreign Ministers ended a three-day meeting in Islamabad Friday with a call for the United Nations to lift an arms embargo on the Bosnian Muslims

The 51-nation Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC) gathering also pledged to pursue peace in Afghanistan and condemned what it called massive violations of human rights by Indian forces in the Delhicontrolled part of Kashmir. The OIC asked the U.N. Security Council to "confirm" that its arms ban on the

former Yugoslavia does not

apply to Bosnia. 'If no Security Council confirmation is forthcoming, the OIC membership, along will come to the conclusion that members acting individually or collectively can provide the means of selfdefence to the government of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina," an OIC resolution said.

It set no deadline for such action by OIC members. Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati said Muslim countries should try to

sence at it headed into a new

period of global challenges.
"We in Germany stand by

our position that the Amer-

icans can sit as long as they

want in the European

pean house and the Amer-

icans need a permanent room

in it for all time, with no its,

Edward Reuter, chairman

of Carmaker Daimler-Benz

AG, went further, proposing

to the meeting a transatlantic

free trade zone that would

maximise economic benefits

and neutralise the potential

for political strains between

Berlin said farewell and

"thank you" Thursday night

to the American, British and

French troops who guarded

its Western sectors through

49 years of cold war tensions,

detente and the tumultous

rush towards German unity

post-unity drawdown in both

parts of Germany means the

levels of foreign troops in all

of the country has plum-

meted from more than

700,000 to just over 100,000.

speeches given during the day, Mr. Kohl and his guests

- French President Francois

Mitterrand, British Prime

Minister John Major and

U.S. Secretary of State War-

ren Christopher - hailed

In the many solemn

The Berlin pullout and

"We need a stable Euro-

house," he said.

ands or buts."

the two regions.

convince the U.N. Security Council to let weapons flow to the Musim-led Bosnian

He told a news conference that OIC members should use the forthcoming U.N. General Assembly in New York to convey Muslim sentiment that "enough is enough" regarding the arms

"Muslims all over the world cannot tolerate one more deadlock in the peace process in Bosnia and the continuation of aggression... and violation of human rights

by the Serbs," he said. The Security Council must act decisively, Mr. Velayati said, adding that it faced a clear choice: "If they cannot defend an independent nation, let the Bo

Asked if Iran had any immediate plans to send weapons to Bosnia, he said: "We comply with Security Council resolutions. We don't want to violate interna-

tional law." The OIC urged the United Nations to tighten economic sanctions on Serbia and montenegro, despite the rump

in America.'

damental interests."

the cold war period.

foster a new understanding

between the two countries,

Mr. Kohl also urged Amer-

torchlit military tattoo per-

formed at the Brandenburg

Gate to depart the allies re-

called the marches of the

Nazis through that Berlin

Noting that two-thirds of

all Germans were born after

World War II, he said: "They

don't deny history but they

look to the future and they

want to look ahead with their

European and American

this bridge."

be added.

landmark.

Yugoslav state's break with the Bosnian Serbs.

The OIC call contrasted with growing signs that the United States, Russia and European allies were prepared to ease sanctions on Serbian-led Yugoslavia if Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic accepted international monitors to check that his blockade of Serbs in Bosnia was effective.

Mr. Milosevic, keen to escape sanctions, broke with the Bosnian Serbs last month after they rejected a peace plan for Bosnia.

The OiC vowed to continue peace efforts for Afghanistan, even though mediation by its secretary general, Hamid Al Gabid, in July failed to halt fighting been rival Afet

Mr. Velayati said he had proposed that Mr. Gabid hold indirect talks with Afghan leaders who were un-willing to meet each other face to face. Afghan party representatives he met on the sidelines of the OIC meeting had accepted the proposal, he added.

He said OIC peace efforts were not intended to disrupt similar ones being pursued by the United Nations. "We support peace in

Afghanistan, anybody who can bring peace there would be welcomed by us," he de-Pakistan, hosting the OIC

parley, said it was gratified by a resolution that urged India "to cease forthwith the massive human-rights violations of the Kashmiri people" and to allow them selfdetermination in line with U.N. resolutions.

India, fighting a four-yearold revolt in the two-thirds of Kashmir it rules, accuses Pakistan of arming Muslim militants in the Himalayan region. Islamabad denies the

charge.
Other OIC resolutions welcomed as nts concluded as part of the Middle East peace process, while reaffirming that Israel should withdraw from all territories occupied in the 1967 war.

The OIC condemned what it called "Armenian aggression" against Azerbaijan and described Armenian actions against Azeri civilians in occupied Azeri lands as "crimes against humanity."

force to quell the Islamic Force (BSF) shot up the bus and surrounding towns and hundreds of Kashmiri Muswithout provocation near secessionist drive in the Bandipur. lim residents took to the northern state, disputed by At least 12 people were wounded, they added, and streets to denounce alleged

"atrocities and excesses" by

general strike in Bandipur

NEW DELHI (AFP) — U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali held wideranging talks with Indian leaders here Friday with New

Dr. Ghaii, who arrived here Thursday from Pakistan on a three-day visit, met President Shankar Dayai Sharma and the deputy foreign and defence ministers after visiting the mausoleum of independence hero Mahatma

U.N. officials said Dr. Ghali and the Indian officials discussed the world body's need for additional troops for peacekeeping operations around the globe. "Their discussions... focused on the U.N. requirement of 50,000 additional troops worldwide to fulfil its various approved mandates for peacekeeping," a U.N.

He said New Delhi had pledged a future contribution of Indian troops for U.N. peacekeeping operations.

"The government of India (also) said there was no wavering on the issue of its troops participating in Somalia despite the recent tragedy involving loss of Indian lives in that mission," the U.N. spokesman said.

Three Indian doctors and seven soldiers have been killed by Somalia gunmen in the past few weeks. India has contributed 5,000 troops to the multi-national force in the African state. Diplomatic sources said

the U.N. secretary-general was also likely to meet here

India pledges more troops for U.N. with the wife of Afghan President Najibullah, who was deposed in 1991 by a coalition of Mujahedeen factions. New Delhi provided shelter to Mr. Najibullah's wife and daughters following his

overthrow and the former president is believed to be in hiding in a U.N. complex in Kabul "The meeting is not hap-

pening with the disagreement of the Indian government. It is just looking the other way." one diplomat said of Dr. Ghali's reported plan to meet Mr. Najibullah's wife. Several top members of Najibullah's toppled regime are also living in the Indian capital, home to thousands of Afghans who fled the wartorn country, before and after the change of guard in Kabul.

In Pakistan, Dr. Ghali said he would act as an "honest broker' to encourage a dialogue between India and Pakistan to resolve their Kashmir dispute.

U.S. Department of Energy to declare Thursday it was

"phasing out collaborative

research projects with Japan

on plutonium reprocessing

and development of breeder

The department said it

would probe the Greenpeace

allegations and make public a

thorough report within 60

reaction technology."

Japan denies illegal U.S. nuclear technology transfers

TOKYO (AFP) — Japan Friday denied Greenpeace allegations that it had illegally received sensitive U.S. nuclear technology that could be used for an arms program-

The global environmental watchdog said in Washington overnight that the United States had supplied Japan with "sensitive nuclear technology (SNT)" from five U.S. nuclear arms research and development centres.

A U.S. law against nuclear proliferation and a U.S.-Japan agreement on the peaceful use of nuclear energy ban the export of SNT. Technology transfers had been made under 1987 Department of Energy and Japan's Power Reactor and Nuclear Fuel Development Corporation.

will have no part in it."

nology, told reporters that "the United States must have made the transfers on the basis of its determination that they would not violate the non-proliferation act." The Greenpeace

While not directly accusing Japan of building atomic bombs, Greenpeace said the plutonium might help Tokyo embark on nuclear weapons

Kimikazu Iwase, first secretary of the Japanese embassy in Washington, has branded the accusation as "totally groundless," saying Tokyo's nuclear programme was purely for peaceful pur-

"We understand that SNT has not been included in what we have received under the 1987 arrangements," said Hironori Nakano, a spokesman for the public corpora-"When the agreement was signed, the two sides con-

firmed in writing that SNT Makiko Tanaka, the state minister for science and tech-

ا مِلْنَا عند الأصل

announcement prompted the

Kohl urges U.S. to stay involved in Germany Delhi promising to contribute Mr. Reuter, one of many leading German and U.S. BERLIN (R) — Chancellor Helmut Kohl, speaking a day West Berlin's defence as one soldiers from six nations who more troops to U.N. share in the defence of of the great success stories of spokesman said. peacekeeping missions. Europe's central power. modern history. men at the conferafter the final departure of About 100 Afghan re-The city of Berlin and the U.S. military officials said ence, said a transatlantic free allied troops from Berlin, U.S. embassy in Bonn wasted no time in urging the star-studded conference to launch trade zone could boost trade the number of American fugees staged a protest outurged the United States Friside the U.N High Commis-sioner for Refugee troops in Berlin - some and investment tremendously day to keep sending its sol-7.000 just three years ago and create millions of jobs. diers, students and investors what they called "new tradi-"How minuscule the highly was down to about 80 today (UNHCR) offices here to Germany.
Mr. Kohl told a U.S.with the last handful due to publicised efforts of the G7 meanwhile to complain about tions" in German-American relations. "There cannot be (Group of Seven industrial leave in two to three months. alleged neglect from the German business conference U.N. agency, witnesses said. nations) and the European that Europe as a whole, and Meanwhile, held back beenough American capital invested in Germany," Mr. Kohl said, "and I'm happy Germany especially, needed a continued American pre-Union look by comparison," hind police barricades and far

he remarked. Western forces and Soviet about every German investor troops entered Berlin in 1945 "We are passionately in as allied conquerers but split favour of keeping American soldiers here," he said. "I hope the insight of American as the cold war set in. Departure of Western forces, agreed in 1990 as Germany nited, was delayed until congressmen will always be deep enough (to see this). This is also in America's fun-Russian troops left eastern

Germany at the end of Au-Mr. Christopher pledged Thursday that the United The chancellor said the "Atlantic bridge", as Ger-States would continue to mans call their relationship keep 100,000 troops in with the U.S., had consisted Europe despite winding up its 49-year military presence in mostly of military ties during

"This is a new era — the Berlin. "Today, our commitment war and post-war cras are to a stable, secure and over," Mr. Kohl said, "It's prosperous Europe remains time to build new lanes on undiminished," Mr. Christ-Bilateral ties should focus opher said during ceremonies more on trade and investto mark the departure of the World War II allies from ment, scientific exchanges

and youth programmes to "Even as our troops leave Berlin, 100,000 American servicemen and women will remain in Europe," he told an audience of allied officials icans in his audience not to and diplomats at the Schauslisten to critics who said the pielhaus Theatre in the city's

former eastern sector. Although the figure of 100,000 troops — about one third of the level during the cold war - was set earlier this year by President Bill Clinton, Mr. Christopher's realfirmation suggested there were no plans to reduce it further in

the near future. Despite the pull-out from Berlin, other parts of Germany will still be host to

from the ceremonies marking the 1948-49 allied airlift, hun dreds of elderly Berliners gathered Thursday to mark events they could neither see nor hear.

The visitors pushed up gainst police lines in a futile effort to witness the events. Many offered fond memories of the allied planes that kept Berlin alive during 15 months of a Soviet land blockade.

"It was the sound of freedom," said local resident Dorothea Greise, 79, recalling the sound of the flights in 1948 and 1949.

"The planes taking off and landing all through the night was such a beautiful noise.' she added, "We would all get so depressed and frightened whenever the flights were stopped because of bad weather. The noise was just so wonderful."

The airlift was a crucial moment in the early days of the cold war, instantly transforming the Western allies' role in Germany from conqueror to protector.

It followed a Soviet deci-sion in May 1948 to close land routes to West Berlin in a fatile effort to force the Western allies out. For 462 days U.S. and British

planes flew 277,000 flights to the beleaguered enclave. Seventy allied airmen died in crashes and accidents on the ground during the airlift. Planes took off and landed arrangements on cooperation in developing fast-breeder reactors between the U.S. every two minutes.

Rwandan refugees wash themselves and their clothes in a stream, which crosses the Katale camp, 50 kilometres from the Zairean town of Goma (AFP photo)

2 killed by bomb in-southwest Rwanda — U.N. ence the Tutsi-dominated

KIGALI (Agencies) — Two people are reported to have been killed by a bomb explosion this week in the humanitarian safety zone in southwestern Rwanda, U.N. military spokesman Major Jean-Guy Plante said Friday.

Maj. Plante said arrests were reported to have been made afterwards, adding that he expected to give further details of the incident later, but he played down reports that troops and extremist militias of the ousted Hutumajority government were preparing for guerrilla war. In another incident, a mine exploded on a road near the

Rwandan capital Kigali, but nobody was hurt, Maj. Plante "Preliminary findings" showed that the mine was "reasonably fresh" Maj. Plante said. "We think it

could have been planted not

too long ago." In response to media reports this week, based on an internal U.N. document, that Hutu soldiers and militias who fled to neighbouring dan Patriotic Front (RPF) seized control in July could be preparing for a counterattack, Maj. Plante said: "I don't think it will ever take

Troops of the U.N. Assistance Mission in Rwanda (UNAMIR), who deployed in the southwest late last month after French soldiers

PARIS (R) — French show

business stars plan to join a

protest march against visiting

Chinese President Jiang

Zemin, defying a French gov-

erament ban on demonstra-

tions during his stay, organis-

French authorities, mind-

ful of the protests which

forced China's premier to

curtail a tour of Germany in

July, banned protests for a

visit designed to bury a row

over the sale of French fight-

er aircraft to Tawian and

Human rights activities ac-

cused Paris of bowing to

pressure from Chinese offi-

cials who are anxious to avoid

embarrassment for Mr.

Jiang, and they vowed to go

Thursday night in Paris.

ahead with a rally planned for

In the Mediterranean port

of Marseille, first leg of Mr.

Jiang's tour police Friday

questioned several people as

yield business contracts.

ers said Friday.

withdrew from the security zone they established there to prevent ethnic carnage, had not found any arms caches in

Apart from weapons voluntarily handed in to the African U.N. troops, UN-AMIR had also unearthed a "very, very small number of weapons," Maj. Plante said. "I would never qualify this as arms caches.'

The Tusi-led RPF, which opposed the two-month-long French presence in the zone, plans within the next two weeks to deploy almost 2,000 soldiers there in close cooperation with UNAMIR, the government announced this

The U.N. document that circulated among journalists Thursday and spoke of possible guerrilla warfare launched by defeated Hutu troops in Zaire was based on "rumours" and "raw information," Maj. Plante said, not on "intelligence."

At U.N. headquarters in New York Thursday, the or U.N. Secret ary General Boutros Ghali. Joe Sills, acknowledged that an "internal situation report" prepared by UNAMIR officials had confirmed the presence of armed guerrillas in the southwest. But he said: "We are talk-

ing about a very small number of people that are lightly armed and this should not be

they tried to deploy a Tibetan

flag at Notre-Dame De La

Several hundred policemen

patrolled the city to enforce

the demonstrations ban. A

protest by Tibetan groups

ny Hallyday, Yves Duteil,

Francoise Hardy and Alain

Bashung, former government

Minister Bernard Kouchner

and philosopher-writer

Andre Glucksman pledged

they would take part in a rally

in Paris, the organisers said.

ned but it's still on. Does

China's economic potential

justify being silent on the

crimes of its leaders?" a

spokeswoman for the orga-

is enshrined in the constitu-

tion," the Support Commit-

tee for the Tibetan People

said. "France, the country of

"The right to demonstrate

nisers said.

"The march has been ban-

But in Paris, singers John-

Garde Cathedral.

was cancelled.

French entertainers to join anti-China rally

taken as a warning of an imminent outbreak of hostili-

On Thursday, U.N. special envoy to Rwanda Shahryar Khan said that the report was speculation, but nevertheless expressed concern about talk among former government soldiers in Zaire about counter-attacking against the

The new government, which includes moderate Hutus, wants to bring to trial up to 30,000 people it accuses of the genocide of about one million Tutsis and Hutu opponents after President Juvenal Habvarimana was killed in a suspicious plane crash on April 6.

Japan plans to send more than 480 troops to Zaire from Sept. 16 for three months on a humanitarian mission to help the Rwandan refugees, Jiji Press reported Friday. The news agency said the

Defence Agency was sche-duled to dispatch the soldiers to the Zairean town of Goma to engage in medical treatment, water supply and air transport. Meanwhile Zaire's prime

minister said Thursday there was no question of returning property taken out of Rwanda by fleeing ministers until the government in Kigali had persuaded Hutu refugees to go back home.

Prime Minister Kengo Wa Dondo told a press confer-

the rights of man, not only

imports goods from labour

camps in China and in Tibet,

but also China's methods of

France after Paris sold 60

Mirage fighters to Taiwan in

late 1992, causing losses estimated by French business

to more than \$1 billion. Mr.

Jiang's visit caps France's

year-long struggle to end the

The France-Libertes Asso-

ciation, headed by Mr. Mit-

terrand's wife Danielle Mit-

terrand, will be among a host

of human rights groups at the

The march is due to start

near the Chinese embassy by

the River Seine at p.m.

(1600 GMT) and end at the

Trocadero across the river

from the Eiffel Tower. At

some point, it will pause for a

minute's silence in a tribute

to the victims of Chinese

freeze in relations.

China curbed trade with

repression."

PITTSBURGH, Pennsylva-nia (AFP) — The USAir jetliner that crashed into a densely wooded area near here, killing all 131 people

aboard. left such carnage and devastation that some of victims may never be identified, authorities said Friday. The Boeing 737 was approaching to land shortly

after 7 p.m. (2300 GMT) Thursday when it suddenly nosedived and plunged to the ground, leaving body parts and debris dangling from the trees. There were no survivors, authorities said.

"This plane was decimated. The scene is one of absolute carnage. What we have are fragments of an airplane and literally small remains of people that were aboard that plane," said Pennsylvania Lieutenant Governor Mark Singel.

Authorities immediately sealed off the area while experts from the National Transportation and Safety Board began a survey of the crash site in rugged, hilly terrain about 20 miles (32 kilometres) northeast of this industrial city.

Rescue workers had retrieved the plane's black box which records cockpit conversations and flight data, said Lt. Eichenlaub.

government in Rwanda still

had to prove it enjoyed the

support of the hundreds of

thousands of Hutus who fled

to Tanzania and Zaire when

the rebels swept to power.

and grant the government what it so cruelly lacks today,

i.e. popular legitimacy.

Then, and only then, will we

return the goods that belong

to the Rwandan state," said

Mr. Kengo pointed out that Rwanda's government-

in-exile was also demanding

the return of the cars,

weapons, radio equipment

and factory equipment Kigali

is claiming and its requests were being ignored on the grounds that it enjoyed no

Many weapons were con-

The restitution of the

fiscated by Zairean troops as

the retreating Hutu army fled

stolen property, the return of

the refugees living in the squalid camps of Goma and

Bukavu and the risk pre-

sented by the presence of

28,000 former Rwandan sol-

diers in Zaire were at the

heart of talks between the

two governments earlier this

But the talks failed to pro-

duce solid commitment and

the two countries' premiers

are due to tackle them again

repression of political oppo-

Concern over human rights

in China and the ban on

protests have clouded Mr.

Jiang's high-profile, five-day

On his first full day in

France, Mr. Jiang Friday

toured the Chateau d'If in

Marseille, made famous by

Alexandre Dumas in his

novel The Count Of Monte

He will travel to Paris for

talks with Mr. Mitterrand

and Foreign Minister Alain

Juppe, followed by a state

dinner at the Elysee Palace.

on Chinese affairs, Jean

Levy, said he would "without

doubt" raise the issue of hu-

"You can count on him,"

Mr. Levy told members of

pro-democracy movements at

a meeting Wednesday night.

man rights.

Mr. Mitterrand's adviser

state visit.

at another meeting.

out of Rwanda in July.

Mr. Kengo.

egitimacy.

"Let this population return

About 20 coroners and a team of FBI fingerprint experts were awaiting the go ahead to begin the grisly task of removing and identifying the bodies of those aboard U.S. Flight 427.

"Due to the severity of the crash, the enormity of the

crash, a lot of body parts are strewn all over the area," said Beaver County Cornon-

31 die in USAir jet crash

er Wayne Totolovitch. "Even with the expertise that we have, there is the possibility that some people may not be identified." he

There were 126 passengers and five crew aboard Flight 427, which originated in Chicago and was due to fly on the West Palm Beach, Florida. "We have done a fairly extensive search of the area and there are no survivors,' said Mr. Eichenlaub.

USAir Assistant Vice President David Shipley said the cause of the crash was unknown. Air officials said that the weather was clear at the time of the crash.

It was the financially troubled airline's fifth fatal crash in as many years and the worst in the United States since 1987.

Contact with the plane was lost at 6,000 feet about six or seven miles (9.6 to 11.2 kilometres) from the airport, airport officials said. One eyewitness told CNN

that the engines died before the plane went down. The plane just cut off and

went down. It happened so quickly. The plane — there is nothing left. It just blew up," said Sandra Zuback, who lives half-a-mile (800 metres) from the crash site.

"You looked up and heard this funny noise like a car backfiring," she added. "It was smoking as it was coming down. I just couldn't believe

Local residents and worshippers wave peace-

flags and sing songs as they join in a peace

SARAJEVO (AFP) - Re-

bel Serbs kept up pressure on

government forces holding

the northwestern Bihac pock-

et Friday as Sarajevo area

ceasefire violations hit a

seven-month high, U.N. offi-

four people badly injured by

rocket fire inside the Bibac

enclave, where Serb forces

are clashing with Bosnian

government forces, U.N.

protection Force (UNPRO-

FOR) spokesman Paul Ris-

A woman was killed and

cial said.

ley, said

cathedral on the day the Bosnian capital was photo)

Another evewitness said a fire broke out after impact. A nurse who had been at a nearby shopping centre said she rushed to the scene immediately after the crash to try to help.

"All we saw were body parts hanging from the trees and just people everywhere. just parts of them," said Denise Godich. She said her husband saw just one intact body, that of a three - or four-year-old girl.

Heavy equipment was being brought to the accident site to build a makeshift road to facilitate emergency operations.

A temporary morgue would be set up at the airport, said Arthur Gilkes of the Allegheny County Coroner's Office.

Mental health professionals were sent to the airport to assist friends and relatives of the victims.

The accident is the worst aviation disaster in the United States since Aug. 16, 1987, when a Northwest Airlines MD-80 crashed in Detroit, Michigan killing 156 people. The single survivor was a four-year-old girl.

Internationally, the accident is the worst since April 26 when a Taiwanese jet crashed in Nagoya, Japan killing 264. There were seven survivors.

Thirty-seven people were killed two months ago when a USAir aircraft went down in thunderstorm in North Carolina

In March 1992, an USAir aircraft crashed on takeoff in a snowstorm at New York's LaGuardia Airport, killing 27 people. A USAir jetliner and a commuter plane collided on a Los Angeles airport runway

in February 1991, killing 34, On Sept. 20, 1989, a USAir jet with 62 people on board skidded off a runway and into the East River at LaGuardia Airport near New York. Two people were killed.

Mr. Shipley defended the carrier's safety record. There is no question the 737-300 is a completely safe aircraft," he added. He said the crashes had no

common thread and said a rumour that USAir was under investigation for imroper maintenance of its fleet of 737s was not true. The 737 involved in Thurs-

day's crash had been delivered to USAir in October 1987 by Boing Commercial Airplane Group, in Renton, Washington, a company spokesman said.

Boeing began manufacturing its first generation of 737s in 1967. The spokesman said it was the best-selling aircraft in aviation history.

USAir, based in Arlington, Virginia, has been losing money since 1989. Last year it lost \$393 million and \$182.8 million in the first half of

The airline recently shelved plans to renovate its older planes, telling Boeing to postpone for at least six years the delivery of 40 jets and cancel options to buy another 76 jets.

Malaysia police raid Al Argam commune

KUALA LUMPUR (R) -Malaysian police detained 121 followers of the outlawed Al Arqam messianic Sufi sect Friday, the Malaysian News gency. Bernama, reported Bernama said those

arrested at the commune in the west coast state of Negri Sembilan included 22 women and 89 children. They were escorted out under heavy guard by federal riot police. One of the women, Kartini Manaf, is the daughter-in-law of Al Arqam leader Ashaari Mohammad, 57, who has been held under the Internal Security Act, which allows for detention of up to two vears without charges or a trial, since his arrest last Friday on the Thai-Malaysian

Negri Sembilan Islamic Affairs Director Mohammad Hussin told Bernama that up to 50 followers will be charged with breaching a fatwa (religious ruling) banning the Al Argam sect. The children would be re-

leased, he said. Most of the men, including Kartini's husband. Ikramullah Ashaari, who is also the commune leader, were not at

ters Mr. Ibrahim was re-

sponsible for Al Arqam's

poultry business in the

Malaysian capital, Kuala

Others held under the ISA

include Mr. Ashaari's wife,

Khatijah Aam, aides Said

Sulaiman and Jailani Jasma-

ni, and Al Argam legal advis-

thorities banned the mes-

sianic sect on Aug. 5, brand-

ing it as a deviationist cult.

Three weeks later the gover-

ment declared it a security

Prime Minister Mahathir Mohammad told reporters

Thursday the government's

action had been pre-emptive.

a security threat, but they

might have, if we had left them alone," Mr. Mahathir

said. "As a government re-sponsible for protecting Islam, we had to take action

Islam is the official religion

The government launched

a campaign against Al Arqam

in June, accusing it of train-

ing "suicide warriors" in

Bangkok. It backed down la-

ter when Thai authorities de-

in Malaysia, although the

country's laws are secular.

to stop them.

"They had not yet become

Malalysian religious au-

er Zabidi Mohammad.

Lumour.

threat.

Mr. Risley said the casual-ties occurred when three 276mm rockets exploded in Meanwhile, Selangor state the centre of Velika Kladusa. Police Chief Yaacob Amin in the northern part of Bihac. He was unable to specify said poultry seller Ibrahim Mohammad was detained at exactly where the rockets had a Kuala Lumpur market been fired from. Thursday under the ISA. A police source told Reu-

Velika Kladusa, the former stronghold of renegade Muslim leader Fikret Abdic, fell to Muslim government forces on Aug. 20.

The upsurge in fighting in Bihac, where Serb forces launched a tank-backed strike Thursday, came amid a fresh wave of ethnic cleansing in the Bijeljina region of northeastern Bosnia. Those moves mocked

assurances by Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic that he had ordered a stop to the expulsions. Some 500 rebel Serbs from

Croatia's breakaway Krajina region, supported by eight tanks, meanwhile struck against Bosnian government forces in the northeastern sector of the Bihac region Thursday, the first such attack since April 1993.

demonstration ontside Sarajevo's main cancelled due to the lack of security (AFP

U.N. Protection Force spokesman Commander Eric Chaperon said the Croatian Serbs had attacked in the Zirovac area, but added: "It appears that the main BiH (Bosnian army) defence positions have still to be breached.'

The Croatian Serbs had advanced no more than one kilometre, contradicting earlier reports from Zagreb that they had penetrated 10 kilometres (about six miles) into Bihac

Two British Sea Harrier jump jets enforcing the no-fly zone over Bosnia were targeted over Bihac Thursday by a SAM anti-aircraft missile, Maj. Chaperon said. but managed to take evasive action and return safely to their aircraft carrier Invincible. stationed off the Adriatic coast.

Bosnian Serb forces meanwhile continued a four-day offensive against Bosnian government defensive positions along Bosnia's eastern front in a separate attack on the front line between Otoka and Kokovaca. "They appear to have cros-

sed in one limited area the river Bastra, north of the town (Bihac), and along the second main road in the pocket." said Maj. Chaperon. There was no evidence

One killed as Serbs attack Bihac were coordinating their attacks, the UNPROFOR spokesman said.

expecting the visit of Pope John Paul II. The

visit of the Pontiff earlier this week was

UNRPOFOR spokesman Claire Girmes characterised the Croatian Serb attack as "a very serious development," and warned all sides not to attack civilians.

Bihac town is a U.N.declared safe haven. Attacks on it can be punished in theory by airstrikes by North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) warplanes.

Maj. Chaperon also reported an offensive by the Bosnian army's Fifth Corps in a separate part of the Bihac region around the Grabez Plateau and Osoje area, where it was reported to have made some advances. The increased military

activity was concentrated south of the besieged capital near the Mount Igman road, used by the Bosnian army to resupply its forces and move Meanwhile Lisa Jones,

spokeswoman of the International Committee of the Red Cross, said the Bosnian Serbs had expelled up to 600 Muslims from the northeastern Bijeljina region Thursday. The fresh expulsions were

being carried out purely hours after Mr. Karadzic told Sergio Vieira de Mello, head of U.N. civilian affairs in ex-Yugoslavia, he had ordered the sacking of the Bijeljina police chief in a bid to halt the process.

N. Korea calls for early peace treaty with U.S.

TOKYO (R) — North Korea said Friday that one of the most pressing issues facing it was a peace treaty with the United States.

"It is natural to do so (sign a peace pact) in view of the need to fully normalise the DPRK-U.S. relations and remove the nuclear threat to ' a North Korean Foreign Ministry spokesman said.

The spokesman was quoted in a statement by the Korean Central News Agen-(KCNA), monitored in Since an agreement on

non-aggression was adopted between the North and the South long ago, if a peace arrangement is established between us and the United States which has its troops in South Korea and holds operational control of the South Korean Armed Forces, it would mean the creation of a most durable and strict peace mechanism on the Korean peninsula," the spokesman

An early peace treaty was needed to secure peace and the eve of two sets of expertlevel talks Saturday, one in Pyongyang on possible future liaison offices, and the other in Berlin on North Korea's controversial nuclear programme

U.N. Assistant Secretary of State Robert Gallucci will visit South Korea next week to discuss both countries' policy on North Korea's suspected nuclear weapons programme, South Korea's Yonhap News Agency reported Friday.

Yonhap said Mr. Gallucci, chief U.S. negotiator at the current high-level talks with North Korea, will visit Seoul for three days beginning next Wednesday to meet Foreign Minister Han Sung-Joo, Defence Minister Rhee Byoung-Tae and Chung Chong-Wook, senior presidential aide on diplomatic and security affairs.

It said Mr. Gallucci and the South Korean officials would adjust both countries' positions on North Korea ahead of a second round of U.S.-North Korean high-level talks in Geneva scheduled for man declined to confirm the report but said the exact timetable for a visit by Mr. Gallucci would be officially announced next Monday.

Yonhap said Lynn Turk. who is in charge of Korean Affairs at the U.S. State Department and leads U.S. delegates to expert-level talks with North Korean officials in Pyongyang on exchanging liaison offices between the two countries, would accompany Mr. Gallucci following the Pyongyang talks.

The Berlin meeting is aimed at covering the delivery to Pyengvang of a light-water reactor by Washington and the provision of alternative energy sources to replace the North's graphitemoderated reactors.

The United States and South Korea have been leading an effort to compel the North to open its nuclear facilities to unfertered international inspection to quell suspicions Pyongyang is de-

veloping nuclear weapons. Mr. Gallucci's visit to Seoul would follow a trip to

Seoul, Yonhap said. U.S. Defence Secretary

William Perry, speaking on the eve of the new negotiations pledged Friday that Washington was determined to hold out for a "non-nuclear Korean peninsula." 'We want a Korean penin-

sula that is entirely free of nuclear weapons or the facility for developing nuclear weapons," Mr. Perry told journalists, stressing that Washington would not compromise on this question.

Mr. Perry said Washington was seeking to outline a proposal for acceptance by the North Korean authorities which would allow fulfilment of this objective.

He mentioned an offer to supply North Korea with a 'light-water" nuclear reactor for its commercial power needs, replacing the current graphite system which is more easily able to produce plutonium, needed to develop nuclear bombs.

nied the charge. He said there was also concern about details such as Mr. Ashaari and his top aides had lived in Thailand what to do with North Kofor the past six years before rean fuel rods and both its

Major takes attack to Blair on crime Foundation, a right-wing tional Conservative preserve

LONDON (R) — British Prime Minister John Major announced a crackdown on crime Friday to try to regain the initiative on an issue that has helped propel opposition leader Tony Blair to a record lead in opinion polls.

Mr. Major, calling for a "real national effort to build an anti-yob culture," ruled out legalisation of soft drugs and said the government was considering introducing identity cards to cut crime

and fraud. "I make no apology for taking a harder line approach with the criminal," Mr. Mathink-tank, "crime is a decision, not a disease. There is no excuse for crime. The speech marked an end

to the political honeymoon for Mr. Blair, who succeeded the late John Smith as head of the main opposition Labour Party in July.

Mr. Blair shot to prominence as Labour's home affairs spokesman with the motto tough on crime, tough on the causes of crime" slogan that encapsulated his appeal as a sensible moder-

Surveys show more and

- and a Gallup poll in Friday's Daily Telegraph gave Labour a record lead over the Conservatives of 56.5 per cent to 22 per cent. With the annual Conserva-

tive Party conference just a

month away, Mr. Major

sought to steady his suppor-

ters' nerves by promising a

"national partnership against

crime. "People rightly deplore elements of what could be called a 'yob culture". Well. let us set ourselves an objective to change it. Make a real

national effort to build an

ow at Mi leo a war.

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Opinion & Analysis

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arabs for Algeria peace

WE ALGERIAN Islamic Salvation Front · 13) is edging closer to a renewed dialogue 14.16 President Liamine Zeroual after offer-🚋 🥫 renounce violence in favour of negotia-1005 with the central government. The FIS 545 Emposed some conditions which may not : leo difficult for President Zeroual to Except. The first announced condition is to · · · luct the negotiations on the basis of the ** Lard to turn down since all parties are a present to honour their country's organic 1 in The second is to recognise the FIS as a political party. This request appears will le if true and lasting reconciliation is to the unriared. The third, which could be the formidable for the time being, is to with the all political prisoners belonging to the in there are already signs that the Algethe authorities are moving in that direction. Som pre-EFF Algerian journalists detained without charge for two years were released had week in a move that promises freedom an other decainers. There is already talk of thering the former bead of FIS's provisional protective bureau as well as a lawyer on the I'M prycell.

The stage for these positive developments prin fact set by the talks already started between the government and five moderate reposition parties. This is good news that preass to be in conformity with the spirit of ilm new ern in regional and international

The civil strife in Algeria, which was method off in 1992 when the FIS was banned and denied the fruit of its victory in the national elections, has claimed the lives of ver 10,990 people as confirmed by Zeronal Vednesday. Both the Algerian president and ' !S leader Abbass Madani must have come to the inevitable conclusion that there can be no victor in their bloody conflict and the standoff between them must be resolved at the negotiating table instead of through the barrel of a gun. And any meaningful reconiliation talks between the government and F4S and the rest of the opposition groups wwst necessarily entail compromise by both

France, which has a stake in Algerian stability, seems to be prodding the parties to negatiate in earnest. French Foreign Ministex Alain Juppe said Monday that attempts in bring about political dialogue in Algeria are going "in the right direction." Other resignbouring governments must also help the ougoing effort to attain national reconciliation notably from the Middle East, should the Arab Maghreb states not be in a pasition to contribute to the settlement of the Algerian crisis. Arab capitals with clout in Algeria are called upon to play a leading role towards this end.

arabic press commentaries

TAREQ MASARWEH, a columnist in Al Ra'i, urged Jordanian political parties to undertake programmes aimed at helping to find solutions for many ills facing the nation. It is true that our political parties are still growing but these parties should take a lesson from the past when previous racties failed because they failed to adopt programmes the country at the national level and covering all ctors, said the writer. The time is ripe for the political parties to move on from mere slogans to practical programmes to promote the country's social, cultural, lucational and political life and it is time for these parties to join forces to serve their countrymen. We were raddened to see boads of political parties presenting only receiting with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, unlike the bankers and the businessmen who were more clear in their ideas and their demands, said the riter. It was clear from the debate, said the writer, that the hankers and the economists had done their homework, e-rething which is lacking in the political parties.

. COLUMNIST in Al Dustour reflected on recent t ments by the Iranian Foreign Minister in Oman, in which he called for lifting the embargo on Iraq. One can who wander what these statements mean at a time when lease still holds Iraqi prisoners of war, Iraqi civilian and war planes and continues to adopt hostile attitudes towards regulated, said Saleh Al Qallab. Assuming that Iran has wand intentions, one would expect Tehran to release the visoners and the Iraqi planes and stop all support for the leng: opposition groups now living in Iran. The writer said and above all one should expect Tehran to open its borders with Iraq to resume normal relations and trade without any regard to the U.N.-imposed sanctions.

Jordanian Perspective

By Dr. Musa Keilani The case against lifting the boycott

THE UNITED States and Europe have stepped up pressure on the Arab World to lift the economic boycott of Israel in a clear bid to take advantage of the political situation following the breakthrough in the Jordanian-Israeli track of negotiations. Since the beginning of the Middle East peace process, the pressure is indeed too much to take for some countries, while some others, particularly some of the Gulf states, are more than willing to succumb to the combined and individual efforts exerted by Washing-

ton and European capitals.

As far as we in Jordan are concerned, there are two aspects to the economic boycott of Israel. First of all, the economic boycott was adopted under a resolution endorsed by the Arab League. As such, it would need another Arab League resolution to nullify the boycott. The second is the Jordanian quest to regain its water and territorial rights.

Even if the Arab League, by some miracle, adopts a resolution lifting the boycott, Jordan would not rush into normalising trade relations with Israel for one simple reason: The Kingdom is still far from securing its rights from Israel and, as such lifting the boycott at this point in time would only be counterproductive to our interests since the Israelis would reap the benefit of making peace without having to return our rights to us. This would enable Israel to stiffen its position, opening the door for further procrastinations and delays in arriving at meaningful settlements to the core of the Jordanian-Israeli track of the

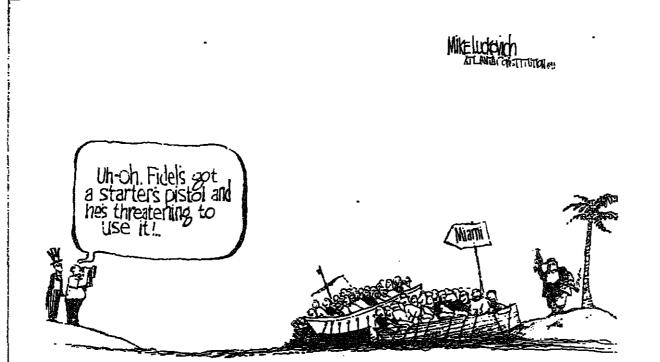
Washington, more than anyone else, should be aware of this fact. The Jordanian position is not a political ploy but stand based on sound judgement and negotiating strategy. On the other hand, however, there is the issue of lifting the secondary and tertiary boycotts. The former deals with

companies with direct links with Israel, using Israeli components in their products or having Israeli capital and input in their operations. The latter applies to companies which are in essence used by firms under the secondary boycott to do business in the Arab World.

Given that Jordan and some other Arab countries are indeed in need of foreign investment and technical knowhow, it is likely that many of them already have lifted the secondary and tertiary boycotts. This is something we understand, and it is an issue directly related to individual national interests. The contract being awarded to Motorola through a local Jordanian company to set up the Kingdom's first cellular phone system is an example where Jordan considered its national interests and decided that it was the best offer the Kingdom could get in all aspects, not only the financial side of the multi-million dinar deal.

We hope that those pressuring Jordan into ending the overall trade boycott of the state of Israel would take into consideration the basic fact that the Kingdom is not holding out for the sake of holding out. Our national interests and rights are at stake here, and we would not allow ourselves to be bullied into premature moves that would only undermine our interests, not to mention the political fallout that would inevitably follow such a move.

Jordan has not been adopting a tactic by it affirming that economic projects on a bilateral basis with Israel could come only after the basic issues in the conflict were resolved. It was making a concession when it did open the tourist crossing in the south as part of the measures stipulated in the Washington Declaration. Hopefully, this position of Jordan would be understood, if not appreciated, by those applying pressure on the Kingdom.



THE WEEK IN PRINT

Population conference is a Western ploy to keep Third World weak

Reviewed by Elia Nasrallah

A COLUMNIST IN AL DUSTOUR, Hani Al Hindi said that the U.N. Conference in Cairo is nothing but a new attempt by the U.S. and other Western nations to stop the population growth in the Third World. which is considered as a major threat to Western interests. The conference was designed to make the Third World endorse abortion and curtail population growth, an objective which the colonialist powers had failed to achieve through creating regional wars among the Third World

countries, said the writer. He said that the Western world, which consumes 80 per cent of the world's resources, should not be allowed to achieve its end at the expense of the Third World countries.

His views were echoed by Suleiman Qubeilat, another Al Dustour columnist, who said that the idea of the conference is dangerous and sinister because it is the brain child of the Western countries, which continue the drive to ensure their domination of the Third

The writer said that the Western world had tried to stop population growth through sanctions against Third World countries and through fomenting enmity among them, leading to regional conflicts but the poli-cy failed to achieve the aspired end.

Ahmad Misleh, a columnist in Al Ra'i said that it is natural for the scientists and politicians to think of ways to control population growth and prevent a population explosion for

economic reasons. But, he said, the policies exercised by the countries of the North against the nations of the South seem to be unacceptable morally and socially as well as politically at a time when the poor nations witness the Western world continually

pillaging their wealth.
Shafiq Obeidat, a col-umnist in Sawt Al Shaab daily, said that the countries of the Third should fully participate in the U.N. conference in Cairo, where they can present their ideas and voice their objection to the methods suggested by the West to curtail popula-

It is true that the conference would discuss abortion, which is totally contradictory to Islamic beliefs, but the Muslim states along with other Third World nations ought to be there to voice their views and their objections and also refuse to condone any ideas that could infringe on their faith and principles and moral values, said the writer.

In the view of Saleh Qallab, a columnist in Al Ra'i daily, world Zionism was not to blame for the conference's idea, simply because it is Israel which stands to benefit from an increase in population. In fact, strong voices came out from Israel itself against the idea of the conference and abortion simply because the Israelis fear that the Palestinians will one day exceed in number than the Jewish population. It is true that ideas put forth by the U.N. contradict the Christian and Islamic principles and faith but. the writer said, these ideas could be debated through reason and nations can find acceptable solutions through dialogue.

Discussing the work of the Royal commission for Reform and Development. a columnist in Al Ra'i said that reform can never be achieved through wishful thinking. It is not enough to hear the commission mem-bers expressing their good intentions and desires. We demand that they explain their steps and involve all sectors of society in their work and accept other parties ideas in the reform programme, said Sultan Al Hattab.

Admitting that only few people realise the nature or the task of the Royal Commission, the writer said that many of the current government decisions taken in various departments are unjustified and these too need to be examined by the com-

Discussing the question of eradicating illiteracy in Jordan, Taher Al Adwan, a columnist in Al Dustour. said that while the Ministry of Education is opening centres for adult education. one can see the number of dropouts from school in-

What is worse is to find that parents send their children to the streets to serve as street vendors or to beg passers-by for money, thus defeating the purpose of education. The writer said that children under 10 years of age are often seen at traffic lights in the western parts of Amman trying to sell small items or begging the motorists for help and at the same time endangering their own lives by wondering among hte passing cars.

The fact that large amounts of bad food are being found in stores and offered for sale means that the government-appointed inspectors charged with the task of monitoring the quality of food sold in the mar-ket are not doing their job, said Mohammad Subeihi, a columnist in Al Dustour. Furthermore, the merchants, who are found to be violating the law are not deterred by the somewhat leniency they are treated with, and so they tend to commit other and probably more serious violations.

said the writer. His views were backed by Nazih, a columnist in Al Ra'i, who said that seizing and destroying the contaminated food stuff is not enough. There should be more measures to prevent the merchants from committing a crime against their community, said the writer. He suggested that closure of the stores and the destruction of bad food seized from the stores should be followed by imprisonment of the violators of the law so that the penalty can truly deter other merchants from continuing their criminal

Discussing the Middle East peace process. Mohammad Kawash, a columnist in Al Dustour, said the Israeli government is constantly trying to impede a lasting settlement and is making it impossible for the Palestine National Authority (PNA) to handle its va-

rious tasks. Furthermore, the Israelis have failed to set free the Palestinian detainees. blocked donor nations attempts to come to the aid of the local Palestinian authority and they refuse to discuss the return of the refugees. The writer said under these circumstances, it seems almost impossible for us to see peace looming in the horizon.

Since Jordan reached agreement with Israel to end the state of war, nothing has materialised on the ground to prove that the Israelis are willing to relent on such important questions as water and occupied Jordanian lands, said Taher Al Adwan.

The writer said the recent negotiations in the Dead Sea region and Washington have proved that the Israelis are not willing to budge from their adamant position and not willing to give back to Jordan what belongs to the country. Therefore, the writer called for a halt in any form of normalisation with the Jewish state until the latter responds to the Jordanian national demands.

China, Russia to be neither friends nor foes

By Oleg Shchedrov

at the other's territory.

MOSCOW — Russia and China have pledged to build more stable ties, avoiding the shifts between political alliance and outright hostil-ity that marked their relations in the past.

Chinese President Jiang Zemin came to Moscow to meet his Russian counterpart Boris Yeltsin and brush aside the remnants of decades of confrontation between the two countries.

"Both parties reached an understanding of the necessity to build a new type of constructive partnership. which means neither confrontation nor political alliance." Chinese Foreign Minister Qian Qichen told a news conference on Sunday.

In the late 1950s, rivalry for supremacy in the Com-munist world turned Moscow and Beijing, once close political and military allies, into bitter foes and led the two countries to border clashes in the late 1960s.

Ties between Russia and China became less hostile only in the early 1980s and improved throughout the decade.

Mr. Jiang, who came to Moscow on Friday, was treated as a special guest. The Chinese leader was granted the rare privilege of staying in the Kremlin, traditionally the residence of all Russia's rulers.

He was also invited to visit on Monday and Tuesday Yekaterinburg, Mr. Yeltsin's birthplace at the foot of the Urals Moun-

During the visit top officials of the two countries signed a package of documents clearly aimed at fixing the new nature of their relations A political declaration, signed by Mr. Yeltsin and Mr.

Jiang, provided that neither country would pose a military threat to its neighbour including the promise not to use nuclear weapons first. Mr. Jiang and Mr. Yeltsin also agreed to retarget

nuclear missiles so that they would no longer be aimed

eatures

airshow

gy to obstruct bilateral relations and to stay out of any grouping that would endanger the security of the other. The Chinese and Russian foreign ministers signed an agreement demarcating the

The declaration pledged

never again to allow ideolo-

western section of their 4,300-km long frontier, moving close to wiping out one of the main irritants in bilateral relations. The border between Rus-

sia and China, drawn in deserted areas of Siberia and Central Asia between the 17th and 19th centuries, has never been properly detailed and agreed by both sides, causing problems every time the two countries entered another crisis in their relations.

In the 1960s China laid claim to vast territories of Russia and areas now belonging to the former Soviet republics of Kazakhstan and Kyrgyzstan.

The claims were withdrawn as relations between the two countries improved, but both parties agreed the problem should have been solved once and

Despite the fixing of the western sector of the frontier, the future of several small islands in the Ussuri and Argun rivers remain unresolved. But neither side appears too worried about the issue.

The links between Russia and China have expanded especially quickly over the last three years as the two countries played down their ideological differences.

The Kremlin, where a pragmatic search for a Russian approach to market economics has replaced pro-Western "liberal romanticism", is looking with nostalgia at Beijing's firm control over its economy and with envy at its economic success.

Mr. Jiang is scheduled to visit Ukraine and France

alliance with conservative

All 435 seats in the

House of Representatives

and 36 governors' jobs are

also being contested on

Nov. 8. Republicans need

to win the 40 seats for a

majority in the House,

which has been controlled

by Democrats since 1954.

order so the focus remains

on the Senate. Texas Sena-

tor Phil Gramm, who chairs

the GOP Senatorial Elec-

tion Committee, has said

the Republicans could gain

That may be too tall an

Democrats. •

Republicans seek control of Senate

By Aian Elsner Reuter

WASHINGTON — Republicans believe they can win big and president Bill Clinton's Democrats hope they will only lose small as campaigning for the Nov. 8 congressional elections

moves into high gear. America's Labour Day holiday is the traditional starting point for serious campaigning — but stakes are high this year and many candidates have been bat-

tling for months. A sign in the lobby of the Republican senatorial campaign headquarters sounds the Grand Old Party (GOP) rallying cry: "think

majority. The Republicans need to win seven seats to take control of the Senate, which they lost in 1986. With 35 of the 100 seats up for grabs. their leaders believe that

goal is within reach.
"The continuing deterioration of the Clinton presidency is the major factor," said Bill Harris, director of the Republican Senatorial Committee. "This is shaping up as a negative referendum on the Clinton presidency. There is the potential this could be a sea-change election."

Democrats know losing the Senate would be seen as a stinging rebuke for Mr. Clinton, the first Democratic president since 1981, and believe they can hang on. But they know they are fighting a powerful political

"We're likely looking at a loss somewhere in the range of three to five Senate seats," said Gail Stoltz, political director of the Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee That would leave formal

control of the Senate with the Democrats but give effective control on many issues to Republicans in

cold war as pal on the 38t

anywhere between three and 13 seats. The party holding the White House traditionally loses ground in mid-term elections in which voters often express some of their frustrations with the sitting

president. What makes this year especially volatile is the large number of open Senthe incumbent is not running. Incumbency traditionally confers a large advantage in fund raising and name recognition.

Six of the nine open seats are held by Democrats and the Republicans say they have a good chance of win-ning all nine.

"You have a very enthused and energised Republican Party looking forward to the campaign, whereas there's not much to get Democrats excited," said Gary Koops, communications director of the Republican Senatorial Com-

Democrats agree low turnout could be a problem. "I would be concerned about energising the Democratic base. One problem we face is getting Demo-crats to the polls," he said Mr. Foley.



S. Africa fights for sales at airshow

By Paul Mylrea

FARNBOROUGH, England - The South African Red Falcon has been sighted for the first time in the skies over the English countryside.

But avid birdwatchers can relax. This is not a rare migrant bird of pray but a versatile attack helicopter how locked in head to head competition with U.S. and European Aircraft makers to try to win a multi-billion dollar British defence con-

The Rooivalk - Afrikaans for Red Falcon — is the star attraction brought by the South Africans to mark their first appearance of the biennial aerospace showcase, the Farnborough Air Show, on this week at an air base southwest of

London. Emerging from interna-tional isolation following all-race elections in April after four decades of apartheid rule, South Africa wants a share of the lucra-

tive world aircraft market. Appearing at Farnborough is seen as a necessary step for the once highly secretive arms industry that equipped the country's defence forces during years of international sanctions in its bid to achieve international respectability and

"It is a breakthrough," South African Defence Minister Joe Modise said during a two-day visit to the show.

"We have been out in the cold for far too long and this entry means a lot to us. It's giving us an equal opportunity to compete with the rest of the world," he said in an interview.

The election put President Nelson Mandela's black majority government in charge of an industry that is Africa's strongest by its new political masters

as a tool of apartheid. The new government now resists calls for its

abolition. "The defence in-

dustry is very important in the South African economy for the simple reason that nations who have the capacity to produce armaments spend so much time and resources on it. It is an industry that if properely driven could benefit (South

Africa)." Mr. Modise said. The Rooivalk, although late in the race for the British two billion pound attack helicopter contract. is catching its rivals, the McDonnell Douglas Longbow Apache, the Franco-German Eurocopter Tiger and the U.S. Textron Bell

Johan Alberts, chief executive of Denal Corp, which makes the Rooivalk. said the show was an ideal showcase. "We get the opportunity to exhibit to the international world what are our capabilities," he said in an interview.

Under the slogan "from nowhere to a world player," the Denel stand groups 30 of the South Africa's aerospace firms.

Denel, which employs 14,000 people and has a turnover of more than \$700 million, was spun off from state arms procurement agency Armescor two years ago. In the last two years it paid \$33 million in dividends to its only shareholder, the South African government.

But South Africa has no illusions about the competition from U.S. defence giants like Lockheed Corp. which just announced a \$10 billion merger with Martin Marietta Corp, and from European groups squabbling over orders cut by the end of the cold war.

"We're looking for part-ners throughout the world. Britain is one of the countries we are focusing on. We don't want to overrate ourselves," Mr. Modise

"We think alone we on't be able to make it. We are under no illusions that if we do not find partners (we will lose) the possibility of sustaining the arms industry," he added.

Uzbek women in a post-Communist society

By Marfua Tokhatakhodzhaeva

WOMEN in the Central Asian republics, whether educated professionals or cotton pickers, are facing a range of serious social problems and challenges. These have often been misunderstood or deliberately distorted. Today the status of women in a society is rightly regarded as a key indicator of humanity and democracy, as well as of its level of economic development and political con-sciousness. The idea of female equality has universal meaning and is vital for the new states of Central Asia, where women's problems are still barely appreciated in ruling circles. The Communist ideology which prevailed for over 70 years tackled women's issues essentially as an economic problem. with women seen by the

plementary labour resource to be exploited. Muslim Central Asia had remained a mediaeval-type society, backward and isolated from other Muslim lands which were changing and developing fast by the early 20th century. There was no class within its traditional Muslim society which was willing to give a lead against female seg-regation or to offer solid support for the idea of

party merely as a com-

female equality.

After the Russian revolution and Communist success in Central Asia, the state gradually moved to resolve the issue of women. Lenin thought that women should become involved in the economic life of a

socialist country and be organised by Communist party committees and activists. Thus the first Soviet constitution in 1918 de-clared the full equality of political rights for women with men. But this was no more than rhetoric. In reality there began a new stage of colonisation, crueller and more destructive for the native Muslims than that of the Russian Tsars. The real purpose of the

Soviet empire was to preserve Central Asia as a cheap source of raw materials. Metropolitan Russia wanted more intensive exploitation of natural and labour resources at minimal expense. Cotton is the prime example. The huge growth in cotton production in the Soviet era could never have been achieved just by expanding irrigated areas of Uzbekistan and the fertile Ferghana Valley. It needed many more hands to work in the cotton fields. These hands existed, but in the 1920s they belonged to their families because, according to Muslim the home. Traditionally, a certain level of education existed for urban women of the middle class. But the education and status of most Muslim women was very low in Central Asia. especially in rural areas. Before men, they had only obligations.

I've fiction of et nancipation

The Soviet regime organised and promoted a policy of emancipation of Muslim women. By 1927 Soviet power had grown to a point in Central Asia that it could launch a campaign or onslaught (khoudjoum) against "feudal" practices, such as the veiling of women and fasting during Ramadan. The casting away of the veil and coming out of seclusion brought progress of a kind. Not voluntary but forced on most Muslim women, "emancipation" meant the opening of the door to the cotton fields for millions. and a way to modern European culture for just a small minority, In Stalin's totalitarian state, "women's liberation" was a fiction. The state policy aimed at making women units of the army of builders of the socialist state. Muslim women had to go out to the fields, factories or mills to survive. Nevertheless. new

economic conditions brought a change in psychology, and a certain independence began to develop among women. Mass repression and

arrests from 1928 of the urban intelligentsia of Central Asia left many families without their breadwinners. As a result, scores of thousands of women went out to work. While in 1925, women accounted for just 9 per cent of workers in Uzbekistan, this had increased to 28 per cent in 1993, and by 1940 had reached 39 per cent.

Many women took posts in government, as well as in universities and state institutions, especially in education, public health and science. But they failed to achieve equality with men because the prejudices of the past still flourished within the family.

Most Muslim women in Central Asia still have no right to choose their husbands, and they remain objects of exploitation and often humiliation. A woman cannot defend her economic interests, having no property of her own, just an inadequate salary. Within the intelligentsia, clever, well-educated. forceful women were produced, but they often found little sympathy or appreciation from their families and husbands.

Among the highly educated class, sharp tensions frequently led to unhappiness

Many Uzbek men of today cannot imagine how a woman is in any sense an equal to a man. Some are certain that a good educa-tion is actually bad for women. Many from the elite marry off their daughters at a very young age, and find brides for their sons who are minimally educated but have traditional ideas about a woman's duties.

The Soviet state gave us many beautiful slogans about the bright future ahead, but they proved empty. In reality life was very hard. But many traditional values survived, and, moreover, people did not want to change their culture and way of life based upon the spirit of Islam. Secularisation did not proceed far in Soviet Central Asian socie-

society from the late 1970s was accompanied by the increasing influence of a party bureaucracy which abused its power. In Uzbekistan the "black eco-nomy" and associated mafia flourished, with various forms of corruption rampant. Many women also became involved in prostitution, narcotics, illegal speculation and

The stagnation of Soviet

other rackets.

More recently the influence of the rich party elite and black marketeers has increased over traditional society, and served to make it more conservative and more intolerant. There is also exploitation of religion by these same groups. The moral degradation of Western society is explained away as the result of the emancipation of women. It is argued that Uzbek men should improve things by restoring traditional customs and traditions, and in effect curbing further the independence of women, and perhaps limiting their rights to work. With the appeal of demo-

cracy lacking any significant social base in Central Asia, and the collapse of Communism as an ideology, the cause of reviving so-called Muslim values is increasingly fashionable. In Uzbekistan it is being exploited by all opposition parties as well as by the government. In the current economic crisis and with worsening unemployment, it is women who have most to lose and women's progress which will surely suf-

The writer is an architect at the Institute of Restoration in Tashkent. The article is reprinted from Middle East International

Emancipation helps Tunisia to steady growth

By Francis Ghilés

AMID ALL the controversy surrounding the United Nations Population Conference in Cairo, the example of one small Muslim country, Tunisia, traditionally tolerant and open to Western influence, suggests the emancipation of women has been a significant factor in reducing population growth from 3.2 per cent a generation ago to 1.9 today.

Vastly improved standards of education and health care are other ingredients which explain Tunisia's steady economic performance in recent years. Real growth has averaged 5 per cent a year since 1989 and inflation is running at a little over 3 per cent. Over two-thirds of all households own or are buying a house or apartment.

law, women were prohi-

bited from working outside

The successful implementation of a structural readjustment programme has, since 1987, won plaudits from both the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank, and contributed to the resilence of the economy in overcoming the impact of the Gulf war and, last winter, a severe drought. The tourist sector is attracting 2.5m Europeans this year and contributing an estimated \$1.2bn to exports of. goods and services.

ence of the "Personal Status Code," promulgated by former president Habib Bourguiba in 1956, the year Tunisia gained independence

from France, which abolished polygamy and established all the laws governing family planning, divorce and the education of women which have given Tunisian women rights not enjoyed elsewhere in the Arab World.

In 1963, free prescriptions of the pill and free confidential advice on contraception were made available to women. 10 years before France. The programme spread to even the smallest village. The birth rate has declined from 45 to 24.4 per 1,000, mortality from 15 to 6.1 per 1,000. Illiteracy has been cut from 87.7 to 35 per cent, though the figure is higher among women in

poorer areas. Women are increasingly visible in teaching, medicine and architecture, in factories as workers, engineers and owners. The world of politics remains very much a man's world, although the professional skills and sureness of touch which Neziha Mezhoud, minister in charge of family issues, and a growing number of other highlyarticulate women bring to their jobs, suggests it is only a matter of years before senior cabinet posts will go to

Though leaders of the opposition Islamic Al Nahda (Renaissance) party have said they would accept many of Mr. Bourguiba's policies. women are mindful of the often violent record of some supporters of the party, notably the throwing of acid in the faces of university students on the campus in Tunis. Many Tunisian women are convinced radical Islam is not sympathetic to the idea of equality between the sexes or to their presence in public

The laws on divorce and

alimony are remarkably close to their European counterparts. Indirectly, they allow women a far greater share of inheritance than the (Holy) Koran allows. To bolster these moves, the books of people such as Hassan El Banna, the founder of the Muslim Brotherhood movement, have been withdrawn from schools and public libraries, and references to the inferior status of women

erased from all school books. Women today have 25 per cent of all jobs in Tunisia, 35 per cent of all jobs in industry 22 per cent in the growing services sector and 40 per cent in agriculture, where they manage 10 per cent of all farms. Ten per cent of all new companies are created by women.

The cycle of emancipation. education, public presence, most notably in the workplace, success in the professions and industry helps to explain why a country of such slender natural resources has progressed so much faster. not least economically, than many of its peers in the Middle East and Africa.

Financial Times.

It's cold war as usual on the 38th parallel

out during the war of 1950-

peer through the windows

of the main building at the

U.N. duty at the southern

corners of each building,

watch the North Koreans.

Syria rejects Israeli plan

open to negotiation and stressed he had made no commit-

wire earlier reports that it

American soldiers, on

By Peter James Spielmann ordinary Korean village once stood. It was wiped The Associated Press

PANMUNJOM, Korea — First, North Korea's powerful propaganda loudspeakers, warm up with patriotic music. Then comes the message:

"America is the devil's playground they are im-perialists" the voice booms, loudly enough to be heard across the demilitarised zone (DMZ) separating North Korea and South Korea and kilometres into the south.

Here, on the last front line of the cold war, electronic voices coax South Koreans northward to the "workers' paradise" and blare florid praises of the north's leader.

For 40 years, the loudspeakers, extolled the virtues of Kim II Sung - one night, a U.S. military officers recalls, even broadcasting a "stupefying" six-hour speech by the "great lead-er."

Since Kim Il Sung's death July 8, they have hailed the all-surpassing "genius" of his son Kim Jong II, the "dear, leader." Except for the change of Kims, the DMZ remains frozen in time, a cold war glacier that neither moves

nor melts. The propaganda rolls endlessly through the Pan-munjom Valley, where an

during the three years "if possible". However he did

"marginal".

tors and each other through high-powered field glasses. Orwellian doublespeak abounds:

- A "sunken peace gar-Panmunjom is now the den" on the southern side. "Truce Village" an eerie enclave divided in two and described as perfect for meditation, also provided administered by the Militcover for North Korean ary Armistice Commission soldiers who crossed the of Officers from the United border 10 years ago in pur-States, South Korea, some suit of a Soviet citizen who other U.N. members, defected from a tour group. North Korea and China. - The 4-kilometre-wide

A line also bissects the "demilitarised zone" is the green felt-covered table at most heavily armed front which the commission line in the world, with abmembers met until March out a million soldiers post-1991, when the North stoped along its 242 kilometres. Since 1967, dozens of truce ped attending because a South Korean officer began violations there and in warepresenting the U.N. side. ters offshore have cost the Tour groups come to the Truce Village, walk around the table in the central lives of 61 U.S. soldiers, 257 South Koreans and at least 355 North Koreans.

building, take pictures of it - "Peace" is frequently and are allowed to venture invoked, but there is no a few steps into the northpeace treaty between the ern half of Panmunjom. Koreas, only an armistice Curious North Korean that has held since 1953. officers sometimes stroll In the DMZ, weapons of down from their headquarwar, barbed wire, fences, ters 100 metres away and

minefields and guardposts still scar the green hills. A white crane glides down from the powderblue sky and settles among the emerald stalks of a lush rice paddy.
The paddy is ringed with

keeping themselves halfconcealed in case someone barbed wire. starts shooting. It has hap-Up in the hills, the loudspeakers blare their bellicose message, "Down with U.S. imperialism Yankees On the surrounding hills, guards from each side sit in towers, watching the visi-

Adams seeks to harvest Sinn Fein's 'historic day'

By Andrew Hill Reuter

DUBLIN - With two Irish words and a few dozen steps, Sinn Fein leader Gerry Adams has rewritten Irish history and knocked at the door of recognition

by Britain. Before he entered Dublin's ornate government buildings on Tuesday to meet Prime Minister Albert Reynolds for the first time, Mr. Adams turned to a handful of supporters and said simply: La stairiul.

It means "historic day" in Irish. It was an understatement he chose to deliver in the language Bri-tain banned to reinforce Ireland's once-colonial sta-

Mr. Adams' brief walk up the steps of Leinster House ended decades in the political wilderness for a party whose sole reason for existence is to reverse the partition of Northern Ireland from the Irish Re-

It happened six days after the Irish Republican Army (IRA), Sinn Fein's guerrilla supporters. announced a "complete cessation" of its 25-year war to sweep aside British rule of the province.

No Irish government has ever dealt with Sinn Fein, which refuses to accept the partition on which the foundation of modern Ireland was built.

The Irish constitution lays claim to Northern Ire-land but successive administrations have tacitly accepted the borders drawn when Britain granted Ire-land home rule and set up an enclave for its Protes tant majority in the north. Tuesday's talks foreshadowed a day when Britain

puts the past behind it and recognises Sinn Fein in the same way that it was forced to recognise anti-colonial rulers in Kenva, India, Cyprus and elsewhere, Sinn Fein says. Britain is withholding

recognition of Sinn Fein until it is assured that the



Gerry Adams

IRA war is over for ever. For Ireland, Mr. Adams assurances were enough to Fein leader in Ireland's 71year history to talk to an

Irish leader.

The redrawing of history's borders he seeks will be a formidable task given Britain's insistence that such a step can only happen when the majority Northern Ireland, which is Protestant, pro-British and conservative, wants it. But entry into the politic-

al mainstream - whether

Britain recognises his party

To do otherwise would

nent before making any moves to welcome Sinn

Fein. This will ease the fears of Protestants in Northern Ireland and increase pressure on gunmen of their self-styled extremist "protectors" to lay down their

weapons as well. British officials say that Sinn Fein has hitherto won only 10 per cent of votes in the province's elections and that the publicity it has reaped in recent weeks is out of all proportion to its real power at the ballot

Sinn Fein supporters who travelled with Mr. Adams from Belfast knew they were watching history. They scrambled to take photographs of each other as Mr. Adams mounted the

Ironically, television re-porters who broadcast to Britain brought with them from London or Belfast Irish actors to dub Mr. Adams' words because his voice is banned from Brit-

ish airwaves. But his 90 minutes of glory with Mr. Reynolds will put pressure on Britain to accept Mr. Adams as an equal negotiating partner and to scrap legislation which muzzles him and prevents him travelling to London, Sinn Fein officials

Mr. Adams' invitation up the steps of Leinster House was an Irish matter because he was discussing a new body Mr. Revnolds wants to establish — the national forum for reconciliation

and peace. This is distinct from the all-party talks Britain and Ireland are committed to under their Downing Street Declaration and which will be launched in October. Sinn Fein's participation, Britain says, depends upon

is permanent or not. A wry smile flickered across Mr. Adams' bearded face as he fielded the same questions Britain asks. We have made a good start. It is a great day It is a permanent start.'

whether the IRA ceasefire

ment to Damascus, which not explain what he meant by had not agreed to the plan. Some 13,000 Israelis have During the 36 months Israel would "test" security settled on the Heights, which were annexed de facto in

arrangements as well as an early warning system and Also Friday a Lebanese U.S. involvement in monitorsource said that Syria was not Mr. Rabin said the final proposing a joint Syrian-Lebanese delegation for scale of the withdrawal from peace talks with Israel dethe strategic plateau,

(Continued from page 1)

would accept a joint team. He said the reports were a misunderstanding of remarks by Syrian President Hatez Al Assad to U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher in Damascus in July. Lebanese foreign ministry

sources said in July Mr. Assad told Mr. Christopher that Syria was ready to form a joint delegation with Lebanon and had no objection to it being headed by a

or not - gives Sinn Fein (Ourselves Alone) a legitimacy it has never known and a place on the international stage to press its

> Irish and Sinn Fein officials said it would put pressure on a reluctant British government to recognise Sinn Fein and admit it to fresh talks on the province which Dublin and London are hoping to launch in October this

shatter the united front the

ments have presented on Northern Ireland since a landmark 1985 Anglo-Irish agreement, they said. This gave the Dublin

government a say in the

shaping of Northern Ire-land's future and was the

springboard for last De-

cember's Anglo-Irish

Downing Street Declara-

tion, a joint peace plan

Irish and British govern-

which seeks first of all to end violence. The British government is expected to wait for up to three months to verify that

the IRA ceasefire is perma-

amamasa government denal and of recession

Personia Historica Agirma one for its continus assess-ಸ್ವಾಗಿ ಅತ್ಯ ಮಿಕ ಅವರ**ಾಗಾಳ**. ಲೆಕ್ glaced Friday a de facto eadin three-and-a-half jests) of rucession, dishough it sold the turnaround was slow.

"The Japanesa economy is in an adjustment phase of corporate capital investment and others. But bright signs, theve been spreading recent-lify, and it is healing for recev-tion, although it a gradual face," the agency said in its facally verded on the nation's

algency director-general Remura told a to news conference Friday. Another stall in the eco-Tri nomy as seen last year is most

his. Komusa said the yea's appreciation against the doltar was "the biggest remain-ing concern" for the Japanese economy.

Temfichi Murayama told reorters after a cabinet meetng Friday that "rather than a move toward economic recovery, I would say brightness is now getting in sight." citing foreign exchange rates and weak capital spending. Finance Minister Masayoshi Takemura also re-

"The economy is still recovering, and is in a delicate he told a seperate news conference.

Shoichiro Toyoda, chairman of Japan's top automaker Toyota Motor Corp., who also chairs Japan Federation of Economic Organisations, said in a statement the latest economic data meant the economy was "getting over the worst of it.

"As for a manager, I still cannot feel there has actually been a recovery." Mr. Toyoda said. He urged the govern-

"actively implement appropriate measures, such as a measure to deal with the yen's appreciation.

Hiroshi Saito, chairman of the world's largest steelmak-er Nippon Steel Corp. who heads the Japan Iron and Steel Federation, said in a statement Friday: "We cannot necessarily be optimistic about the business environment surrounding the steel industry.

"Private capital investment, which accounts for one-third of steel demand, is still not showing signs of re-covery." Mr. Saito said. "It is likely to take a considerable time before companies make a fully-fledged recovery in their business performances.

The report said the ven's appreciation was a "factor of

BRUSSELS (AFP) - European finance ministers will once again find themselves treading the rocky road to a single European currency when they meet on the banks of Lake Konstanz in Germanv Saturdav!

Amid controversy over suggestions that a hard core of European Union (EU) countries should press ahead alone with closer integration, the ministers are to tackle an agenda covering preparation for the third and final phase of monetary union and the economic situation in

Europe.
It is now clear that the 12 members of the union, as a whole, are emerging from a recession during which they fell behind in efforts to reach the targets for economic con-. vergence set by the Maas-

The EU economy is expected to grow 2.0 per cent this year and by 2.5 per cent next year.

During the past two years of economic contraction, EU finance ministers have been ambushed by falling tax receipts, growing unemploy-

European recovery renews rocky road to single currency

ment and rising public deficits, as well as related pressure on foreign exchange mar-kets which led to the collapse of the rigid limits of the exchange rate mechanism in

August 1993.
The recovery, and the control of inflation, have renewed the prospects for a single currency, but the over-hang of public deficits and now a tendency for interest rates to rise are clouding the way forward.

Under the Maastricht Treaty for economic and monetary union, the single currency is to be introduced in 1997 at the earliest and by 1999 at the latest. Britain has retained an option to decide whether or not to adopt a

British Prime Minister John Major this week reiterated his belief that EU members should be able to advance at their own speed on each element of union policy, rejecting a suggestion by erman Chancellor Helmut Kohl's political party that a hard core of countries namely Germany, France and the Benelux states should advance alone.

French President Francois Mitterrand has rejected the ideas but his conservative prime minister, Edouard Balladur, has taken a more nuanced approach.

The administrative commission of the union, and Germany, which chairs ministerial meetings until the end of the year, have decided that the Maastricht Treaty must be applied to the letter.

The treaty is based on strict criteria requiring member countries to make their economies converge by steps in the run-up to adopting a sing-

For this reason the ministers, meeting at Lindau, are to discuss the so-called "ex-cessive deficits" procedure by which the EU is able to apply pressure on states which are not reducing deficit and borrowings on schedule.

Only Luxembourg and Ireland meet the convergence targets at this time.

Before the end of the year. the other members should receive secret recommendations which, in principle are binding, on what action needs to be taken to bring their economies in line.

The two most wayward countries are Greece and Ita-

The treaty states that the budget deficits should be no greater than three per cent of gross domestic product (GDP) and the public debt on greater than 60 per cent of

Economic recovery should strengthen the financial position of members and enable Germany, France and the Netherlands, in particular to converge.

However, there is concern that an increase in international long-term interest rates might discourage investment and weaken the recovery despite low levels of inflation

Alexandre Lamfalussy, pressident of the European Monetary Institute (EMI) the forerunner of the future European central bank, is expected to discuss rates at the weekend meeting, which will also be attended by the gov. ernors of EU central banks

The EU commissioner for finance, Henning Christ-ophersen, has argued that interest rates are rising because terest rates are rising because European countries are emerging from recession with a high level of debt which, the markets hold, "must be financed or carried forward."

U.S. deficits should contribute to persistent dollar weakness in coming quarters

The following report, covering the period from Thursday Sept. 1. 1994 until Wednesday Sept. 7, 1994. is provided by Naser Nabulsi, private client group at Merrill Lynch — Dubai.

Fundamental View: Despite higher interest rates, the large current account and capital account deficits of the United States should contribute to persistent dollar weakness in coming quarters. Monetary easing in Germany and Japan is also drawing to a close, removing a possible source of support for the dollar. With . signs of somewhat slower growth in the United States in recent months. Fed policy is likely to be on hold until November and further tightening could well be delayed until next year. We maintain our 12-month targets of DM/USD 1.50 and JPY/USD 95.

Technical View: Despite the fact that the U.S. dollar index reached highs not seen since late July, it finished the week ended Sept. 2 on the downside with a net loss of 1.2 per cent. In fact, the greenback lost ground against each of the six major currencies that we regularly monitor. Sentiment has deteric rated somewhat, but is still viewed as near oversold. At the same time, short term momentum remains generally constructive, even as more medium term oscillators are oversold and bottoming.

While a test of the July-August lows cannot be ruled out, there is a good likelihood that such a test would not be technically confirmed. Such a positive divergence would, in turn, strengthen the bottoming process relative to the post April downtrend. Given that, in each of the past seven years, the dollar index recorded important price or momentum lows during the final four months of the year, the development of an important bottom in coming weeks would have an historical precedent. Nearby resistance exists at 90.50 and 191.75. Benchmark support exists at 86.65-87.40.

Japanuss yen

Fundamental View: The dollar continues to trade with a "- many bigs against the yen in the JPY/USD 98-99 range, with thrush truding commentary focused on lack of progress of U.S.-Lapan trade talks as a source of dollar weakness. With hreatening trade sanctions on Jap the triade before a Sept. 30 deadline, the dollar remains rule reable to depital flight by international investors controlled and the potential triade war. On the other hand, we repaid the dollar to rules a relatively little lasting benefit perion if trade sunctions one evolded, because large imbalances between trade and capital flows are unlikely to be resolved by trade negotiators, Japan's current account surplus is empected to remain close to \$130 billion this year, which is far greater than the apparent demand by Japanese investors for foreign securities. In the first seven months of this year, Japane's net long-term control outflow has been a meager \$8 billion, even with a self-tortial pickup in outflows in recent

Dospite yen strength her Tokyo economics unit has

recently revised up its forecast for Japanese growth and believes that monetary easing is over. In our view, persistent dollar weakness will be required to keep U.S. assets cheap in ven terms and thereby keep capital flowing from Japan. We maintain our forecast for the yen to reach JPY/USD 95 in 12-months time, with the risk being toward more pronounced dollar weakness.

Technical View: The Japanese yen gained 1.4 per cent versus the U.S. dollar during the week ended Sept. 2 and closed at its high of the week. Sentiment is still viewed as neutral. However, short term momentum still has a generally downward bias, and with medium term attempting to peak as well, last week's strength may only serve to strengthen the topping process. The potential for an important upcoming correction still has to be respected. Benchmark support and resistance levels remain unchanged, with the latter near 97.20 Y/U.S.\$, then below 93; first support is at 100.40-101.40, with major support at 106-112.

Deutsche mark

Fundamental View: The dollar steadily dropped against the DM in recent days, falling to DM/U.S.\$ 1.53-1.54 range. The negative response of the U.S. treasury market to U.S. employment data started the dollar decline. The DM received an additional boost from renewed discussion about a European monetary union. Data released showed German manufacturing posting better than expected numbers, while the unemployment rate dropped in both western and eastern Germany. That led to a general bullishness on the German economy and strengthening the DM against all major currencies. Prospects for the dollar against the DM in the coming quarters continue to be dim.

Dollar weakness may spur some capital inflows into the U.S. since dollar assets are cheap, but the kind of massive capital inflows needed to offset the large trade deficit and buoy the dollar are not expected to materialise. This is because, on the demand side, U.S. faces increased competition for capital inflows from English-speaking countries and developing countries whose current account deficits have grown significantly.

The DM should also benefit from greater confidence of the markets in the ability of the Bundesbank to fight inflation. We continue to look for the dollar to trade at the DM/USD 1.50 level in 12 months.

Technical View: The Deutschemark rallied 1.2 per cent against the U.S. dollar last week, and - like the yen closed at its highs of the week. Despite recent improvement, medium term sentiment is still overbought. Short term momentum maintained its downward bias during the week, but is showing signs of bottoming. Medium term oscillators have the opposite characteristics, i.e., the dominant uptrend

Nonetheless, the dominant uptrend from the February lows remains intact, and will likely require a decline in the currency through the 1.63-1.64 DM/U.S.\$ range to reverse that trend; there is important intervening support at 1.5751.598. Strong resistance remains at 1.48-1.52. Against the yen, the D-mark rallied modestly last week, and short term momentum is attempting to turn up. Such a reversal would aid the medium term oscillators. Overall, however, the dominant 11-month old trading range continues to call the shots, with support at 59-60 and resistance in the areas of

Pound sterling

Fundamental View: The British pound gained against the U.S. dollar and was up to U.S.\$/GBP 1.55. The pound followed the dollar decline against the DM and was down to DM 2.39. Major data released indicated that the pace of industrial expansion was as expected. However, MO (narrow measure of money supply) growth was lower than expected, reducing the chances of a rate hike at the monetary meeting on Sept. 7. While inflation numbers for August were very good, our estimates suggest that if the economy continues to grow a 3.0 and 3.5 per cent annual rate, there would be no slack in the economy by the end of

This raises the likelihood of an increase in interest rates later this year as a preemptive strike against overheating next year. This combined with a cut in the German discount rate expected after the October elections should move the U.K.-German interest rate differential in favour of the pound. With the DM expected to strengthen against the U.S.\$, and the pound to strengthen against the DM, we expect the pound will appreciate to 1.60 U.S.\$ in six to twelve months time.

Technical View: The British pound advanced 1.1 per cent versus the U.S. dollar during the week ended Sept. 2 Sentiment is overbought and the currency continues to fluctuate within its long term trading range. Short term momentum only reached neutral readings, but does appear to be bottoming. At the same time, medium term oscillators appear to have peaked. This configuration suggests that any currency rally is not likely to be long-lived.

Resistance remains at \$1.586 U.S.\$/L for the time being. First support exists near \$1.51; the lower end of the trading range at \$1.46 is second support. Despite testing resistance earlier in the week, the DM cross pulled back to close down. Nonetheless, medium term indicators appear to be bottoming. Resistance remains at 2.43-2.45, with support at 2.37-2.38 and 2.32-2.33.

Swiss franc

Fundamental View: The Swiss franc rallied on the back of dollar weakness to SF/U.S.\$ 1.29 from SF/U.S.\$ 1.33 last week. The franc is also trading higher against the Deutsche-mark, currently at SF/DM 0.8362, a new high. We continue to expect the franc to appreciate further against the dollar in the next six months to SF/U.S.\$ 1.26, but expect it to remain in the 1994 trading range of SF/DM 0.84 against the mark.

The Swiss recovery appears to be gaining momentum and

we expect real GDP growth to be 1.5 per cent for 1994 and 2.4 per cent in 1995. Consumer price inflation, meanwhile, is expected to remain low. For August, consumer prices were up a scant 0.5 per cent from a year ago. For 1994, we expect consumer prices to be up 1.3 per cent. The Swiss franc should continue to benefit from this low inflation environment and the ongoing efforts to reduce the budget deficit.

Technical View: The Swiss franc gained 1.9 per cent versus the greenback during the week ended Sept. 2 and was the strongest currency among the six we most regularly discuss. Sentiment remains overbought. The late-week upside reversal did allow short term momentum to firm up, but overbought medium term momentum still appears to be peaking. Resistance remains at 1.23-1.26 SF/U.S.\$, with support at 1.355-1.39.

The DM cross tested support last week, but remains in its trading 1994 range, medium term oscillators remain under pressure (although there are signs of bottoming). As long as that condition exists, any nearby rally should be monitored closely. Support is at .834-.838; resistance exists above .850.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 10, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A good day and evening to make changes in your plans so that you will be able to expand in different directions than you have been considering, especially where taking a

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) A good day to concentrate on the ideas which keep you from off the beaten path. Steer clear of woes.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Be more thoughtful of those around you and this can become a more pleasant day for you and those you are associated with. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Take no risks where higher-ups are concerned. You feel there is much which can be accomplished in the

outside world. Drive with care. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You want to make new

plans but be sure you have all the information you need before doing so or there could be problems. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) This is a good day to analyse where you

stand financially, so concentrate on the practical. Don't make unwise remarks where your mate is concerned. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Give an associate a helping hand even though it may cause you a little inconvenience. Don't make a big deal of something unpleasant.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You need to get more order into your environment; stop procrastinating about this. Pay little attention to a bothersome associate.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You may find it difficult to ravel out recreational plans for the evening, but be persistent. Show

your mate you're truly devoted. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Take time to

placate a disturbed member of your family and show you are devoted. Do some necessary shopping for your loved ones. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Care in driving is most important today when others are apt to be quite reckless. Don't cirticise a friend. Control your temper.

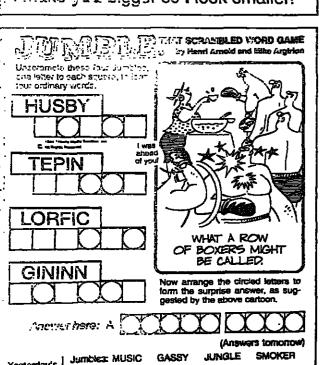
AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) If you spend lavishly today, you can soon regret it. Get your property improved and increase its value. Don't get taken in by profiteers.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Be more objective and you can get along much better when dealing with others. Stop feeling sorn for yourself. Update your wardrobe.

THE Daily Crossword by William Camino

Birthstone of September: Saphhire - Lapis Lazulli





Answor: What the musicians often called their breaklest — A JAM SESSION

Peanuts







Andy Capp

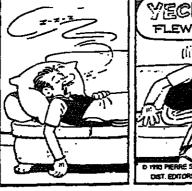






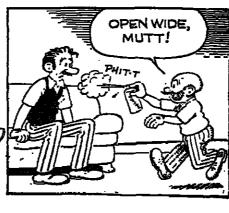


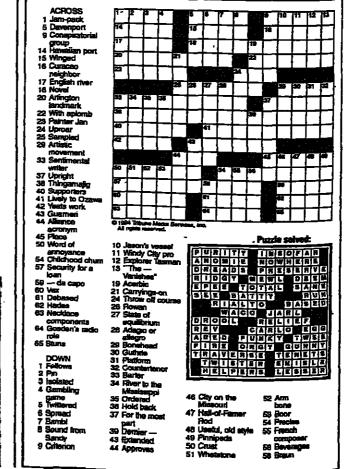
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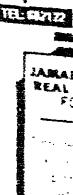
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Carrency	New York Toky Clase Clos Italy 7/9/94 Hat 8/9			
Sterling Pound	1.5445	1.5461		
Deutsche Mark	1.5505	1.5474		
Swis. Franc	1.2980	1.2935		
French Franc	5.3140	5.3132**		
Japanese Yeu	99.45	99.24		
European Current Unit	1.2250	1.2275**		
IND Per NIG				

Eurocurrency Interest Rates		Date: § 9:1994			
Currency	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS	
U.S. Pollar	4.62	4.75	5.00	5.56	
Sterling Pound	4.57	5.31	5.75	6.37	
Deutsche Mark	4.75	4.75	4.95	5.25	
Swho Franc	3.87	4.00	4.25	4.56	
French Franc	5.57	5.50	5.81	6.25	
Japanese Yen	2.31	2.18	2.25	2.50	
European Currency Unit	5.62	5.81	6.12	6.58	

	DAG	
Currency	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.6960	0.6980
Sterling Pound	1.0746	1.0899
Deutsche Mark	0.4486	0.4510
Swiss Franc	0.5363	0.5390
French Franc	0.1310	0.1317
Japanese Yen	0.7003	0.7038
Dutch Guilder	0.4003	0.4023
Swedish Krona	*****	*****
Italian Lira [:]	0.0442	0.0444
Belgian Franc	*****	****
Fer 100		

Other Carrencies	Date	8/9/1994
Currency	Bid	Offer
Rehraini Dinar	1.8310	1.8430
Lebenese Lira*	0.040665	0.042030
Saudi Riyal	0.1852	0.1862
Kewaiti Dinar	2.3150	2.3860
Qatari Riyal	0.1900	0.1913
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2150
Omani Riyal	1.7880	1.8040
UAE Dirham	0.1889	0.1905
Greek Drachma	0.2810	0.3190
Cypriot Pound	1.4015	1.5050
Per 100		,

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JOSEPH GOLL BUIL	130,794			
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JOHNAN ISLANIC BANK	248, 181			
DEICH BANK FOR SAVING & INVESTMENT	5, 375			
BOSINESS BANK JOHDAN INVESTMENT & PINANCE BANK	41,500	3.880 9.150		
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AND DANK FOR DEVESTREET	571,363			
ARAB BANKING COMPORATION/JORDAN	7,350	3.800		3.85
PHILADELPHIA INVESTMENT MAR.	137,423			
JORDAN DREMANCE JORDAN FRENCH INSUMANCE	21,500			
PHILADELPHIA INSURANCE	67,591 11,000			
ARAB LIFY & ACCIDENT THESTRANCE		2.650		
JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POMER	72,527			1.66
ARAB INTERNATIONAL NOTELS		5.490		
JORDAN MATICHUL BEIPPING LIFES	390,922			
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		12.000		
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THE JORDAN CENENT PACTORIES JORGAN PROSPERTY HUNES	226,718	2.780		
SCHOOL PRINCESH REFINERY		7.350		7.41
JORDAN SARWING		7.700		
THE INDUSTRIAL CONSERCIAL & MERICULTURAL	16,708	5.600		
THE JORDAY MORSTED KILLS	100,136			
ANA PRANCENTICAL MANUFACTURING	251,563			
JORDAN CHRANIC INDUSTRIES THE PUBLIC MENTS	10, 190	6.250 3.100		
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SPINNING & MEANING	21,283			
RAPIA INDUSTRIES	38,955			
DAR AL DAMA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT	466,264	16.000	14.480	16.60
ARAB DVVESTMENT & DERNATIONAL TRADE		1.129		
ERRE ALCHIETUM ISDUSTRY	107,723			7.0
ANAB PAPER CONVENTING & TRADES		1.306		1.3
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JORDAN CHENICAL INDUSTRIES		5.360		
JORDAN ROCKHOOL THOUSTREES		1.770		1-7
DETVIESAL CERCICAL DEDUSTRIES		5.250	5.000	5.10
PLYDDIN JEDOSLETSS	14,440			
JUNEAU DEDUSTRIES & MATCH/JIMCO		9.860		
ENTINGAL CARLY & FIRE HAMISPACTURING	37,088	6.700		
JORDAN SULPRO-CHRUICALS	1,293			
ARAH CEFTER FOR PHARM, & CHEMICALS EASTERN INVESTMENT	58,054	2,900 2,170		
MAIASHRYT MODERN INDUSTRIES		4.340		
JOHNAN TEDUSTRIAL RESOURCES CO.	426,440			
GRAFD TOTAL	6,072,183			

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CENTRAL GENERAL TRADUC & STORAGE	77,023	9.860	0.860	0.890
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LAREA PRIVATE OFFICENSITY	4,457	1.810	1.770	1.790
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MATIONAL TEXTILE & PLASTICS 180. CO	39,008	1.500	1.500	1.520
JORDAN ERN CARLE COMPANY	105,904	2.170	2.200	2.230
MATICMAL MULTIPLE IMPOSTRIES	274,209	1.610	1.650	1.560
EL-TAY READY WEAR MANUFACTURING CO.	43,372	2.370	2-390	2.550
INTERNATIONAL TORACCO & CIGARETTES	184,109	1.290	1.940	1.300
DEIVERSAL RETAL IND.	14,121	2.270	7.300	2.380
MALOR CERTICAL E ARCHITAGES OIL INDUSTRI	155,494	3.280	3.200	1.290
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Oxfam turns sights on poor in Britain

LONDON (R) - Oxfam, the charity which fights starvation in developing countries, is considering a plan to combat poverty at home in Britain.

A spokeswoman said the move was inspired by increasing levels of poverty in Bri-

"We get comments from people we are working with abroad who have heard about problems in Britain and ask what we are doing about it," she said. The British government

maintains that poverty has been falling in Britain However, the independent

Institute for Fiscal Studies said in a recent report that while most Britons became more prosperous in the decade, the poorest 10 per cent suffered an average three pounds (\$4.7) a week drop in

Saudis say state partner not needed in petrochemicals

DUBAI (R) — Saudi Indus-try Minister Abdul Aziz Al Zamel has made it clear his government will not insist on taking a share in major petrochemical ventures in the kingdom, as its policy had been assumed to be.

His statement expanded and reinforced a Saudi cabinet declaration inviting local and foreign private petrochemical investment.

The cabinet statement had not specifically stated that it was not a prerequisite that the government-run Saudi Arabian Basic Industries Corp (SABIC) or the state oil firm Saudi Aramco take part.

But Sheikh Zamel, asked if petrochemical plants could be built without the participation of these firms, said: "There is no objection," adding the proviso that the companies must buy their raw materials locally where

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling

rates for leading world currencies and gold against the

dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and

1.5580/90

1.7464/74

1.3031/41

32.08/12

5.3377/27

99.46/56

7.6488/88

6.8460/10

6.1601/51

\$1.5417/27

1587.3/8.8

Sheikh Zamel, quoted by

the official Saudi Press Agency said however that many investors ask SABIC to join their projects.

In August 1993 the cabinet vetoed an \$850 million plan by Mobil Corp to build an MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether) plant in conjunction with a private group led by Saudi Oil Minister Hisham Nazer's son Loay.

No reasons were given other than the need to establish a policy governing petrochemical investments, but the measure effectively froze various other petrochemical projects.

Sheikh Zamel said he welcomed any venture and his ministry was ready to study its feasibility. For large projects, he said the government was inclined to encourage them to offer shares to Saudis once they are up and run-

ning.
SABIC has carved out a

five per cent share of the world petrochemical market with a complex web of plants in the purpose-built industrial cities of Jubail on the Gulf

and Yanbu on the Red Sea. Sheikh Zamel said SABIC would continue to be active in making petrochemical investments through new projects and expanding existing

projects. The clearer policy of openness appeared to have direct bearing on plans by Chevron Corp and a private Saudi group to make benzene and cyclohexane, industrial building blocks, estimated by outsiders to cost \$500 million.

In addition, the local Xenel Industries has plans that could cost \$400 million to build a propylene and polypropylene plant with Himont, a U.S. subsidiary of Italy's Montedison SPA.

The local Alujain Corp also wants to build an MTBE

Funds become driving force in U.S. oil price moves

comes to oil prices, supply, demand and even OPEC often take a back seat to a new force in the market managed account funds.

Explosive growth in commodity and equity funds and

bullion markets Friday.

One sterling

U.S. \$1.00 costs 1.3710/20

One ounce of gold \$390.40/390.80

NEW YORK (R) — When it ever more complex futures products, industry sources said, are the force behind investment funds' growing role in influencing oil prices

since the Gulf war. While news like the oil workers' strike in Nigeria or

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

Belgian francs

French francs

Japanese ven

Danish crowns

Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns

Italian lire

Swiss francs

fundamentals such as OPEC's production levels can dictate daily moves or longer-term trends, pools of speculative money in the managed account funds, many of them based in the United States, can dominate markets for weeks.

Traders pointed out that crude oil prices, which rose this year from about \$13 to \$19.40 a barrel for North Sea Brent, were falling even as the strike in Nigeria, a member of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries, was cutting the country's output.

The opposite phenomenon happened in March.

Many market analysts expected crude to fall to \$10 a barrel when OPEC decided to maintain its output ceiling of 24.52 million barrels a day heading into a seasonally weak demand period. Instead, futures started on a four-month bull market.

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ment vehicle for the funds... they're increasingly becoming a more powerful force," said Andy Lebow, energy futures specialist at E.D.F. Man. "If you're a commodity

fund, you have to be in oil." Interest rates, inflation and so called technical factors influence the fund's actions.

The latest rise in U.S. interest rates encouraged some funds to sell their crude oil futures on the view that inflation was under control and their money could be parked in higher-yielding invest-

Fund managers also look at their "charts" or graphs of price movements and base trading decisions on how recent price action could determine future direction.

The fund's clout does not always please the oil industry, whose earnings depend on selling and refining crude oil to make gasoline and diesel fuel rather than on trading in futures.

Industry executives have complained for years about the "Wall Street refiners" the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX).

"It's a market that's manipulated and it's a market that's not real," argued one long-time spot market oil trader in Houston. "It hurts the refiners, it hurts the producers, it hurts the industry and ultimately it hurts the consumer."

"The funds are the players," he said.

The Houston trader pointed out that the funds trade contracts that far exceed actual supply and demand in the United States.

The United States pumps about 6.5 to 7.5 million barrels of oil a day and imports about that much crude to meet total U.S. consumption of about 14 million barrels a

On the NYMEX, some 100,000 crude oil contracts are traded every day - the equivalent of 100 million barrels or more than seven times the daily consumption of oil in the United States and four times OPEC's total daily production of nearly 25 million

IBM to cut 3,000 workers

NEW YORK (AFP) — Computer giant IBM announced Friday 3,000 cuts to its U.S. workforce in the coming weeks, in particular to its commercial division.

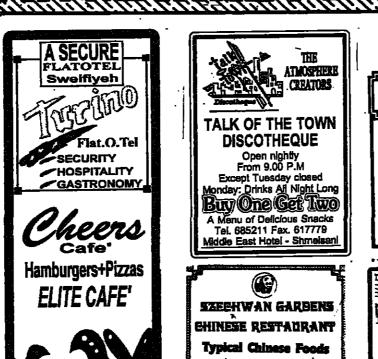
The commercial division, which had 100,000 workers in 1986 before voluntary cuts early retirements, presently employs 43,000 people.

The latest round should trim the total number of IBM employees to the company's goal of 215,000 by the end of this year. In 1986, the company had 250,000 workers. The restructuring efforts,

in conjunction with the introduction of new models, appears to have brought results. For the first six months of 1994 IBM posted a net profit of \$1 billion. The year before it posted a

net loss of \$372 million. Sales increased four per cent to \$28.7 billion from \$27.6 billion for the first half of 1993.

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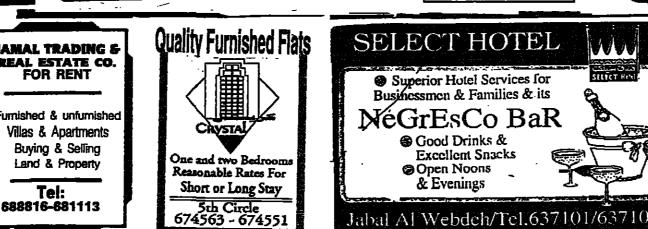


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WORLD SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIPS

Kasvio, Perkins in Fine for golden battle

Antti Kasvio sounded a determined challenge for his second World Swimming Championships title with the fastest qualifying time for the men's 400 metres freestyle inal Friday.

Double European champion Kasvio, gold medallist in Monday's 200 freestyle, won his heat in three minutes 51.04 seconds, 0.03 seconds ahead of 200 bronze medallist Danyon Loader of New Zea-

But Commonwealth cham-pion Kieren Perkins, Austra-"lia's Olympic silver medallist. made clear he would have a big say in the evening's final by winning his heat in

Defending champion Joerg Hoffmann of Germany also secured a final place but Olympic bronze medallist Andres Holmertz of Sweden, who took silver behind Kasvio in the 200, managed only minth overall and failed to

Áustralia's Samantha Riley made an excellent start to her bid for a second breaststroke gold medal with the top qual-ifying time for the women's

Riley, winner of Tuesday's

with South Africa's Penny Heyns and Monday's 400 metres individual medley champion Dai Guohong of China the only other swimmers under 1:10. Heyns bettered her own African record

by 0.18 seconds in 1:09.79. Elena Rudkovskaya of Belarus, no longer the force she was when she won the 1992 Olympic title in Barcelona,

failed to qualify.
Germany's Jana Doerries
and Australia's Rebecca Brown, respectively world and Commonwealth silver medallists, were also elimin-

Japan's Akira Hayashi led qualifiers for the men's 200 metres breaststroke final. though he did the same for Monday's 100 and had to settle for fifth in the final, 0.02 seconds away from the bronze medal.

Hungary's Norbert Rozsa and Karoly Guttler, gold and silver medallists in the 100 breaststroke, also qualified comfortably and there was a place in the final for Britain's Nick Gillingham, the European and Commonwealth

The major casualty was

Australia's Phil Rogers, Commonwealth silver medallist who had been pipped by 0.01 second for the 100 bronze by Belgium's Frederic Deburghgraeve, another non-qualifier in the 200. Australians Susan O'Neill

and Petria Thomas looked best placed to challenge a Chinese one-two in the women's 100 butterfly.

Liu Limin, beaten for last December's world shortcourse championship gold by O'Neill, led the qualifiers in 1:00.11, with O'Neill, Chi-na's Qu Yun and Common-wealth champion Thomas next quickest.

Franziska van Almsick, who won Tuesday's 200 freestyle in world-record time after German teammate Dagmar Hase gave up her own place in the final, made the 100 butterfly on her own merits — but only just.

European silver medallist van Almsick, who was ninth and failed to qualify by right for the 200 freestyle final, secured the eighth and last place in the 100 butterfly in 1:01.49 — just 0.04 seconds ahead of American Amy van



Russia's Dmitry Santin performs a forward 3½ somersault during men's 10m final at the World Swimming Cham-

pionships in Rome Thursday. Sautin won the title ahead of China's Sun Shuwei and Vladimir Timoshinin (AFP photo)

Broadway Flyer may atone for Derby flop

LONDON (R) — Broadway Flyer, bred by golfing great Gary Player, can atone for a bitter disappointment in the Epsom Derby by winning Saturday Doncaster St. Leger, the last classic of the English horse racing season. Broadway Flyer, a leading

fancy at Epsom, trailed in Zist but was later found to be suffering from a virus infec-

No one could have been more disapointed than Player who reckoned he would tather have won the Derby Han the British Open.
Broadway Flyer, sold two

Emaab and Willie Carson raçêd to victory. Erhaab has since retired To stud following two defeats and Saturday presents Broad-

Years previously by Player for \$45,000, ran no sort of race as

way Flyer with a chance to return to the big time. The front-running colt bounced back with a battling victory at Goodwood in July

and ran a sound race when third to Sacrament and Ionio in fast month's Great Voltigeur Stakes at York. Trained by John Hills and ridden by his brother Michael, Broadway Flyer has

to reverse form with Sacrament and Ionio Saturday. But the greater distance of 141/2 furlongs (2.9 km) should

belp tilt the balance. Currently an 11-2 chance, Broadway Flyer's odds could be trimmed in the event of further rain which may take the edge off some of his

rivals.

But top trainer Henry Cecil feels his 2-1 favourite Red Route acts better on softer ground and is also hop-

fifth Legar since 1980. Red Route has looked more impressive the further he has been asked to race. Cecil and jockey Willie Ryan are both in form, but the trainer said: "I would like a bit more rain. I am not saying he won't go on this (ground) but the more rain, the better

chance I've got."

Trainer Hills, seeking his first classic victory, said: "If it slows them up it might help. He goes on any ground but rain might take the speed off a horse like Sacrament."
Ever-improving Sacra-

ment, the 3-1 second favourite, has the full confidence of rider Walter Swinburn, a jockey who revels in the big occasion.

terrific combination of class and guts and I would be terribly disappointed if anything behind us at York beat us though I have a healthy respect for Red Route and

Midnight Legend," he said. A Royal Ascot winner in June, Midnight Legend (7-2) will Saturday be in his biggest test by far. John Reid rides for trainer Luca Cumani.

Double Trigger (10-1), trained northern England by Mark Johnson who lifted the 2,000 Guineas with Mister Baileys, has been struggling with Sore Shins but his cause in a probable small field of eight is far from hopeless. Ionio (also 10-1) is trained

by Clive Brittain. The Newmarket-based handler has been known to pull of surprises in major contests, but is not enjoying the best of

New IOC member sees end to rift

WASHINGTON (AFP) — The International Olympic Committee (IOC) averted a fight with global sport federations by electing some of their presidents to IOC executive positions, one of the IOC's newest ruling members said Thursday.
International Archery Fed-

eration President James Easton, the second U.S. representative on the IOC executive board, said his counterparts in other sports sought greater power in deciding host sites for Olympic Games.

"I don't think the thing had gotten to a divisive thing," Easton said. "Yet some presidents felt some decisions were made without much input by the sports that were participating.

A narrow vote for Sydney

over Beijing as host for the 2000 games brought concerns to a head, although Easton said most presidents favoured going to Australia.

'I think the Sydney decision was the right one for the sports and the athletes, but the sports would like to have a greater voice in where they

are going to play," he said.
IOC President Juan Antonio Samaranch said at a meeting in Paris that more federation chiefs would be among new members of the ruling panel. Easton was elected to a U.S. post that went, vacant for 2½ years while the U.S. Olympics Committee searched for

"I don't think any great damage was done by that," Easton said. "Now we can look to the future.

Archery's Olympic future was once dim, as IOC officials considered trimming several sports from the games' lineup. Instead, a limit of 10,000 athletes was established with no regard to

the number of sports. Lesser heralded sports are being asked to trim the number of athletes sent to Olympics so they can keep their place even as new events such as taekwondo, triathlon and beach volleyball join the schedule.

"I think it's proper to ask the sports to voluntarily reduce the number of athletes competing under that ceiling so other sports can be added," Easton said. "I think there is room for more sports and the sports prove themselves by being played around the world and making

themselves presentable for TV." Easton, 59, was mayor of

the 1984 Olympic village and archery chairman of the Los Angeles Games. He joins Anita DeFrantz as a U.S. member of the committee. "It was really important to

have some help. I can't do it all," DeFrantz said. "The United States is too big a contry. Too many issues and things weren't getting done."

Among those was proper campaign for Salt Lake City as host of the 2002 Winter Olympics. Easton said he understands the U.S. site is favoured, but hinted the world might not return here so soon after Atlanta's 1996 Summer Games.

"The only thing I could see would be something as unre-

lated to the success of the event as being too often in the United States," he said. "I knew (Quebec) may be strong in the sense people want to come to North America but not the U.S."

Easton will attend an IOC committee evaluation of Salt Lake City Sept. 18-21, saying he sees his role as a civic responsibility and not a conflict of interest. Easton owns a manufacturing firm in the city that makes ski poles in addition to bows, arrows and tent poles.

"(Conflict of interest) is something I have to be sensative to, but I don't sell much product in Salt Lake City," he said. "I don't think I would be prospering any more if they get the games or not.

Japan stuck in the middle over Asiad invitation to Taiwan president

TOKYO (AFP) — Three weeks before the Asian Games open in Hiroshima, Japan finds itself in a diplomatic quandry over an invitation to Taiwanese President Lee Teng-Hui that has angered China.

Ostensibly a sporting event, the October 2-16 games have become a public arena for the two Chinese rivals, causing growing embarrassment for Tokyo and its fragile ruling coalition government.

Lee said Wednesday that he would take up the invita-tion extended to him by the president of the Olympic Committee of Asia, Sheikh Ahmad Al Fahad, to attend

the games' opening. China, which regards Taiwan as a renegade province, has threatened to boycott the games if Lee turns up in Hiroshima.

"Against its will, the Japanese government finds itself in a very embarrassing situation," said Mineo Nakajima, director of the foreign affairs institute at Tokyo

Languages University.
"For a long time Japan totally neglected the question of Taiwan while the island's economic influence grew rapidly, boosting its interna-tional status," he said. "Today, we are taken by surprise and we pay the price.

A delegation of six Taiwan legislator met Friday with officials of major Japanese parties to plead in favour of Lee's visit, while some Japanese legislators have criticised what they see as Tokyo cowering before Beij-

ing.
"Japan cowers before China just like a mouse does before a cat," said parlia-mentarian Motoo Shiina. "This type of relationship has to change."

Japan recognised communist China in 1972 after cutting diplomatic links with Taiwan,

American baseball strike talks reach last inning

NEW YORK (AFP) — Major League Baseball owners pondered a players' union proposal here Friday in the final hours before a scheduled deadline to settle the

walkout or end the season. Many on both sides of the 29-day-old labour dispute have said Friday's deadline will likely be pushed back, despite acting commissioner Bud Selig's threat to shut down the idled 1994 season if no settlement is reached be-

fore the weekend.
"We're really talking about differing philosophies and any possibility of saving the season," Los Angeles pitcher Orel Hershiser said. "Everyone wants to make the best effort possible because we're NAXOS getting to the point where some things might have to be cancelled."

The union proposal would provide visiting teams with

greater revenue from games and create a tax on teams with too large a payroll or revenue base.

The idea from players would govern owners, but a solution from any source is seen as preferable to wiping out the World Series cham-

out the world series cham-pionships for the first time in 90 years.
"The suggestions we've made we hope will make some progress," union head ' Don Fehr said. "What we did is say here is a way to do what you want in a way players can live with.

The strike began over a dispute between owners from large and small cities, with big-budget teams buying top talent while smaller clubs became weaker. Large-market owners with high revenues refused to share money with teams from smaller cities without a salary cap on play-

Players walked out Aug.

12, determined never to accept salary limits. Only after receiving details of the owners' revenue-sharing ideas last weekend did players see room for compromise.

"We feel the proposal made some concessions," Toronto player representa-tive Paul Molitor said. Whether the dealine is Friday or three days from now, everyone realises that to get the playoffs in, we're in the

The plan would give visit-ing teams 25 per cent of game revenues, compared to the existing five per cent in the National League and 20 per cent in the American League. The taxation plan would likely have the 16 largest clubs paying into a tax pool for 12 smaller clubs.

The cost represents a 6.3 per cent increase from last season, when the average was \$173.37, and includes four average-priced tickets, two small beers, four small sodas, four hot dogs, parking for one car, two game program-mes and two twill caps.

The biggest contributor to the NFL's increase was an 8.2 per cent rise in average ticket prices to \$31.05, the largest one-year boost since 1981, when Team Marketing Re-port began tracking such sta-

Beer went up 7 per cent, with the Philadelphia Eagles charging the most, \$4.75 for a

NFL remains most costly day out in American sports

NEW YORK (AP) — A day at a National Football League (NFL) game for a family of four remains the most expensive outing in American pro-sports, averag-ing \$184.19, according to Team Marketing Report, a Chicago-based newsletter.

The NBA had a fan cost

14-ounce cup.
The San Francisco 49ers,

with an average ticket price of \$39.75, have the NFL's highest average cost for a family of four for the fourth consecutive year — \$236, 14 per cent higher than last year.

The Green Bay Packers, whose average ticket price is \$26.13, have the lowest average cost, \$151.02. The Cincinnati Bengals are the second-least expensive team to see with an average cost of \$163.22. Then come the Indianapolis Colts at \$164.90 and the New Orleans Saints at

index of \$168.78 during the 1993-94 season, with the average ticket price at \$27.12. Major League baseball's 1993 fan cost index was \$95.80 and its average ticket price was \$10.45. Football's first \$40 ticket belongs to the Philadelphia

Eagles, with the league average at \$31.05, an increase from \$28.68 last year. That helped the Eagles become

the second-most expensive team with a fan cost index of \$216, followed by the New York Giants at \$213,35 and the Los Angeles raiders at \$201.27.

The cheapest ticket in the league is \$25, charged by the New York Jets. The Giants had the biggest

increase in ticket prices this year, to \$35.59, a 23.8 per cent rise, with the Tampa Bay Buccaneers right behind with a 22.9 per cent boost, up to \$29.57.

Sixteen teams increased ticket prices this season and nine teams froze ticket prices from a year ago — Arizona, Cleveland, Dallas, Green Bay, Indianapolis, the Raiders, the Los Angeles Rams, the Jets and Washington. Some teams held off because they make changes only every few years. The three teams decreasing

average ticket prices were Atlanta, Minnesota and New

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DATE OF SALE:

Warehouse near 7th Circle.

Monday, Sept. 12, 1994, from 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. LOCATION:

ITEMS TO BE SOLD: Furniture, various office items and automobiles. CONDITIONS OF SALE:

This sale will be conducted by sealed bid. Bid forms will be available at time of sale. All items will be available for inspection at the time of sale.

A deposit of 20 per cent of the total bid is required at the time of bid. All bidders will be notified and deposits re-

funded beginning on Tuesday, Sept. 13, 1994. All property must be removed within 24 hours of notification. If not, a storage of JD 50 per day will be imposed. All bids must be deposited by 12:00 p.m. on

Sept. 12, 1994. All property is sold on an as-is, where-is, non-returnable basis for cash payment without refund or warranty.

مكنا منه الأصل

Boli makes peace with Rangers

GLASGOW (R) — French international Basile Boli, in trouble with Rangers over criticism of their manager and players, will stay with the Scottish champions, the club said Thursday. Boli's spell with Rangers.

who signed the defender from former European champions Marseille for £2.7 million sterling (\$4.16 million) in the off-season. appeared last week as if it would end after just five competitive games.
British papers said Boli

criticised manager Walter Smith's tactics and the attitude of his Rangers teammates before a crucial European Cup preliminary round match in an interview.

Boli, summoned to Ibrox Thursday, denied making some of the more contentious comments and Smith accepted there had been mis-

NEWS IN BRIEF Swede joins Wednesday

SHEFFIELD (AFP) — Swedish international Klas Ingesson has signed for English Premiership side Sheffield Wednesday. The Hillsborough club are understood to have paid Dutch side PSV Eindoven around two million

pounds for the 26-year-old player, who appeared in all seven games as Sweden finished third in this year's World Cup. Although Ingesson has put pen to paper, Wednesday manager Trevor Francis is waiting for the Dutch FA to officially notify their English counterparts of the transfer, before he can consider him for Saturday's match at Nottingham Forest. Ingesson, an attacking midfielder, started his career with IFK Gothenburg and played for Belgian club, Mechelen, before joining PSV.

were also charged but the Melbourne club obtained a Supreme Court injunction here to posptone their hearings until at least next

Waiters joins Wolves

LONDON (AFP) — Liverpool's former Aston Villa and Glasgow Rangers winger Mark Walters, 30, joined first division Wolverhampton Wanderers on loan Friday. Walters' Antield colleague, Paul Stewart, is also on loan at the Midlands club, which is managed by former England boss Graham

LeMond considers quitting ANAHEIM (AFP) — Greg LeMond says he

Mechelen, before joining PSV.

5 cleared of brawl charges

MELBOURNE, Australia (AFP) — An Australian Football League (AFL) tribunal cleared five players from the West Coast club

ANAMELIM (AFF) — Oreg Lemond says he is "unlikely" ever to race again, but the 33-year-old U.S. champion cyclist stopped today, I will be happy. I will have no regrets," he told journalists at the opening of the Interbike International Bycicle show. The here Friday of charges arising from a wild three-times Tour de France winner added: brawl with Footscray opponents at half-time in their match at Perth last weekend. The tribunal exonerated the five after they gave evidence in a video linkup with Perth, where the club is based. Three Footscray players again."

mree-times Tour de France winner added: "I'm going through a real transition in my career. I'm trying to decide. I don't want to officially say I'm retiring because I want to make sure, but it isn't likely I will compete



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Schumacher coming to grips with suspension

LONDON (AP) — Formula One points leader Michael Schumacher, banished to the sidelines for this weekend's Italian Grand Prix, is still trying to come to terms with his two-race suspension that has put his world title hopes

in jeopardy.
"My feelings will be a mixture of helplessness, anger
and disappointment as I see my friend J.J. Lehto take over my Benetton car," the German driver wrote in a column for the European newspaper on the eve of qualifying at Monza.

Schumacher was banned for two races and stripped of his points at the British Grand Prix for passing pole-sitter Damon Hill during the warmup lap, then failing to come in to the pits when shown the black flag.

Schumacher said he never saw the black flag and felt that the punishment far outweighed the crime. He lost an appeal to have the suspension overturned

"After the hearing I felt so stunned," Schumacher wrote. "I had lost my life's passion for two races, the real essence of my whole year in Formula One and, in my heart, I knew I had done nothing important, nothing truely important, wrong. I had simply passed another car on the formation lap and the rest of these events just followed.

"I am not missing this Monza weekend... because of anything I have done deliberately, but because of

Grand Prix standings by 21 points, a lead that will be whittled down to just one point if Hill wins the two races while Schumacher is suspended.

Schumacher also lost points after an apparent vic-tory at the Belgian Grand Prix last month when the wooden plant under the car -_ a speed-reduction device introduced midway through the season — was found to be too thin. Schumacher lost his appeal on that case Wednes-

day.
The Benetton team has also been in trouble over its refueling system, though it re-ceived no penalty from the international federation over that matter at the same hearing. The catalogue of misfor-tune prompted Schumacher to tell a German newspaper earlier this week that he might quit the team if he felt they were operating illegally behind his back.

"I am not trying to suggest in any way that I doubt the motives of the actions of the Benetton team," Schumacher wrote in the European. "We all go to the edge of our own performance, to the limit of the regulations, but we do not go beyond

Schumacher also wrote that he would start giving more attention to his public

"In the past, I may have been too reticent and not paid enough attention to the public's opinion and what is said." the 25-year-old driver wrote. "From now on I think I will be more attentive."



Stich double-faults his way into U.S. Open semis

NEW YORK (AP) -Michael Stich double-faulted 15 times in his worst match yet at the U.S. Open, but still managed to stutter-step into the semifinals.

The highest-seeded man left in the tournament, the No. 4 Stich created trouble for himself and got plenty from young Swede Jonas Bjorkman before escaping with a 6-4, 6-4, 6-7 (7-9), 6-4 victory Thursday night.

Stich's next opponent is Karel Novacek, who served 28 aces to beat Jaime Yzaga 6-2, 6-7 (7-9), 6-1, 5-7, 6-3 and reach his first Grand Slam semifinal after 30 early

Andre Agassi and Todd Martin will play in the other semifinal Saturday. Stich, the 1991 Wimbledon

champion, had never gone past the quarters at the U.S. Open. There were times in this match when it seemed he wouldn't make it this time.

"I was serving very, very badly," said Stich, whose double-faults more than offset his 13 aces against the player who knocked out Stefan Edberg. "Right now I'm really, really tired. All the credit to Bjorkman, the way he kept fighting. He never gave up. Not many guys are

"Today I played my worst match of the open. But it's very important to me that I made it into the semis, that I stayed in there."

Stich knew his perform-ance would not convince many people he could win

this tournament, but he didn't much care.

"Let everybody think Agassi's supposed to win," Stich said. "I like that."

He cruised in the first two sets, held a 4-2 lead in the third, but let Bjorkman back in by serving erratically. Stich, who also blew a 5-2 lead in the third-set tiebreaker, succumbed to tiredness and lost his rhythm as the match wore on.

Stich's loss in the tiebreaker cost him his first set of the tournament, and the way he was serving it seemed he could quickly lose another. But he broke Bjorkman to take a 3-1 lead in the fourth set, overcame one more poor service game, and broke him again for the match with a lob that Bjorkman leaped to hit with a backhand overhead and tapped just wide.

Novacek, a 29-year-old from the Czech Republic who logs more miles and plays more tournaments than anyone else, relied on his serve to get him out of trouble as he scored a victory over the man who upset defending champion Pete Sampras in the fourth round.

After playing so well against Sampras, Yzaga played sloppily and slow, spraying 73 unforced errors and carrying on a nonstop conversation with himself about his mistakes. He changed his shoes near the end of the first set, changed his rackets several times, but couldn't change the way he was play"The Sampras match took a lot out of me," Yzaga said.
"I was sore yesterday and I was sore today. It was hard." Novacek, who hit 78 unforced errors while playing mostly from the baseline, wasn't much livelier. Apparently bored fans talked on cellular telephones and

read newspapers, rousing only to cheer Novacek at the end of a 3½ hour match.

But none of that really mattered to Novacek, who was happy to get this far. In five previous U.S. Opens; he never got past the third round. Despite his height — at 6-foot-3 (1.87 metres) he towered eight inches (20 cm) over Yzaga — Novacek's style is best on clay, and hardcourts have rarely been kind to him.

Ranked 56th, Novacek has been a professional since 1984. He's never came close in the Grand Slams, getting only as far the quarterfinals at the 1987 French Open.

"It was the dream destination to break the quarterfinals of the Grand Slams, and I am endiessly happy that I did it today." Novacek said. "I won 13 tournaments. I have been playing Davis Cup. 3 have been playing masters. I have been playing everything basically that exists in tennis. but I never went to play semifinal of Grand Slams."

Elna Renaich and Patrick Galbraith won the mixed doubles final, beating the top-seeded of Jana Novotna and Todd Woodbridge 6-2.

Unser seeks record **Indy-car series title**

GOREN BRIDGE

WHICH FINESSE?

ELKHART LAKE, Wiscon-sin (AFP) — Brazil's Emer-triumphs in a year. son Fittipaldi has not given up hope of catching teammate Al Unser Jr., the runaway leader in what is now a two-man fight for the Indycar season driving title.

'Al has done a fantastic iob and he deserves to win the championship, but I'm not going to concede to him until it's impossible for me to win the championship," Fittipaldi said.

Unser has won three straight races and eight of the 13 Indy-car events so far this season, matching Michael

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

Neither vulnerable. South deals.

J 10 ? A Q J 10 ? Q 6 # A Q 10 7 3 EAST

SOUTH K 5

The bidding:
South West North East
1 4 Pass 2 7 Pass
2 NT Pass 3 4 Pass
3 7 Pass 4 NT Pass
5 7 Pass 6 4 Pass

Pass Pass
Opening lead: Ten of O
In theory, all finesses are equal.
Each stands a 50 percent chance of succeeding. That, however, does no:

mean you should take a finesse just because it's there. When faced with more than one finesse, it can make a whale of a difference which you take

first. Consider this deal from a side game at a North American champi-

onship some years ago. North certainly was wearing bid-

• K 8 5 3 7 8 4 2 • K J 7 4

WEST

witting.

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Unser leads Fittipaldi 193-137 in the points race with only 66 points available in the season's final three events. the first of those Sunday's Road America 200 here on a four-mile (6.4 km) road

"I have had some good races at Road America, but I have never been in a position to win," Fittipaldi said. "I'm looking forward to the race because now that I am with Team Penske, I believe I will have a shot at winning."

fling boots on this occasion. To all

intents and purposes the hidding went one club—six clubs and South

was lucky that the contract had

some play.

West led the ten of diamonds, covered hopefully by the queen. When East produced the king, declarer won the ace and considered

the situation. There were finesse no

sitions in both black suits. Which

one has priority?

The answer to one question should provide the solution to declarer's dilemma: If the trump fi-

nesse succeeds, will that guarantee

the contract? The answer is no. Declarer will still have to finesse spades successfully or else lose a spade and a diamond.

apace and a chanonio.

If the spade finesse were to succeed, however, declarer would be playing for an overtrick. The finesse would be repeated if necessary and a diamond could be discarded on a

spade.
Simple and logical Declarer crossed to the ten of hearts and ran the jack of spades. When that won, the spade finesse was repeated and

the ace of spades took care of dum-my's diamond loser. Although the club finesse lost, declarer did not begrudge the defense their one and only trick.

England beat U.S. in soccer friendly

WEMBLEY, England (AP)

— Alan Shearer scored two
first-half goals Wednesday night to give England's soccer team a 2-0 victory over the United States, avenging last year's humiliating loss to the

Michael Stich

The U.S. team was comever appearance at Wemblev Stadium, the cradle of international soccer. Shearer, who plays for

Blackburn Rovers in the premier league, scored in the 33rd and 40th minutes and came close on several other opportunities. He had a field day against defender Alexi Lalas. The hero of the U.S. World Cup team.

It was the Americans' first game since this summer's World Cup in the United States, where they reached the second round before losing to Brazil.

England was eager to erase the memories of its 2-0 defeat to the United States in Foxboro, Mass., 15 months ago. That was one of the most embarrassing defeats in En-

glish soccer history.
"This was a little bit of a

payback for the previous re-sult," said England's Barry Venison. England controlled the play throughout, setting up numerous scoring chances for Shearer, David Platt and

Shearer, who had 34 goals last season for Blackburn, opened the scoring by break-ing in on the right side and firing just inside Lalas' left

Seven minutes later, Shearer ducked inside Lalas and headed home a perfect cross from Graeme le Saux. The shot flew past diving goalkeeper Brad Friedel into the left corner of the net.

Shearer nearly made it a hat trick in the 45th minute with another diving header, but this time Friedel was there to punch the shot away. Shearer banged heads with

Lalas on the play, and was carried off the field on a stretcher. But he was back for the start of the second such a feat.

Gilbert is the brain behind Agassi's run at U.S. Open

NEW YORK (R) -- Brad Gilbert has emerged as the coaching brarins behind Andre Agassi's run to the

U.S. Open semifinals.
"I would tell him that even if he played great tennis, if you don't play smart and with strategy you could still lose," Gilbert told Reuters after Agassi's straight-set victory over 13th-seeded Thomas Muster Wednesday night.

"He started to learn to exploit weaknesses." Gilbert said of Agassi's performance in keeping the muscular Austrian on his toes with a mixture of a groundstroke and volley winners.

Agassi, 24, has learned his lessons well from the 33-yearold tour veteran, who started sharing the wisdom of his own 11-year playing career with the flamboyant Amer-

ican earlier this year. Unseeded at the open for the first time since 1987, Agassi has toppled three seeds, making him just the seventh unseeded contender in open history to accomplish

"He has spent his whole career winning matches, that really he shouldn't have ever won," Agassi said last week of Gilbert, winner of 20 professional titles.

"You know that I have kind of done the opposite. I have lost a lot of matches in my career that I shouldn't have lost. I think the combination is really what I need and he has been good for

Agassi could become the first unseeded player to eliwith the dismissal of ninthseeded Todd Martin in an all-American semifinal Satur-

But tournament records are not what drives Agassi as he tries to reach the open final for the first time since losing the 1990 championship to Pete Sampras.

"I mean I'm very proud of my achievements so far, but I've been further, so nothing is making me think about how great this is," Agassi said Wednesday. Agassi's only Grand Slam title came at the 1992 Wimbledon.

"I'm not seeded and I'm in the semis and when I step on the court I feel like I want to win the match and that's not going to change whatever

number is next to my name." Gilbert has sensed the change in Agassi's attitude since starting with him at the Lipton Championships in March.



Andre Agassi

Gilbert said. "He is playing with purpose and is out there for all the right reasons. He is not out there for Nick (former coach Bollettieri) or anybody else, he is out there for himself.

Agassi is so focused on his tennis that he says he is not getting caught up in the stir his winning has created at this open.

game is only based on what my committee is to the game

"I've got a job to do out there and what I offer the

"He has new found pur-pose the last four months." and my commitment is to be as prepared as possible," as prepared as possible. Agassi said.

"I've been doing that better now than I ever have. Nothing is going to take me away from that train of thought."

And the primary thought that Agassi brought to the open was a very simple one according to Gilbert.

"He came here believing he could win and now there is a lot of light at the end of the tunnel and the train is coming.

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MA HUA AL-SAHIH YA ELEWA Al Salam Ya Salam "PUNCTURED BAS" Hassan Al Shaer and Mahmoud The Care Bears FAHME (It is the truth Elowa) Daily at 8:30 p.m. at 10:30 a.m. For reservation call tel.: 618274 - 618275 Shows: 10:30, 8:30, 6:30, 3:30, 12:30 by: Rable Selbab, Aswar Khalii, Nerimaa Karim, Yousef Yousef and Shaker Jaher. Contains open at 8:30 p.m. Tuesday is the theatre's holiday

Political stability, economic reforms main priorities — Iryani

From P.V. Vivekanand in Sanaa

POLITICAL STABILITY the main priorities of the government in post-civil war Yemen, now that it is no longer under the constraints imposed by southern socialists, and the country has every chance to develop itself if given the right ingredients, according to Planning Minister Abdul Karim Îryani.

Dr. Iryani, widely seen as effectively number two in Yemen after President Ali Abdullah Saleh despite his formal status as only a cabinet member, is not downplaying the massive challenge facing the country after the devastating civil war. But he is a strong believer in the ability of Yemenis to meet the challenge and live up to the exigencies of changing a political and economic system that had been their nemesis for decades.

The soft-spoken Western educated Mr. Irvani is often described by diplomats as the Yemeni best suited to belp his country overcome its problems, which range from tribal rivalry and religious extremism to an ineffective oil economy and political bickering that

threatens further chaos as the country pursues a gradual political liberalisation.

Dr. Iryani, who had been repeatedly frustrated in his efforts to bring about eco-nomic reforms and improve the lot of the people in the most impoverished country in the Arabian Peninsula, is in the process of redrafting an economic programme agreed with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and supported by the U.S., Japan and Germany.

With the implementation of the programme, the IMF and major donor countries would help Yemen address its nearly \$7 billion in foreign debts, the bulk of it inherited from South Yemen when the North and South merged in 1990, Dr. Iryani said.

The main problem that he faced Dr. Iryani said in a wide-ranging interview with the Jordan Times was the resistance of the former premier, Haidar Abu Bakr Al Attas of the Yemeni Socialist Party (YSP), whether in moves to better reflect the benefits of Yemen's oil in the country's economy or to streamline serious gaps in economic management in united Ye-

As Dr. Iryani works out of his office in the heart of Sanaa looking at the econo-

mic options of the govern-ment, President Saleh is busy negotiating with poli-tical parties on forming a new government to replace the cabinet headed by Mr.

Mr. Attas and most other prominent YSP leaders who proclaimed separation from the Republic of Yemen after a four-year unity have fled the country, leaving President Saleh's General People's Congress and the Islamist Al Islah party as the main parties in the coalition.

The country is now headed by a caretaker government, pending the formation of a new cabinet by President Saleh.
The consolidation of poli-

tical stability and streng-thening of political institutions and democracy would come through constitutional changes. Dr. Irvani said without elaboration. But diplomats said the changes are likely to include increased powers for the presidential and the dissolution of a five-member presidential council.

While leaving the immediate political bargaining with parties of his president, Dr. Iryani, Sanaa's diplomatic anchorman during the May 4-July 7 civil war, said he was focusing on a series of economic



Abdul Karim Al Iryani

reforms that would include the elimination of state food subsidies, the removal of the "fictious" official exchange rate of the Yemeni riyal and an end to the 'ridiculous" price of oil in the country.

"The role played by the development of oil in Yemen is limited to meeting the local demand," he

"A litre of gasoline is sold in Sanaa at a price cheaper than in Riyadh. said Dr. Iryani. "It is cheaper than water." A litre of gasoline costs six riyals (50 U.S. cents at the official exchange rate but

JERICHO (R) — Mahmoud

Abbas, an architect of the

Israeli-PLO self-rule agree-

ment, arrived in Jericho on

Friday from Jordan after

more than a quarter-century

in exile saying he looked for-

ward to life as an ordinary

Asked by reporters if he

would take a post in the

Palestinian authority running

self-rule, Mr. Abbas, better

known as Abu Mazen, said:

'I'm not going to do any-

thing. I'll enjoy my life nor-

mally, not work in the politic-

Mr. Abbas is considered

second after Chairman Yas-

ser Arafat in the Palestine

Liberation Organisation's

hierarchy and supervised sec-

ret talks between the PLO

and Israel in Oslo which cul-

citizen.

al areas.

less than six cents at the black market of 80 to 85 riyals to the dollar), while a small bottle of mineral wa-

ter costs 15 riyals.

Although Yemen produces 350,000 barrels per day of oil, the country has never been able to reflect its oil output on socioeconomic development, Dr. Iryani said.

The government share of the output under a production-sharing accord with the U.S. Hunt Oil is less than 50 per cent, of which local consumption accounts for more than 70,000 barrels, leaving the government with little in terms of oil export revenues, which are anyway consumed in food subsidies for the 14 million people.

The government is working on a fiscal budget - the first in three years since the government of united Yemen could agree on little and this would include major economic moves such as reduction of food subsidies prices, Dr. Iryani said.

The new government, as and when formed, will also revive the economic programme agreed with the IMF. "Had it not been for the former YSP premier, we would have been eight months into the programme and on our way to economic

Norwegian middleman

Terje Roed Larson has said

that Mr. Abbas, along with

Mr. Arafat and Israeli lead-

ers Yitzhak Rabin and Shi-

mon Peres, deserves the

But Mr. Abbas told repor-

ters in Jericho that the peace

agreement "needs more

effort to come to a final

resolution." He did not

Palestinian authority's posi-

tion because it is too early to

judge," Mr. Abbas added.

returned to the self-rule areas

to join the Palestinian admi-

nistration of Gaza and

Jericho set up in May in the

first stage of the peace deal.

become routine, and there

Such homecomings have

Many PLO leaders have

"I am not against or for the

Nobel Peace Prize.

Abu Mazen returns to Jericho,

peace deal

elaborate.

says he is quitting politics

reforms," Dr. Iryani told the Jordan Times. If anything, he said, the civil war brought in "tremendous new burdens"

on the government and taken into consideration in the programme.

Dr. Iryani expressed high optimism that the port of Aden, which came under the direct control of the Sanaa government only after the civil war and the ouster of the YSP, could "return to its glorious past" and resume its role as key link between Asia and Europe if the remnants of the YSP legacy — mainly port labour union troubles - are removed and a major liberalisation programme takes effect.

Provided that reforms are implemented in earnest, said Dr. Iryani, "I envisage Yemen no longer being at the receiving end of foreign assistance at the end of this decade.

On the political front, Dr. Iryani said, he believed that the presence of the Muslim fundamentalist Al Islah in the coalition was an asset to Yemen rather than a negative factor in the

country's image. "Islah, as représented in the coalition, is not a source of any concern for aid donors," he said, "The ex-

were no crowds to greet Mr.

Despite the lack of fanfare,

his return is expected to bols-

ter support for Mr. Arafat in

the self-rule areas, Palesti-

my land, no more as a re-

fugee. I want to take my rights and my land and to live

as a normal person," Mr.

a brief visit to the West Bank

town of Ramallah, from

where he was to proceed to

Palestinians have said Mr.

Abbas intends to visit his

native town of Safed, now in

Israel, which he has not seen

er, Nasif Awwad, secretary-

Another Palestinian lead-

since leaving in 1948.

Abbas said before leaving for

"I'm happy to be back on

Abbas on his arrival.

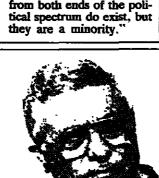
nian sources said.

tremist elements outside, which, some suspect, may have some relationship with Islah, are indeed a source of concern."

Dr. Iryani's comment appeared to be a tacit GPC acceptance of Islah's contention that it had nothing to do with the sweep of Islamic extremism raging in the defeated southern parts of Yemen as well as the party's denial of any links with extremist groups else-where in the Middle East, including Egypt, Algeria and Sudan.

'The main leaders of Islah have always been expressing opposition to any extreme methods in expressing Islam," said Dr. Iryani. "Therefore, the presence of Islah in the coalition has contributed to creating a mainstream moderate Islamic movement that will be more and more refined in its modern outlook to the outside world, in relations between nations and economic systems... under conditions that are

not rigid. "The continuation of that situation will contribute to making Islah the mainstream Islamic movement in Yemen," he said, conceding that "extremists from both ends of the polithey are a minority.



(ALF) and an acquaintance of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, was also to return on Friday after 30 years in

It was not immediately clear if Mr. Awwad had also entered.

The ALF opposes the Israel-PLO peace deal, but some reports indicated Iraq was trying to court Israel to



Mahmoud Abbas

join the peace process.

general of the Baghdad-based Arab Liberation Front minated in last September's

Mahmoud Abbas, known as Abu Mazen, gets a hug from an unidentified old friend as he arrives in Jericho Friday. Abu Mazen is the head of PLO's department for Arab and

International Affairs. He will take up residence in Faza City. At (L) is Jericho police commander Haj Ismaii and at (R) Secret Service Chief Jibril Rjoub (AFP photo)

Pakistan **NEWS IN BRIEF**

Clinton's popularity continues to fall

WASHINGTON (AFP) - President Bill Clinton's popularity ratings continue to erode with the approach of mid-term legislative elections that are crucial to the success of the remainder of his first term in office. A CNN/USA Today/Gallup poll released Friday found that 39 per cent of those surveyed approved of the way he is doing his job. compared to 54 per cent who disapproved. That is the lowest point Clinton has hit in such popularity polls over the past 12 months, and it describes a steady declining trajectory from the beginning of the year, when 54 per cent of the public gave him a thumbs up. The health of the U.S. economy and Mr. Clinton's recent success in wresting an anti-crime bill from the congress has had no positive impact on his standing in the polls. Even more ominous for Clinton and the ruling democrats is that with only 50 days to go before the elections. 48 per cent of those surveyed say they are ready to vote Republican, up from 46 per cent. Two months before the 1992 elections, the Democrats were preferred by 55 per cent of those polled, compared to 43 per cent for Republicans.

Bank manager stabbed over interest rates

NICOSIA (R) — A Cypriot bank manager was repeatedly stabbed by an angry customer with psychiatric problems who demanded higher interest rates on his account, a bank official said on Friday. Andreas Evangelou, manager of the Lombard Natwest Branch in the Ayios Antonios section of the capital Nicosia, was in hospital in serious condition after Thursday's incident, the official said. The customer, Nicos Christodoulou, entered the bank and demanded a higher interest rate on his deposit account. "Our bank manager turned his back to get some cash from the cashier and then he was stabbed in the back," the official said. Cypriot media reported that Mr. Christodoulou, who was arrested, had a history of psychiatric problems and had served a jail sentence for stabbing his wife after accusing her of failing to feed their birds.

Another Thai officer charged over Saudi gems case

BANGKOK (R) - A Thai police officer has been charged in connection with the abduction of the wife and son of a key witness in Thailand's long-running Saudi jewellery scandal, police said on Friday. Lieutenant-Colonei Pansak Mongkolsiri, who was arrested on Thursday, was charged with abduction and illegal detention, police said. Earlier this week, two of Col. Pansak's subordinates confessed to assisting with the abduction of Sarawadi Sithanakan and her 14-year-old son, Seri, who were found dead in their car on a highway north of Bangkok on Aug. 2. The cause of their deaths is still under investigation

Sudan wins accord on repatriation of Eritreans

KHARTOUM (R) - The Sudanese and Eritrean governments have signed an agreement for the voluntary repatriation of 25,000 Eritrean refugees living in Sudan back to their country. The United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, which will be involved in the repatriation, was party to the accord, the Sudan news agency reported. The agency on Friday quoted Sudan's refugee Commissioner Ihsan Al Gabshawi as saying the repatriation would start this month and end in December. There are about one million refugees in Sudan, about a half of them from Eritrea. Many of the Eritreans have been staying in Sudan for more than 25 years after fleeing their homeland mainly because of the former Ethiopian province's prolonged secessionist war with forces of the Addis Ababa government. Eritrea won independence just over a year ago. Last month Sudan's Foreign Minister Hussein Suleiman Abu-Saleh visited Eritrea where he agreed with government officials there for the repatriation of the Eritreans.

Major says no secret IRA deal

BELFAST (AFP) - British Prime Minister John Major has asked the Archbishop of Armagh, who heads the Irish Protestant Church, to reassure Northern Ireland loyalists that London has not struck any secret deal with the IRA, the archbishop said Friday. The Reverend Robin Kanes said Mr. Major asked him to pass on the message to loyalist militia, who have sought assurances over the Irish Republican Army's pledge last week of lasting ceasefire in its struggle to get the British province reattached to Ireland. The archbishop told journalists here that he had spoken "directly to John Major," by telephone and had asked the prime minister to say "categorically" whether there existed a secret deal. Rev. Kanes said: "I got two answers: You have my word, there is no secret accord and I ask you to make this public." He added that "I accept the person's words until it is proved it's different." Addressing the loyalists, Rev. Kanes said: "Please listen to what I've just said ... there is more to gain through political dialogue." On Thursday the Combined Loyalist Military Command, which comprises elements of the Ulster Freedom Fighters. the Ulster Volunteer Force and the Red Hand Comman dos, issued a statement in which it demanded to be convinced that no secret deals had been struck between the government and the Irish Republican Army before it could make "a meaningful contribution to peace."

welcomes OIC call for Kashmir referendum

ISLAMABAD (AFP) - The Pakistan government Friday welcomed the call by Islamic states meeting in an extraordinary session here for a referendum to be organised in Kashmir.

Pakistani Foreign Minister Assad Ali said the resolution adopted at the special meeting of the foreign ministers of the 51-nation Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC) was "strong" in denouncing human rights violations in Kashmir, currently part of the India.

It shows stronger support on the issue than the previous

conferences, he added. Mr. Ali praised the "excellent unity and cooperation" achieved at the conference 'aithough our '\ ?rsaries had been trying to sow seeds

of discord. Diplomats here said the establishment of an OIC contact group on Kashmir was the conference's "modest"

achievement. From Pakistan's point of view, it was a step to internationalise its decades-old dispute with India, they said, pointing out that India had always insisted on a bilateral approach on Kashmir.

However, the diplomats doubted the consensus demonstrated at the OIC would be maintained on a "neutral ground" like the United Nations General Assembly, as many Islamic countries have strong economic relations with India.

Mr. Ali told reporters after the conference that Pakistan would be going to the General Assembly with "cautious optimism" about the passage of a resolution on Kashmir, over which India and Pakistan have fought two of their three wars.

OIC Secretary-General Hamid Al Gabid said the contact group on Kashmir would help bring about a unified stand at the United

"I appeal to the Indian government to hold a sincere. earnest dialogue with Kash-miris and Pakistan," Mr. Gabid said

A Pakistani move to raise the Kashmir issue at the U.N. Human Rights Commission had fizzled out in March on an Iranian withdrawal. Iranian Foreign Minister

Ali Akbar Velayati, at a news

conference here Friday, was cautious again.
"We believe in a peaceful solution of the problem," he said, stressing that Iran was opposed to interference in the internal affairs of any

The foreign ministers on Friday also rejected as "absolutely unacceptable" the easing of existing sanctions on Serbia and Montenegro.

Winding up a three-day emergency session here, the conference called on the fivenation contact group, com-prising Britain, France, Germany. Russia and the United States, to refrain from "en-tertaining such suggestions."

boost birth rate

By Nadim Kawash Agence France Press

ABU DHABI — Gulf Arab states have been striving to cut the number of foreigners while at the same time boost the birth rate among nationals to solve an imbalance in their populations, experts

here have said. The six Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) nations are among the most sparsely populated countries in the world given their relatively small populations, but have a high proportion of foreign

residents and workers. But following two wars in the oil-rich region. GCC states have begun to view the swelling expatriate community as a social, economic and

even security threat. "GCC states have never witnessed traditional population problems as they have a relatively small population, a vast area and enormous

wealth that can ensure development in the long run regardless of the population growth rate." a Gulf-based Arab social expert said.

"But that does not mean they have no population problems. The problem they are suffering is equally serious as foreigners have remained a majority in most members despite efforts to increase the number of na-

tives."
The invasion of Kuwait by Iraq in August 1990 caused alarm among fellow GCC members, already wary after the Iran-Iraq war from 1980-1988, especially the United Arab Emirates (UAE) which has a large Iranian commun-

Saudi Arabia, Oman and Bahrain are the only GCC members whose national population outnumber their expatriate community. But they still heavily rely on foreign workers given their low native manpower. Foreigners in the other. GCC states of Kuwait, Qatar and the UAE make up be-

tween 60 and 80 per cent of the population. Most of the countries have launched campaigns to reduce reliance on foreign labour and cut the number of

resident expatriates. They have included allowng native women to work, educational and training drives for nationals, giving priority to locals in jobs and incentives for births.

Incentives included an increase in social aid for the family, greater job benefits and allowances for parents and monthly payments per

In the UAE, parents get 300 dirhams (\$82) per child every month while a fund has been set up with a capital of 150 million dirhams (\$40.8 million) to give grants to nationals to encourage them

to marry.
The GCC has a combined population of around 22 million and an area of around 4 million square kilometres.

Per capita income in the GCC is now one of the highest in the world, ranging from \$5,000 to more than \$18,000.

"Our small country is not facing the traditional population problems suffered by other countries like overpopulation." UAE planning minister Sheikh Humaid Ibn Ahmed Al Mualla told the UN International Conference on Population and Development in Cairo.

"We are facing different population problems due to historic, economic, social and cultural differences. These circumstances have prompted us to resort to different methods to tackle the population problem."

Women in politics win, but few run

Women in American politics win at the same rate as men but so few women run the same rate as men but so few women run the same rate as men but so few women run the same rate as men but so few women run the same ru win at the same rate as men but so few women run that they represent only a fraction of top office-tiolders, a U.S. women's voter group reported. Two years after the so-called 'year of the women' in American politics, the National Women's Political Caucus found that women office-seekers win in equal proportion to men women office-seekers win in equal proportion to men when everything else is equal. The study of more than 50,000 U.S. political candidates dating back to 1972 found that the same high proportions of famula in high percentage of female incumbents kept their seats as male incumbents, and about the same proportion of women challengers won as men. The problem, said the study's author Jody Newman, is that so few women are incumbents, and incumbency confers the biggest advantage in U.S. political races. "Winning has nothing to do with sex and everything to do with incumbency." Ms. Newman said at a news conference. "...In order to win, women have had to defeat a sitting retire, resign or die." The study of all general election candidates are a second seco candidates who ran for U.S. House, U.S. Senate and state governorships since 1972 and for State House and State Senate since 1986 showed that incumbents won 16 times as often as challengers for the U.S. House and 10 times as often for state legislatures. Newman called for further research on term limits, campaign finance reform and other measures which might level the playing field for women candidates." Even though women make up 51 per cent of the U.S. population and 53 per cent of American voters, only 11 per cent of the U.S. House, 7 per cent of the U.S. Senate, 8 per cent of governors and 21 per cent | | A.ge- a of state legislators are women, the study said. The caucus is looking into why so

few women run. U.S. museum caves on Enola Gay exhibit

WASHINGTON (AFP) - A

U.S. museum has cut pictures of victims of atom bombs dropped on Japan in 1945 from a World War II display and added sections on Japanese aggression, but some say the display is still too soft on Tokyo. The Smithsonian Institution's National Air and Space Museum is planning a display to open in May that portrays the events leading up to the dropping of atom bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki. A centerpiece of the show is the Enola Gay, named for the mother of pilot Paul Tibbets. The aircraft has been restored at a cost of nearly \$1 million. But the Air and Space Museum's planned display created a firestorm that just won't die, despite a series of changes to show fewer Japanese as civilian victims and more Japanese aggression. Curt Hollmann, a legislative director for Representative Tom Lewis, a Republican from Florida, said that despite changes Mr. Lewis and others still objected to "the sheer numbers and emotional appeal of the ground zero section." "We see one clog from a woman vaporised, and a watch from someone else vaporised. It's a little bit extreme," he added. The battle began in May, when the Air Force Association began garnering opposition to a show that they said showed Japanese largely as victims of World War II and U.S. soldiers as aggressors bent on vengeance. The Committee for the Restoration and Display of the Enola Gay, originally formed two decades ago, collected 9,000 signatures to demand changes. The Air and Space Museum responded with major changes, said museum spokesman Mike Fetters. Some photographs of the car-nage near where the bombs dropped were eliminated and a quote from a Japanese witter extolling the romance of kamikaze pilots was cut. An introductionary section was added showing Japan's attacks on China, the attack on Pearl Harbour in 1941 and the bloody fights for Iwo Jima and Okinawa. But criticis of the exhibit say they will withhold judgement until

they closely review all 500

pages of the revised exhibit.

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